## Homeworker Survey Results

 Get More from Word Processing The MS-DOS Hard-Disk User's Guide Editors' Picks: Communications Software
## Simplify Tax Preparation

 Market Your Product EffectivelyHyperCard News \& Tutorial Product Reviews 24 Software Reviews Game Strategies


Free Original Programs for Apple II, Afari, Commodore, IBM \& compatibles,
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# Microsoft Works: If it's 

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October 27, 1987
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successtul 3 -month sales
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previous 3-month period,
representing almost $25 \%$ of our total 3rd Quarter sales.
3rd Quarter Sales


Southrest (24.7x) ated, the sales of typewriter supplies have continued to decline. This has, the table


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## not one thing, it's another.



[^0]


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your Apple, IBM
PC or compatible, C64/C128 or Macintosh


Knight of
Diamonts ${ }^{\circ}$
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# EDITOR'S NOTE NICK AND TOM AND MILLIONS MORE ARE GROWING UP AND STAYING HOME 

When Nick Sullivan was at Harvard and Tom Miller at Yale, neither imagined he would grow up and stay home. But that's what has happened. And it's by choice. Anyone would want either of these bright, warm, quirky, handsome, and extremely productive guys around the office water cooler. But that's not the way they want to play.

Regular readers of FAMILY \& HOMEoffice computing are familiar with Senior Editor Sullivan's handiwork every issue, both in the articles he edits and the stories he writes. Some of you who visit this spot regularly may remember my having mentioned that he telecommutes. So it just seemed natural to assign him the article on Tom Miller, another homeworker, and his 1987 National Work-At-Home Survey. In actuality, putting Miller and Sullivan together was as much an accident or stroke of luck as anything. The combination just works.

Both guys are low-key, but while everyone else is still scrambling, they ve turned out the most amazing amount of work-and it's good. Very good. And they do it at home. Both assert that because of all the interruptions, their productivity goes way down at the office. In fact, according to Miller's survey, the number-one advantage cited for working at home is increased productivity.

With 23 million Americans doing some part of their job at home and the number rapidly climbing, you'll want to read Sullivan's interview with Miller (page 48). Whether you're already part of this much talked about lifestyle, giving it serious consideration, or even certain you'd never want to live that way, you'll enjoy reading the latest research that Miller has compiled.

FAMILY \& HOME-OFFICE COMPUTING readers who are also homeworkers

own more MS-DOS computers than any other type of machine. They, along with all the other computer owners and prospective computer owners, will want to focus their attention on our cover story, "Solving the IBM-Compatibles Puzzle" (page 41). Contributing editor Steve Morgenstern guides us through the current maze of options available to the consumer, clearing up and warding off confusion along the way.

I believe you'll find that this entire issue is filled with helpful and practical articles and ideas-how to market a product on-line; improving SAT scores; how to simplify the taxpreparation process; organizing your hard drive; how to get more from your word processor; beating your favorite games. There's more-just take a quick run through the table of contents.

One more reminder of a new service to make life a little easier-we're now offering many of our ever-popular, original programs on disk. Reader requests prompted us to convert these programs to disk, thereby saving you hours of keyboarding, correcting typing errors, and plain old frustration. Interested readers will find more about these disks and how to order them on page 87 .


[^1]SCHOLASTIC NATIONAL ADVISORY COUNCIL: Dr. Sidney P. Marland, Jr., chairman, former superintendent of schools and U.S. Commissioner of Education • Dr. Gregory Anrig. president. Educational Testing Service • Elaine Banks, past president. National Association of Elementary School Principals • Michael J. Guerra, executive director, secondary schools. National Catholic Educational Association • Dr. Lola Jane May, mathematics consultant, Winnetka, Illinois, public schools • Dr. Wilson Riles, former superintendent of public instruction. State Department of Education. California • Dr. Richard Ruopp, president. Bank Street College of Education. New York. New York • Patsy R. Scales, library and media specialist. Greenville (South Carolina) Middle School © Elaine Steinkemeyer, president. The National PTA

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## LETTERS

## OBSERVANT READERS

Upon reading the "1987 in Review" article in the December issue, I discovered that the picture of the Leading Edge Model D2 (page 51) was reversed. Despite this minor mistake, however, I feel that FAMILY \& HOMEoffice computing has been the friendliest magazine of all those to which I subscribe. Keep up the good work!

PHILIP HSU
San Marino, California
In your most recent "Buyer's Guide to Computers" (November 1987), you mentioned the Leading Edge 15 month warranty. I just received a Model D, and the company has now extended its warranty to 20 months.
Also, the Model D pictured in that feature appears to be the newer ATclass Leading Edge D2.

LYNN CROSBY
Cedar City, Utah

## PRACTICAL COVERAGE HELPS

My compliments and thanks for "Getting More from Spreadsheets and Databases" by Rob Krumm in the December and January issues. The subject is topical, and the articles well written.
This is also a request that you provide instructional articles of this type on a regular basis.

LEONARD A. BARZAN
Green Valley, Arizona
EDITOR'S NOTE: Thank you for your comments. This kind of input helps us determine the type of coverage that our readers will find most useful. "The MS-DOS Hard-Disk User's Guide" on page 50 of this issue is an example of the instructional articles on applications you can expect to see on a regular basis.

Your magazine is terrific! I especially enjoyed the article about "A Home Budget That Works" in your December issue.

Could you point me in the direction of a simple, reliable budget-control program that a nonprogrammer could use effectively?

KENITH TEMPLIN
Redmond, Washington
EdITOR'S NOTE: Our January cover story, "A Guide to Fiscal Fitness," describes several programs that manage personal-finance functions
(including budgeting), and the November 1987 Personal Finance column takes an in-depth look at Quicken, the popular check-writing program that can help you compare budgeted expenses with actual expenses.

## KEEPING IT LEGAL

I would like to see you cover the legal aspects for operating a home business: zoning ordinances; business licenses; sales, Social Security, unemployment, and other taxes; and additional legal matters.

The costs of these various items should be figured into the charges for your services if you are to make a profit.

RAY TACKETT
Paoli, Pennsylvania
EDITOR'S NOTE: We will be covering these topics in future issues of FAMILY \& HOME-OFFICE COMPUTING.

## A GOOD QUESTION

Why did you change your name from FAMILY COMPUTING to FAMILY \& HOMEOFFICE COMPUTING?

JASON TORREY
Garden City, Kansas
EDITOR'S NOTE: To quote Editor-inChief Claudia Cohl's October 1987 Editor's Note: "The challenge was to make it obvious that 'FAMILY computing' included all at-home computing activities. . . . We would have to expand our title to include the newest and fastest-growing interest of our readers. . . . And so we became FAMILY \& HOME-OFFICE COMPUTING."

## FINANCE SOFTWARE UPDATE

MoneyMate, the full-featured per-sonal-finance program listed in January's "A Guide to Fiscal Fitness" (page 35), is now available in Version 2.0 from Practical Software ([813] 447-3100; IBM PC, \$100). The new package will run with all types of monitors. Call (800) 852-5666 for a free demonstration disk.

Version IAI (IBM PC with CGA; $\$ 170$ ) is still available from its publisher, RealWorld Software ([603] 224-2200).

FAMILY \& HOME-OFFICE COMPUTING looks forward to letters from all its readers. Please direct your correspondence to: Letters to the Editor, FAMILY \& HOME-OFFICE computing, 730 Broadway, New York. NY 10003
... Games, educational programs, product reviews, programming utilities, and even commercial programs. We had more fun than an ant at a picnic! We're going to subscribe - Where else can you get games for a dollar apiece and lagniappe besides?"

I $\square$ Rating - FAMILY COMPUTING MAGAZINE


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# THE OFFICE AT HOME ELECTRONIC MARKETING How a Computer (and Sometimes a Modem) Can Help Market Your Product ey urnie arden 

How can I use a computer to help market my product? That's a question a lot of home- and small-business owners ask. Indeed, a lot of good products and good ideas wither for lack of good marketing.

You can, of course, use your computer, a database, and a word processor to generate mass mailings, a key part of many marketing campaigns. But beyond that, there are a number of less obvious ways a computer can help tell potential customers about your product and even help fill orders. Most require a modem, that omni-useful tool that links your computer-via telephone lines and satellites-to the outside world. Here's a look at some ideas that may be suited for your business.

## AUTOMATED CALL TAKER

You've probably heard of, or experienced, automated outbound telemarketing. That's when the computer is programmed to call you and deliver a sales pitch. It's not the nicest side of high-tech marketing. The flip side is an automated inbound marketing service bureau, which is very efficient for the business owner and "soft" enough not to offend people. It's often called Audio Storage and Dial Access Retrieval (ASDAR).

Let's say you place an ad in a magazine to sell a certain product. Included in the ad is a toll-free number. Rather than hiring an operator to stand by the phone and answer questions and take orders, you could use an ASDAR system that was preprogrammed with your voice to create an interactive script. It will cost you at least 50 to 60 percent less than a live operator would. Callers can be guided through interactive voice prompts to give a name, address, phone number, credit card number, and product order. The ser-

[^2]
vice bureau that receives the information then forwards the data to you electronically via MCI Mail. For a demonstration of such a system, call DIALRESPONSE ([800] 336-4488), a division of CommSEL ([714] 6462440).

Customized questions can be designed to elicit additional information, such as type of computer owned and age and number of children. This will help you build a secondary market with related products. It will also enhance your mailing list, thereby making it more valuable to renters.

## TELEMARKETING SOFTWARE

Still, for the most part, telemarketing works best when there's a human involved. There are all kinds of telemarketing software packages around now, and some of them are loaded with features.

One highly rated package, TeleMagic (Remote Control, [619] 4818577; \$295 for professional version), has been called the salesperson's Swiss Army knife, because of its versatility. It can track 1 billion contact names and phone numbers (if you have enough hard-disk storage space); tell you when they were called last and what was discussed; act as a tickler file by letting you know when you should call again; feed you phrases to overcome customers' objections and bring you back to the close; print out personalized form letters, envelopes, invoices, packing slips, labels, and
thank-you notes; and keep track of inventories. And all of this is done simultaneously.

## PAPERBACK MARKETER

Word-of-mouth advertising is the lifeblood of the home-based entrepreneur; and networking through electronic bulletin boards is one of the best ways to prime the pump.

Anyone can tack a "for sale" message on a bulletin board. But it takes more creativity than that to really maximize electronic networking, as Jaron Summers showed. When his paperback thriller Safety Catch (Leisure Books, New York) was published, he was worried that his book would be removed from the racks in less than eight weeks. He was determined not to let that happen.

The plot of the book itself inspired his marketing brainstorm. The hero in Summers's detective story saves the day when he taps into a computer system. Since the story involved a computer, it seemed likely that computer owners would be interested.
Summers offered the first chapter of Safety Catch free to anyone who wanted it via CompuServe and The Source. The idea was to pique enough interest to motivate the reader to go out and buy the book and maybe tell friends about it.

But that was only the beginning. Summers also offered \$5 to anyone (a $\$ 50$ maximum per household) who would simply post the first chapter on one of the thousands of free electronic bulletin boards. Chapter one was posted on more than 400 bulletin boards, each of which had more than 1,000 users.

The result? For a total outlay of around \$5,000, Safety Catch went into its second printing within two months and sold more than 100,000 copies. Summers later sold a movie option for $\$ 50,000$. Not bad for a novel that would typically have sold less than 8,000 copies!

## SHAREWARE

Giving away a sample, as Summers did, is one thing, but how


## THE AGE OF THE HOME OFFICE HAS FINALLY ARRIVED.

Know who's staying home these days? The office.

23 million Americans are working out of their homes, full or part time, and the number's growing every year.

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have to fit into is a very tight corner.
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For more information call 1-800-BE-SHARP.


# THE OFFICE AT HOME 

about giving away the whole enchilada? Would you believe you could make a profit?

That's exactly what happens with shareware. Shareware is software that is available free to anyone who wants to try it. If you like it, you're expected to "register" as a user and pay for it (at rates significantly reduced from commercial prices). The marketing and manufacturing costs are almost nonexistent.

Once a program is developed, all the author has to do is upload it onto as many bulletin boards as he can find and sit back and wait for the registrations. One success story is that of Tom Smith and Bruce Barkelew, both from Columbia, Missouri. Their company, Datastorm Technologies, Inc., has produced ProComm, an IBM communications software product.

ProComm (see review in this month's Telecomputing department) has been available on hundreds of electronic bulletin boards since August 1985. Fourteen months after incorporating, the company passed the million-dollar mark in sales. More than 35,000 users-an estimated 3 to 7 percent of the total us-ers-have registered.

## PR NEWSWIRE

Experienced entrepreneurs will tell you there's no advertising like publicity. One way to get publicity is to send a story about your business to the publication or TV station you'd like to see use it. You can send copies of these press releases to every publication in the country and spend lots of money on paper and postage doing it.

But there's a better way. It's called PR NewsWire ([800] 321-8169). You access this network, then use your computer and modem to transmit the message. PR NewsWire then transmits the message directly to the newsrooms, radio stations, wire services, and magazines you selected. You can pinpoint a marketing region for as little as $\$ 35$ or blanket the country for only $\$ 325$.

Bruce David of Twinsburg, Ohio, used the service to promote his home-based advertising agency services. The release he sent via PR NewsWire resulted in articles in nearly a dozen newspapers throughout the country, plus 12 minutes of airtime on national TV (NBC). David says the publicity enhanced his credibility, landed him several good
referrals, and increased his sales by 10 percent.

## THE ELECTRONIC MALL

In an electronic age, are storefronts really necessary? CompuServe doesn't think so. The Electronic Mall has more than 90 merchants, whose offerings are available to CompuServe ([614] 457-8600) subscribers 24 hours a day.

Merchants pay an annual minimum of $\$ 5.250$ to participate, but can pay up to $\$ 80,000$, depending on the extent of their offerings. More than 3.1 percent of Mall entries result in sales (each averaging \$45).

Merchants range in size and stature. The Coffee Emporium, for instance, is a home-based business run by husband-and-wife Rosemary and Norm Belssner, of San Ramon, California. The pair had wanted to open a traditional gourmet coffee store, but the start-up money was more than they were willing to commit. So when Norm ran across an ad for The Electronic Mall, he realized it was the answer to their dream. They paid less than $\$ 10,000$ to start the Coffee Emporium.

To shop at the Coffee Emporium, a CompuServe subscriber types GO cof to enter the store. From there, it's just like being in a real coffee store-minus the aroma. There are descriptions of the different coffees, complete with taste charts.

The customer can place an order by using his or her MasterCard or Visa. The order is filled within 48 hours, fresh from the roaster. Nothing is inventoried. "The reason this works for us is the quickness with which we work," says Rosemary. "There's no sending away for a catalog, then sending in an order, and waiting a week or two for the order to be filled. Everything is immediate. That's good for us and good for our customers.'

## FROM MAINE TO CALIFORNIA

This kind of electronic marketing could be the biggest boon of all for small-business owners. They can reach potential customers all over the world. And they don't have to pay for retail or inventory space. A coffee shop outside San Francisco could only hope to attract foot traffic from a few blocks away. Now those same proprietors, with an "electronic" coffee shop, can sell their special blends to coffee lovers as far away as Maine.

# Roger Staubach and Terry Bradshaw on Dac-Easy Light. 

## For Once They Agree! Light's Less Filling Accounting for Home \& Office.

Roger: Of course I'd never argue with you, Terry, about Dac-Easy Light because I know it's perfect for office accounting. Dac-Easy Light let's me concentrate on doing business, not accounting. Using the predefined chart of accounts, ideal for small business, I can enter customers and vendors - and start processing invoices and checks in just minutes!
Terry: Roger, when did we ever disagree about anything? You know Dac-Easy Light is perfect for home accounting. Light makes home finances fast, fun and easy. The preset home chart of accounts has everything I need. I can write checks and do bank reconciliations by computer without knowing the first thing about accounting.
Roger: Light makes it a snap to track sales and budget expenses for up to 12 months on-line. With Light, I know my business' current financial status in minutes.
Terry: It's the same with home accounting finances, Roger. I can get my personal net worth in seconds since Light instantly reflects the effect of changes, payments, withdrawals and deposits.
Roger: Light gives me the option of handling accounting on a cash or accrual basis. Plus, if I forget any account or customer, I can quickly call it up in a window.
Terry: Well don't forget this, Roger. With Dac-Easy
Light I can quickly set up new credit card accounts, post receipts, and keep tabs on current card balances. Plus, I don't have to know debits or credits because the system knows and automatically does them for me.
Roger: Terry, for once I think you're right. Light's so smooth and easy to handle, even you can use it.
Terry: And you're right, too, Rog. Using Light, you'll have more time to spend on the golf course. I just hope you're not trying to compete with my hall of fame game!

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Dac-Easy Light. Ideal for the home, office or both! Within minutes, you can install and begin using a complete accounting system working behind the screen. There's no need to know accounting. And with Dac-Easy Light there are no surprises. Everything you already know about writing checks to creating invoices is on-screen in a format you'll recognize. So get a taste of the good life with Dac-Easy Light. A less filling accounting program for the home and office.

At the risk of upsetting fellow accountants, I'm going to tell you a little secret: Even though accountants can give you invaluable tax advice, their calculators and computers aren't any smarter than yours are. And I'll divulge another secret: You're probably more tax savvy than you give yourself credit for. During these next few weeks, offices, homes, and restaurants across the country will buzz with conversations about 1040s, Schedule Cs, and itemized deductions. If you ask me, many of you actually enjoy talking about taxes.

Yet, too many taxpayers like you still take your proverbial shoe boxes of receipts, paycheck stubs, bank statements, W-4s, and the like to your accountants' offices, say "Get me back as much money as you can," and walk out. No questions asked.

Maybe your tax circumstances are extraordinarily complicated or maybe you really don't know a darned thing-and don't care to know-about tax laws. If so, you'll always need your accountant. But if you're just a bit intimidated by tax forms or just a bit lazy, you should take a closer look at taxpreparation software.

If you own a computer, you probably know about-or already havea tax-preparation program. Taxprep software is for people who want to prepare their own individual income tax returns-and want to do so more accurately and knowledgeably and less tediously. (These programs are also good for individuals who want to prepare their own draft tax returns and then consult accountants for advice.) In fact, some of the best programs available for tax preparation, such as HowardSoft's Tax Preparer and SoftView's MacInTax and TaxView, were created by non-tax professionals who wanted to make tax preparation less painful.

Over the last couple of years, I've looked at a number of tax-preparation packages that were written for individual taxpayers. (With the new

[^3] New York City.

tax code going into effect this year, some of the tax-software publishers have taken the rewriting required as an opportunity to make their programs better.) Below, I've created a checklist of questions to ask when you're shopping for a suitable tax-preparation package. The more "yes" answers you give, the better the program will be for you. if you can't answer these questions by looking at the package, flip through the manual or ask a salesperson for assistance. And if you still can't find out everything you'd like to know, try calling the software publisher's customer service phone number. Then, refer to the box on page 14 , where you'll find tax-prep packages that are suitable for individuals.

## WHAT TO LOOK FOR

- Is the package written specifically for individuals? Packages intended for accountants and professional tax preparers are generally too expensive, too complex, and too confusing for the average user.
- Is the manual complete yet easy to understand? The manual should clearly describe the program's features, and it should include clear explanations of the tax laws and of all the forms.
- Has the program sold well in the past? Does the package indicate that it's made best-seller lists?
- Will you be able to get updates of the program each year? For a reasonable price? Because tax laws change, tax-preparation programs need yearly updating.
- Does the program give tax advice?


## BY TOM MORTON

- Is there any on-line help? With Best Programs's PC/TaxCut, for instance, if you have a question about your child's interest income, you simply touch the question mark key, and the program gives you the rules regarding interest earned by a child and tells you the special forms you need to fill out.
- Does the program show replicas of the tax forms on-screen?
- Does the package perform the calculations for all of the forms, schedules, and worksheets that you may need? For instance, if you are paying off a mortgage, you'll need Schedule A so that you can deduct your home-mortgage interest. And employees who claim business expenses on their personal tax returns need Form 2106; those who are self-employed would use Schedule C.
- If you operate a home-based business, does your package include the forms and schedules you need to deduct the expenses of a home office?
- If you are a sole proprietor or involved in a partnership, can you use the program?
- Are forms, schedules, and worksheets all linked together and computations made automatically? If they are, you may find that a form you didn't know about will spew out of the printer. "People are always surprised when it comes time to print their returns because the program automatically completes numerous built-in worksheets and generates forms and schedules that they never knew they were eligible or liable for," says HowardSoft president and founder Dr. J.E. Howard.
- Does the program automatically check for inconsistencies and errors and let users know when Internal Revenue Service (IRS) rules have been violated?
- Can the package accept data from other software, such as spreadsheets?
- Does the program change your tax liability each time you plug in a new figure? This feature lets you make estimates. For instance, you can instantly see how much money


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Esther Dyson, Industry Analyst
"Absolutely the best small accounting program made."

Bob Schwabach, Universal Press Syndicate

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## FINANCE

you'll save if you put $\$ 2,000$ into an IRA, instead of $\$ 1,000$ or nothing at all.

- Can the program create and print out an IRS-approved 1040, 1040EZ, or 1040A? (Any tax forms that have to be signed need special approval from the IRS.)
- Does the program let you create and print out other forms, worksheets, and schedules that can be
mailed to the IRS?
- If the package doesn't create its own forms and schedules, will it let you print information onto tax forms that you can feed through your printer?


## MAKE APRIL LESS TAXING

I won't promise you that completing your tax returns on your computer is any faster than doing it by
hand. And if you're trading in a human tax preparer for software, computerized tax preparation may not even be cheaper, at least initially. But tax-preparation software will help you be better organized, more complete, and more accurate. And if you start with electronic tax preparation now, you'll be ready for the future, when the IRS lets you electronically file your tax returns.

## TAX-PREPARATION PACKAGES

## Ask DAN About Your Taxes

manufacturer: Legal Knowledge Systems, Inc., 195 Maplewood St., Watertown, MA 02172; (617) 923-2322
HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: 512 K IBM PC PRICE: \$70
PRICE FOR YEARLY UPDATE: not yet determined
COMMENTS: Menu-driven program leads you through individually tailored questions and finds deductions; questions take account of responses that you have already given. Features include on-screen tax forms, automatic recalculation, popup scratch pad, and printing of IRS-acceptable forms (except the 1040). Can accommodate up to 50 partnerships and/or 10 businesses.

FORMS: 1040, 1040ES, 2106, 2119. 2210, 2441, 3903, 4562, 4684, 4797. 6251, 6252, 8582, 8598, 8606, 8615
schedules: A, B, C, D, E, F, R, SE

## J.K. Lasser's Your Income Tax

manufacturer: Simon \& Schuster Software, One Gulf + Western Plaza, New York, NY 10023: (201) 767-5937 HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: IBM PC PRICE: $\$ 70$
PRICE FOR YEARLY UPDATE: $\$ 40$
comments: Produced in conjunction with the J.K. Lasser Tax Institute, whose best-selling tax guide comes free with the program. Prints IRS-approved forms and schedules (except the 1040). Shares data among forms, has an on-screen calculator, and automatically transfers calculations from the worksheets to the forms. Includes an analysis section that tells you the best way to file and an interview system that indicates the forms to use.

FORMS: 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, 2106.
3903, 4797, 8582, 8598, 8606, 8615
SChedules: A, B, C, D, E, F, I, R, SE

## MacInTax and TaxView

MANUFACTURER: SoftView Inc., 4820 Adohr Lane, Suite F, Camarillo, CA 93010: (805) 388-2626

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: Apple IIGS, 512K Macintosh, 512K IBM PC
PRICE: \$119
PRICE FOR YEARLY UPDATE: $\$ 45$
COMMENTS: Print out forms, including the 1040, that you can send directly to the IRS. Display replicas of forms on-screen-can be filled out line by line. Automatically perform all computations
and check for errors. Link together 40 worksheets, forms, and schedules. Import ASCII files. State supplements for New York and California are available for \$65 each.

FORMS: 1040, 1040A, 1040ES, 1040EZ, 2106, 2119, 2210, 2441, 3903, 4562, 4562A, 4684, 4797, 4868, 4952, 6251, $6252,8283,8582,8598,8615$
schedules: 1, A, B, C, D, E, F, R, SE

## PC/TaxCuf

manufacturer: Best Programs, Inc., 2700 S. Quincy St., Arlington, VA 22206; (703) 820-9300
HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: 312 K IBM PC PRICE: \$75
PRICE FOR YEARLY UPDATE: $\$ 45$
COMMENTS: Instantly recalculates tax owed or refund due, along with the current tax bracket and taxable income of the taxpayer, every time a number changes. Includes context-sensitive on-screen help and an easy-to-understand user manual. Creates and prints out an IRS-approved 1040. Tax-preparation advisory service is available for $\$ 1$ per minute (with a 15 minute minimum).

FORMS: 1040, 1040ES, 2106, 2119, 2210, 2441, 3468, 3800, 3903, 4562, 4797, 4952, 5695, 6251, 8582, 8598, 8615
schedules: A, B, C, D, E, F, SE

## Sylvia Porfer's SwiftTax

MANUFACTURER: Timeworks, Inc., 444 Lake Cook Road, Deerfield, IL 60015; (312) 948-9200
HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: 128 K Apple, IBM PC
PRICE: \$50-\$70
PRICE FOR YEARLY UPDATE: $\mathbf{\$ 2 5 - \$ 3 5}$
comments: Can print data onto IRS-approved forms. Features include a built-in calculator and memo pad and contextsensitive help screens. Checks for alternatives.

FORMS: 1040, 1040A, 1040EZ, 2106.
2441, 3903, 4562, 6251, 8615
schedules: A, B, C, D, E, F, R, SE

## The Tax Advantage

manufacturer: Double Eagle Software Inc., 2210 Wilshire Blvd., Suite 875 , Santa Monica, CA 90403; (213) 459-9748 hardware reguirements: Apple, Atari, Atari ST, C 64/128, IBM PC

PRICE: \$50-\$60
PRICE FOR YEARLY UPDATE: \$36
comments: Easy-to-use package exchanges data among forms. Many forms and schedules can be printed onto IRSapproved forms. Accepts data from The Home Accountant. Computes tax credit with every entry you make. California Tax Advantage is available for $\$ 40$.

FORMS: 1040, 2106, 2441, 4562, 6251
schedules: A, B, C, D, E, F, SE

## Tax Command Professional

MANUFACTURER: Practical Programs, Inc., 735 North Water St., Suite 704, Milwaukee, WI 53203; (414) 272-7227
HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: 64 K Apple, C 64, C $128,128 \mathrm{~K}$ IBM PC
PRICE: $\$ 50$
PRICE FOR YEARLY UPDATE: $\$ 25$
comments: This menu-driven program will print directly onto IRS forms. Recalculates your tax owed or refund due each time you make a change. Commodore versions use only 40 columns.

FORMS: 1040, 1040ES (except the Commodore versions), 2106, 2119, 2441,
3903, 8615
schedules: A, B, C, D, E, F (except the Commodore versions), $\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{SE}$

## Tax Preparer

manufacturer: HowardSoft, 1224 Prospect St., Suite 150, La Jolla, CA 92037; (619) 454-0121
HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: 64 K Apple, 128 K IBM PC
PRICE: \$250 (Apple), \$295 (IBM) PRICE FOR YEARLY UPDATE: $\$ 75$ (Apple), $\$ 95$ (IBM)
COMMENTS: Automatically creates many forms and schedules, including an IRSaccepted 1040. Makes calculations speedily. Transfers all information to the corresponding forms and schedules. Automatically completes forms that should be filled out. State supplement for California is available for \$95 (Apple) and \$125 (IBM PC).

FORMS: 1040, 1040ES, 2106, 2119, 2210, 2441, 3468, 3800, 3903, 4562, 4797, 6251, 6252, 8283, 8582, 8598, 8615
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# TELECOMPUTING GOT MY MODEM WORKING . . . The Editors Pick Their Favorite Communications Programs for Amiga, Apple II, Atari ST, Macintosh, and MS-DOS Computers 



Are you looking for a communications program and unsure about which one to buy? Do you simply pick the one with the most features (often the most expensive and complicated to use)? Or do you take home a package that's easy to use and sacrifice a needed function or three?

Finding capable communications software is less difficult now than it was a few years ago. There are several good programs for every computer, and each package delivers certain basic goods for going on-line. For instance, each lets you use XModem error-checking while transmitting data. Each provides you with a method that automates the procedure for logging on to your favorite service or bulletin board. And each allows you to capture text into files or a buffer and then edit it.

So how do you choose one program over another? It's often a question of style. Many programs do the job-but do you like the way they do the job? That's the question we asked ourselves as we compiled this review of favorite communications programs.

## AMIGA: DIGA!

The Diga! manual's introduction says it all: "If you're new to telecommunicating, you'll find Diga! to be very easy to understand and use. If you're a more advanced user, Diga! has the power and features you've been looking for."

After several years and many tribulations in using a modem, it's hard to place myself in a novice's position. Without a doubt, new users will encounter difficulties; but working with software and documentation that's clearly presented makes it easy to troubleshoot and experiment.

When starting out, you can simply browse through the segments of

Diga! by clicking the mouse buttons. Later, you can switch to the keyboard if you prefer, using easily remembered keystroke combinations (such as AMIGA-D to dial).

Among the advanced features, one that stands out is Doubletalk. Ordinarily, sending or receiving a file ties up your computer and phone line. What if you want to discuss another matter or talk about the file being sent? In Doubletalk, you can chat on-line with another person while sending a file.

Taking advantage of the Amiga's capabilities, Diga! can be customized in numerous ways. The buffer size can be expanded to 512 K , depending on the amount of memory in your computer. The number of lines or columns displayed on-screen can be changed to suit your viewing preferences. If you have trouble reading moving text at 80 columns, set the width to 40 columns. If you want to get fancy, you can change the text fonts or color scheme.

The only fault I find with Diga! is one that is endemic to most communications programs-setting up automatic procedures is a painful exercise in programming. Who needs it, especially in a program that otherwise requires little more than pressing your index finger down on a mouse button? Except for this fault, Diga! is a pleasure to use from its wonderful opening-screen graphics into unseen electronic worlds.

Aegis Development, (213) 392-
9972. 512K Amiga, \$80.

- NICK SULLIVAN


## APPLE II: POINT-TO-POINT

When I started telecommunicating with an Apple II, I used ASCII Express, a versatile but complex old package. It did everything I needed done, but setting up automated procedures was difficult, and I always
forgot the program's commands.
Once Point-to-Point (P-T-P) came into my life, however, I never looked back. You control $P-T-P$ through wellorganized, AppleWorks-style menus. That's why P-T-P makes it easy to tackle such on-line chores as changing parameters (such as baud rate or local echo), using the text editor, or deleting files from a disk to make room for new ones.

For further ease of use when you're in either terminal or host mode, a menu bar is displayed across the top of the screen. All 10 listed choices are invoked by the OPEN APPLE key and a number. For example, OA-4 loads text into a buffer prior to sending it, OA-6 captures any text scrolling on-screen, and OA-3 starts both XModem uploads and downloads. And when you have to choose a file from disk (say for sending), pop-up windows provide you with a menu of files; just highlight the one you want, and press RETURN.

You can automate on-line procedures with $P-T-P$ 's macro function, but you have to learn the program's macro codes first. While that makes macros the most difficult part of $P-T-P$ to set up, once created they give you ease of control you couldn't have otherwise. All told, Point-to-Point lets you simply "point" to where you want to go and takes you there. And that's why I like it.

Pinpoint Publishing, (415) 6543050. 128K Apple, \$129.
-DAVID HALLERMAN

## ATARI ST: FLASH

Flash is my first choice when it comes to telecommunications programs for the Atari ST. Living up to its name, Flash saves lots of time when I send and receive electronic mail or upload and download files. Since the Flash program includes a


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built-in GEM word processor (with cut-and-paste), I can compose electronic mail easily, without the hassle of loading a separate word-processing program.
When I'm ready to dial another computer, I can call upon one of my custom-made "DO" files to perform all of the work for me. DO files are those composed of a programmable "script" language that can give the computer instructions for dialing a number, logging on, browsing through recent messages and files, uploading or downloading files (using XModem or ASCII format), and much more.

Connecting with different kinds of computers is easy because Flash supports three terminal emulation modes-VT-100, VT-52, and Vidtex. VT-100 is used mostly for telecommunicating with mainframe hosts; VT-52 (the default mode) is perfect for most telecommunications, including ST to ST; while Vidtex is for use specifically with CompuServe graphics such as weather maps, digitized photographs, and computer art. In Vidtex mode, these high resolution graphic images, called "RLE" graphics, can be saved to disk in DEGAS format for later viewing or updating.

One additional aid for talking to other computers (including Commodore 64 and Atari XE ) is the Translation Table feature found in Flash. Translation lets you selectively change the text input or output by specifying which character will replace others. For example, the Atari XE doesn't use a standard carriage return; instead it uses the ASCII character 155 , which appears on the ST as a cent sign. When receiving an XE text file, you can translate the incoming text by replacing the cent sign with a carriage return.

Flash has the speed, power, and versatility to take care of most telecommunication requirements with ease. Its features are so well thought out that I wish I had a version of Flash for every computer I use.

Antic Software, (415) 957-0886. Atari ST, S30.
-JOEY LATIMER

## MACINTOSH: MICROPHONE

I like the way this straightforward package's Watch Me mode records any actions I perform on-line, saves those actions into a "script," and replays them with a single command whenever I need them again. This
saves me time and helps me avoid the frustration and error of programming my own automated sequences. Furthermore, I like the way that a single command can be invoked by either choosing from a pull-down menu, using a keystroke command (such as COMMAND-M), or pressing an on-screen button. And I'm absolutely delighted about the sophisticated scripts-beyond the ken of the Watch Me mode-I can create now that I'm an experienced MicroPhone user. I simply choose the scripts' lines (such as Dial Service or Wait For Text) from a scrolling menu and then fill in the necessary phone number or words. I have 42 scripts in my master on-line file-and room for more.

When I'm sending or receiving data, MicroPhone puts a window onscreen that lets me know which disk the file is going to or coming from, how much of the file has been transmitted, and how much time is left to finish the transfer. When the file transfer is complete, MicroPhone makes the computer beep twice. alerting me even if my attention is elsewhere (which it often is when the computer is tied up transmitting data).

I notice that MicroPhone saves me time by automatically capturing text into a file that's compatible with my word processor. Should I change to a new word processor, I can change MicroPhone, too, so that the files it captures are automatically compatible with the new word processor. I don't mind that the on-line text editor is only adequate, because as a desk accessory, I can replace it with my favorite desk-accessory text editor, the shareware miniWriter (Maitreya Design). There's a lot that's attractive about MicroPhone.

Software Ventures Corp., (415) 644-3232. 512K Macintosh, \$149.
-DAVID HALLERMAN

## MS-DOS: PROCOMM

ProComm is designed for people who use their modems every day. It's a fast, fluid program that is "invisible" most of the time, until you want to do something special. Then ProComm steps up and presents a solution you can effect by quickly tapping a few keys.

Beyond its speed, what I like most about ProComm is its almost infinite flexibility. Any number of things can go wrong with on-line communications, and many programs leave you
high and dry. Sometimes you have to turn off the computer, disconnect the phone, and try again; other times, not even that works. ProComm gives you every chance to solve the problem while on-line and salvage the session. For instance, you can switch parameter settings (parity and baud rate, for instance) while on-line. You can scroll through a file to make sure it's the one you want to send. And its XModem filetransfer protocol has "normal" and "relaxed" modes, the latter designed to be used with systems, such as CompuServe, which are sometimes slow to respond to your prompts.

When talk-typing with another person on-line, you can activate a CHAT box at the bottom of the screen where your comments appear. Since your typing and comments are separate from the other person's (in the top part of the screen), the words don't become all jumbled as they do when using most communications programs.
Another feature I use often is REMOTE HOST. With a simple command (ALT-Q), my computer is ready to receive a call and accept a file from an outsider. I can leave the room or the house. If I've given the person the proper passwords, he or she can even obtain a listing of the files on my hard drive and download them.

Virtually every task is accomplished with a two-keystroke combination. For instance, ALT-D gives you the dialing menu. ALT-P lets you switch parameters. Not all of the commands are quite so mnemonic, however. The command to activate the printer is ALT-L. If you forget that, as I have several times, you can get a quick list of all commands by typing ALT-F10.

What I like least about ProComm are the "command files" needed to automate a sign-on procedure (or any other procedure). The documentation that describes how to program them is opaque, and I consider it sheer luck when the files work the way I want. Why can't ProComm record a sequence as you sign on to a system, then replay it again and again? Other programs do that. So, there's room for improvement-but not much.

Datastorm Technologies, Inc., (314) 474-8461. 128K IBM PC and compatibles; $\$ 35$ to register, $\$ 50$ to register and receive documentation. -NICK SULLIVAN


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# MACHINE SPECIFICS NEWS, OPINIONS, QUOTES, AND RUMORS ABOUT YOUR FAVORITE COMPUTER 

APPLE<br>BY CHARLES H. GAJEWAY

## APPLE II

An Apple II system is not quite complete without Central Point Software's Copy II Plus (\$40) disk utility. Copy II's capability to handle almost any kind of disk operation in both DOS 3.3 and ProDOS, plus its ability to copy almost any copy-protected disk, make it one of the most used disks in my collection. Issues of piracy aside, you have the right to make backup copies of any software you own, copy-protected or not; with kids and pets and other disk-hostile elements in the house, using only original copies of software is a risky proposition.

The newest version-release 8.1is designed for the IIgs and can handle 3.5-inch diskettes and hard drives. This new dimension is extremely important, making the complexities of managing two or more operating systems and three types of disk storage a simple matter of making a few menu choices. If you already have Copy II Plus, do yourself a favor and upgrade. If you don't, what are you waiting for?

Graphic Word Processor. If you have a printer that can do high-resolution graphics, an interesting acquisition would be StyleWare's Multiscribe Desk Accessories (\$40), a word processor that uses Macintosh-like fonts to create striking documents. Additional fonts are available, as is the Picture Manager utility (also $\$ 40$ ), which allows graphics to be placed anywhere within a document.

## MACINTOSH

I think HyperCard is an amazing tool, but after experimenting with it a bit, I have discovered a few drawbacks. First of all, HyperCard is a hungry program, requiring a lot of memory and a lot of disk storage. It needs at least 1 MB of RAM to run and at least two 800K floppies.

Second, HyperCard is somewhat unstable under Switcher and, when used with MultiFinder, leaves very little usable memory in a 1 MB Mac.

One of the things HyperCard does extremely well is store and retrieve frequently used data. But if you can't get at that data while you are in an application, it doesn't do you much good.

Stackware's New Interfaces. Third, HyperCard's HyperTalk is a powerful, easy-to-learn programming language for the Mac. But the stackware applications designed with HyperTalk tend to bypass the standard Mac operating system, allow-ing-and even encouraging-users to create their own interfaces. In my opinion, this isn't good. For instance, the traditional menu bar across the top of the screen, which every Mac user looks for after booting up, doesn't appear in much of the new stackware. One of the true strengths of the Macintosh has been its simple and consistent user interface, a strength that will be diluted if more and more complex and powerful stacks with non-Mac operating features appear.

I still think that every Mac owner should have HyperCard. But don't expect it to solve all your problems or even replace your favorite applications; use it to fill in the gaps and make life easier.

Print Labels Easily. Mailing labels, video or audiocassette labels, name tags-anytime you want neatly printed self-sticking labels, you face an arduous, teeth-grinding task, even with continuous-form stock. I found the Mac was the worst of all computers for performing such tasks, because of its nonstandard line spacing and proportional typefaces.

But all of that is history with Silicon Press (\$80) from Silicon Beach Software. This print utility program makes doing a run of labels an easy task.

The label design can be anything from a tiny circle to a full page. Data files can be typed directly or generated by any database or word-processing program capable of creating a text-only file (the program can also work directly with OverVUE).

Silicon Press is good, but it isn't perfect. There should be rulers in the page-layout window to aid with fine placement, especially when using a LaserWriter. And when you
print a merge list with a multiplelabel layout, you must keep your label design within the print boundaries, otherwise a print error will hang the program. Nonetheless, I find Silicon Press indispensable.

CHARLES H. GAJEWAY can be reached on CompuServe (ID: 73357.3577) or on GEnie (ID: C GAJEWAY).

|  | $A \sqrt[A]{ } \mid$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| BY DAMON OSGOOD |  |

In a radical switch from its traditional video game and small micro business. Atari is hard at work on Abaq, a high-speed, high-performance workstation, which is expected to cost about $\$ 6,000$. The heart of Abaq is a relatively new chip called the T800-20, developed by Inmos Corporation. Perihelion Company of Great Britain is developing the system hardware and software. According to Atari, the T800-20 is considerably more powerful than the Intel 80286 chip used in the IBM PC AT and IBM PS/2 Models 50 and 60.

One workstation can contain as many as 13 chips. Abaq has three external links to connect to other workstations, allowing for a local area network (LAN) that can grow as your needs increase.

The Abaq system will operate at a blazing 10 million instructions per second (MIPS) and is expected to be used primarily for video production and secondarily for engineering and scientific applications. It can display 16 colors in high resolution from a palette of 16 million. The system will run under a Unix-like operating system. When will you see Abaq, if ever? With Atari, you never know.

PC-ditto. PC-ditto (Avant-Garde Systems; \$90), mentioned last month, is an IBM emulation program for the Atari ST series. With $p c$-ditto installed, you can run 99 percent of existing IBM software, including such titles as Lotus 1-2-3, Flight Simulator, and XyWrite. Emulation is nearly flawless. even down to identical error messages and IBM fonts, but programs do run a bit


## lts own $\mathbf{c}$



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history. Because AppleWorks ${ }^{\text {® }}$ already included a sophisticated word processor, full-function spreadsheet and heavy-duty database manager in a single, easy-to-use integrated package.


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AppleWorks 2.0 is even better. It has extended memory support. So you can take advantage of the new power of the Apple IIGS.

And it has mail merge capability. So you can do things like start a mail-order business in the spare bedroom.

Or, take your traditional copy machine holiday letter and personalize it for thousands of very close friends. (Speaking
of personal, there's an upgrade information kit waiting for you at 800-544-8554.) But here's where things get really exciting.

Because the whole point of Claris is to create better Apple software than anyone has ever seen before. And to bring a whole new vision to the world's computer screens. It's all coming to an Apple computer near you. Stay tuned.

## CLARIS

## MACHINE SPECIFICS

slower than on a normal IBM compatible.

The new version, 3.0, boasts harddrive support, Atari clock-calendar support, and compatibility with the Microsoft Mouse and other mice. It works with any ST configuration, though if you have MS-DOS software in 5.25 -inch format, you'll need a 5.25 -inch disk drive.

Earlier versions of $p c$-ditto didn't support monochrome systems, but version 3.0 corrects this. Also, pcditto runs best with a double-sided disk drive, allowing the full 360K formatting that an IBM permits, but it can be used on a single-sided system, only allowing 180 K per disk. High-capacity disks can be used, allowing at least 1.2 MB per disk.

EDITOR'S NOTE: Damon Osgood, one of the original K-POWER software reviewers, is now an undergraduate at the State University of New York at Albany.

Next month, Matthew Stern will take over the Atari column. John J.
Anderson, who has written the column since it started, now contributes to the monthly HyperCard department.


BY SHAY ADDAMS
GEOS, the operating system that adds a window-and-icon interface to the C 64 , has finally made it to the C 128. The 128, which can include a 1571 drive capable of accessing both sides of a disk, provides a much more practical home for GEOS. On the 64 , GEOS is too slow for serious business users. The 1571 drive also has twice the storage space as the 64's 1541 drive. (The 128D's built-in drive is a 1571 .) GEOS 128 is really supposed to zoom when run from a RAM disk created with Commodore's 512K RAM Expansion, but I haven't yet tried this Bonneville speed test.

GEOS128, from Berkeley
Softworks, also supports the 1541 drive. Thus, 128 owners who have 1541 drives can use GEOS 128 immediately and gradually build more powerful systems by adding 1571 drives, extra RAM, and better monitors.

GEOS128 Soffware. When using an 80 -column monitor, you'll find that word processing and working with spreadsheets are much more practical with GEOS 128 than with GEOS64, which only supports a 40column display.

With GEOS 128 , you get the allnew geoWrite Workshop, improved versions of geoWrite and geoPaint, seven fonts that can be used in either, and a batch of pull-down desk accessories. Other programs are on the way, including beefed up versions of geoCalc and geoFile. With GEOS128's 80-column capability, extra speed, and 1571 drive support, the 128 is an even more viable choice for business users.

You'll need the Commodore 1351 Mouse or a joystick to use GEOS 128.

Infocom 128. Infocom's Interactive Fiction Plus line, including games such as Beyond Zork, requires too much memory for the 64 and can only be played on the 128 and Amiga. But Infocom says it'll no longer release all games on the Amiga-only the ones that can use the machine's advanced features. That means the only Commodore computer capable of running all Infocom games is the 128 , which is coming into its own in the realm of entertainment, as well as in business.

SHAY ADDAMS, editor and publisher of Questbusters, an adventure-game newsletter, can be reached on CompuServe (ID: 72267.601 ) or on QuantumLink (ID: JBCHALMER).

## IBM

## BY HENRY BEECHHOLD

It looks as though it won't be too long before the new PS/2 Micro Channel Architecture becomes a new standard in microcomputer design. Reportedly, negotiations are under way between IBM and several major chip manufacturers to allow them to develop chip sets compatible with the PS/2 design. (However, IBM denies this.) If and when that happens, full-fledged PS/2 clones will quickly follow. So here we go again!

A Million PS/2s Shipped. IBM announced that it shipped more than a million PS/2 systems by November 1987. That sounds impressive, but trade papers say about half were Model 30s, which, along with the Model 25 s, were not much more than repackaged PC XTs. These lowend PS/2s don't use the Micro Channel bus structure or VGA color graphics, which, together, give the PS/2 line its real distinction.

Meanwhile, demand is growing
rapidly for the PS/2 Model 50 (see "Solving the IBM-Compatibles Puzzle" in this issue), a no-nonsense 80286 computer that does use the Micro Channel and VGA graphics. Model 50 deliveries are falling considerably behind orders-a fact that IBM doesn't deny.

Track if Down. There are any number of programs on the market for setting up electronic Rolodexes. In fact, any general-purpose database manager will do the job nicely. But suppose you don't need a full-blown database management system (DBMS), yet would like to have an easy way to create a fast-access Rolodex that will allow you to search, sort, and report on up to eight of 15 fields; to access external databases if necessary; to auto-dial phone numbers; to add an almost unlimited number of date-stamped "stick-on" notes to any card in the file; and to customize the card format to suit any database you wish to create.

Tracker (Adaptive USA Inc.; \$99), which can be run in either memoryresident (instant pop-up) or non-memory-resident mode, was named by its Australian developer after the famed Australian aboriginal trackers; a photograph of one of the hunters appears on the disk cover.

HENRY BEECHHOLD is the author of The Brady Guide to Microcomputer Troubleshooting \& Maintenance (Brady Books, Prentice Hall Press, New York).


Microsoft, the creator and publisher of MS-DOS, has introduced an ondisk training course for mastering MS-DOS's intricacies. Called Learning DOS (\$50), the package consists of separate lessons for floppy-disk and hard-disk drive owners and a quick reference disk that offers sub-ject-related help when called from the DOS prompt. The lessons are well paced and presented and include practice opportunities.

Here are two interesting tips from Learning DOS:

- Before performing a wild-card delete (such as DELETE *.TAX), which will delete all files with tax as the filename extension, first ask for a directory using the same wild-card setup (DIR *TAX, for example). This maneuver will provide you with a list of all



## The persomal computer bulft to go home, too.

## The IBM-compatible Laser Compact XT is powerful enough for the office and easy enough to use at home.

Most people take work home to keep ahead of their competition. The Laser Compact XT has the speed ( 10 MHz ) and memory ( 512 K expandable up to $1,640 \mathrm{~K}$ bytes) to handle IBM-compatible software from Lotus $1,2,3^{\circledR}$ to games, and beyond. Its compact design with built-in handle makes it easy to carry home. The Laser Compact XT has a built-in disk drive, serial, parallel, joystick, mouse and modem interfaces to hook up all your peripherals. The Compact XT gives you the choice of working with either a monochrome
or color monitor (CGA and Hercules ${ }^{\text {}}$ ), and the XTE model is EGA compatible.

The Laser Compact XT combines performance and speed with a price that's easy to handle at under $\$ 600$. For more information on the Laser Compact XT and the name of your nearest dealer, contact Video Technology Computers, Inc., 400 Anthony Trail, Northbrook, IL 60062, or call (312) 272-6760.
In Canada, call (604)
273-2828.

## |||||LASER COMPACTXT



## MACHINE SPECIFICS

files that fit your wild-card specification and prevent you from deleting files you want to keep.

- If you want to redisplay the last DOS command you entered (to correct a misspelling or execute the command again, for example), just press the F3 key.

Notes to Yourself. Database management software is great for handling well-organized information, but what about stuff that's just . . well, stuff. Notes to yourself. To-do lists. Titles of articles you want to read when you get a chance, or movies you want to rent, or people whose birthdays are coming up soon. Broderbund has a program called Memory Mate (\$70) that's ideal for keeping and retrieving information that hasn't been filed by category.

The memory-resident program indexes every word of every note you enter. That means you can search for anything that sticks in your mind-a name, a phone number, the date you wrote a note, whatever (as long as the item you're searching for is no longer than 73 charac-ters)-and the program quickly finds all matching information. You can easily cut and paste information between Memory Mate and your application software.

STEVE MORGENSTERN can be reached on CompuServe (ID: 72545.606).


BY STEPHEN MILLER

## TANDY 1000

Because I constantly edit my writing while on the run, I tend to switch machines a lot-TX to portables (102 and 1400LT), portables to HX, and so forth. With all this, I need to keep track of the latest revision of a file. One way to accomplish this in MS-DOS machines is to make use of the resident MS-DOS program's date and time functions that stamp the date and time on files when they're saved. All this is wonderful-except that on the Tandy machines, the date and time you type in are stored in RAM and automatically updated as long as the power is on; when you turn off the computer, however, MSDOS forgets the date and time. You have to reset them each time you boot MS-DOS.

The solution to the problem is a clock/calendar on an inexpensive
chip called SmartWatch (Cat. \#251033; \$40). SmartWatch is user installable. (I did it and only had to straighten one pin!) Now I don't have to manually type in the time and date every time I power up; SmartWatch tells me the date and time automatically and indicates the time I saved a given file.

## COLOR COMPUTER 3

The increased graphics and color capabilities of the Color Computer 3 have started to generate a number of drawing or graphics programs to rival the famed CoCo Max cartridge. Now even Greg Zumwalt and Steve Bjork, the prolific CoCo programmers who are responsible for some of the more popular CoCo software, have entered the graphic arena.

Color Computer Artist. Bjork's Color Computer Artist (Cat. \#26-3277; $\$ 30$ ) is likely to generate the most interest because it's a fun, easy-touse program with all the normal computer drawing tools. It works best with a color mouse or a highres joystick, but you can use the keyboard and produce effective pictures. I'm not an artist, so my efforts were, shall we say, less than spectacular? Nevertheless, the colors on an RGBI monitor were alluring.

Phantomgraph. Zumwalt's Phantomgraph (Cat. \#26-3276; \$40) is a presentation graphics program. Its function is to produce graphs and charts for business presentations. Requiring a full 128 K, Phantomgraph really makes use of the CoCo 3's graphics muscle. If you are already using your CoCo to run any of the popular CoCo spreadsheet programs, such as DynaCalc or VIP Calc, then Phantomgraph can use that statistical data you've already created to illustrate your financial projections. Unlike Computer Artist, Phantomgraph can be effectively used by nonartists. I was able to turn out some spectacular pie charts and colorful bar graphs.

STEPHEN MILLER is a computer consultant and journalist.

## ORPHANS <br> BY PATRICK SPERA

Genial Computers has released PC Transfer (\$25), which allows a TI-99/ 4A or Geneve system to read, write, and format an MS-DOS disk. You
could work on your IBM clone at the office, bring home your working disk, and finish the job on your TI. I like that idea.

Alpha-One Adam. No, it's not a police show. Alpha-One-Computers is a die-hard Adam dealer with a diverse supply of Adam software and peripherals. For $\$ 10$ you can purchase The Best of Broderbund, a package that includes A.E. and the classic game Choplifter. For the home office, you might like MicroWORKS (\$25), a combined spreadsheet, database, and word processor.

Sinclair QL. Never really popular in this country, the Sinclair GL does have a tight core of loyal users. Al-pha-One also carries a selection of supplies for the QL enthusiast. As with most Sinclair computers, the keyboard is the weak point. Enter the Schon replacement keyboard (\$89). You can replace the flat-key European-style keyboard with a regular one. Installation is quick, but there have been reports of keybounce problems.

Adios!
EdITOR'S NOTE: Patrick Spera, an aircraft technician and computer tinkerer who has supplied this column with wit and information since it began, has been transferred by his employer to Saudi Arabia. We hate to see him go, wish him luck, and hope the desert doesn't do in his trusty Timex.

Patrick of Arabia's disappearance also marks the end of the Orphans column. With new machines coming on the market daily, and many orphan owners upgrading, it makes sense to allot more space to companies still active in the marketplace.

However, we encourage all Timex and Adam fans to turn on their modems and tune in to the Computer Club Forum on CompuServe (GO CLUB)-TI users should go to the TI FORUM-where they'll find an active user community and all the information they'll ever need to keep their computers humming.

## PHONE NUMBERS

Adaptive USA (213) 679-2112
Alpha-One-Computers (718) 692-4120
Apple Computer, Inc. (408) 996-1010 Atari Corp. (408) 745-2000
Avant-Garde Systems (904) 221-2904
Berkeley Softworks (415) 644-0883
Broderbund (415) 492-3500
Central Point Software (503) 244-5782
Commodore (215) 431-9100
Genial Computers (617) 375-6003
IBM (800) 447-4700
Infocom (617) 492-6000
Microsoft (206) 882-8080
Silicon Beach Software (619) 695-6956
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The Planner provides you with all of the professional features of an electronic spreadsheet. Extensive mathematical operations easily create your spreadsheet for budgeting, tax calculation, expense reports, financial statements, and other applications. designed for the person who wants to spend time doing useful work, not struggling with complex computer commands and long manuals. Each Easy Working product is carefully designed to work alone or in combination with other members of the Easy Working family.

On-screen menus provide "at--a-glance" summaries of the features of the program. When you select a feature from the menu bar, a menu drops down to show all of the available options. Every command available is displayed in the drop-down menu. You will find that you will spend less time getting to know the program and more time on your projects. And since each member of the Easy Working family uses the same command structure, once you learn how to use one, you'll find a head start on learning to use the other two. But don't be fooled. Easy doesn't mean incomplete. Easy Working products are full-featured.
Easy Working ${ }^{\text {Tw }}$ : The Writer ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ :
Complete word processing features allow you to create your letters and reports and arrange them to suit your needs, includes 100,000 word spellchecker. Editing functions include insert, delete, cut, paste, and copy.

ER
SPMMMAMER.

# FAMILY COMPUTING ${ }^{\circ}$ WHAT'S IN A NAME? A BUSINESS! How to Create a Family Newsletter for Fun (and Profit) 

## BY RALPH BLOIS

I am working on my first millionnames, that is, not dollars! When I started researching my family history in 1980, I knew of only 14 people with my surname; today I have a list of more than 20,000 names in the Blois family (many with different surnames from marriages) and have produced more than 40 issues of a Blois family-name newsletter.

## FOR LOVE OR MONEY—OR BOTH?

I publish my family newsletter just for fun-anyone can do it, and there's potential for turning a profit, too. With your computer, a printer, an office copier, and plenty of elbow grease, you're in business. My own interest is in learning more about my family-not in making money from it-so I charge $\$ 1.50$ an issue and break even. To show a profit, I'd have to charge anywhere from $\$ 2.50$ to $\$ 5$ a copy. Your name is almost certain to be more popular than mine; if you're a Smith, you have thousands of potential subscribers, but there are only a couple of hundred Bloises. You may not make a fortune, but the investment is small, and you'll get a great deal of satisfaction from what you'll be doing; you'll be helping others in your family learn about themselves and their background.

## THE SETUP

My hardware includes an Apple II. Plus, a letter-quality Transtar 120 printer, and a Savin 775 office copier. All three are virtually troublefree. I use Word Handler and List Handler (both by Advanced Logic Systems). Really, all the software you'll need is a good word processor and a database, and these exist for just about every computer. Although I haven't found the need for fancy graphics, graphics and desktop-publishing software are available (see "A

RALPH S. BLOIS, a retired advertising executive, runs St. Clair
Communications from his home in Beaverton, Oregon. He offers creative art, copywriting, and photographic services to clients and is author of a book on corporate in-house advertising.


Ralph Blois, of Beaverton, Oregon, created The Blois Voice, which he mails to his relafives.
Guide to Desktop Publishing" in the November 1987 issue, or ask your software dealer for suggestions) for the Macintosh, IBM and compatible computers, and others.
First, you must establish a filing system using your database program and start gathering informationeverything you can find on your family surname. Genealogical research can be done at your local library, and some communities have genealogical support groups that can guide you in your search and help you make the best use of your computer. For starters, contact your relatives for personal histories, making certain to file everything-either on paper or on computer disks, whichever you find easier. You will need a bank of information from which to draw for your newsletter.

Next, you need a mailing list. That's where list-handling software is needed. With List Handler, I am able to put more than 1,500 names and addresses onto one disk with space to spare. Where do you get a list of names? Back to your public library again! Most public libraries have shelves of telephone directories for major cities-mine has more than 100 such books for different locales. I made a list of names and addresses of every Blois I could find nearby-all 120 of them.

## THE PRODUCTION

Now, begin preparing your first issue, compiling anecdotes and other interesting items that you've collected in your files. I mailed the first issue of The Blois Voice (yes, it rhymes!) for no charge, to every per-
son on my list. The issue included a funny story about a Blois toddler on a train with a "Do Not Feed" sign on his back because he got indigestion from too much candy given to him by passengers; a sad story about a Blois pioneer returning home to find his wife dead and a newborn child to look after; one telling why my wife and I had started the newsletter and what we wanted to accomplish; plus several other short items, some funny, some newsy-six pages in all. Keep the stories short and concise, and stick to the point.

Type in and edit stories for your newsletter using a word processor, then print them, cut them apart, arrange them in a logical, interesting sequence, add headlines and paste them onto 8.5-by-11 inch art boards. Add some clip-art or photographs, a title or logo, an issue date, and your return address, make copies, and the newsletter is ready. We included a subscription blank, a one-page questionnaire for genealogical data, and a request for more names, addresses, and family stories.

## THE PAYOFF

The rewards from this project are more than material. We've reunited families, found missing relatives, and inspired many to study family history-and we in turn have been inspired by the sense of "family"which was especially evident at our first family reunion (nearly 400 attended). Perhaps you would also find pleasure in publishing a newsletter just for your family.

## HAVE A QUESTION? WHAT'S YOUR STORY? LET US KNOW!

This is your column. Please send your questions or profiles of your family's computing activities to: FAMILY \& HOMEoffice computing, Family Computing Department Editor, 730 Broadway. New York, NY 10003. Profiles should be three to five pages, typed or printed, and dou-ble-spaced. If your family's profile is selected for publication, we'll send you a software package for your computer. Due to the large volume of mail received, we regret that we are unable to acknowledge or return unpublished submissions.

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Eight-In-One's COMMUNICATIONS program takes full advantage of the features of Hayes compatible modems.

# EDUCATION SOFTWARE TO RAISE SAT SCORES How Barron's Computer Study Program for the SAT Helped One Student Earn a Scholarship Plus: A Roundup of SAT-Preparation Software by karen kame 

When Duane Kilgus, of Cary, North Carolina, received the results of his first attempt at the Scholastic Aptitude Test, he was concerned that his combined 880 score, out of a possible 1,600 points, wasn't high enough. Even though his high school grade point average was an impressive 3.6, and he was active in many extracurricular activities, Kilgus knew that a low SAT score could ruin his chances for admission to and scholarships from the colleges he was hoping to attend. For many students and their parents, the concern over SAT scores is a real one.

## WHAT IS THE SAT?

The SAT, a test that most collegebound students must take during high school, is a timed, multiplechoice examination with six halfhour sections: two verbal, two mathematics, one Test of Standard Written English (TSWE), and one experimental section. According to the College Board's 1986 Annual Survey of Colleges, about 73 percent of the four-year colleges and universities in the United States use SAT scores in conjunction with high school academic records to predict college performance. Even though a high score can offset a weak academic record, a less-than-stellar SAT score can land even the brightest student's application in the rejection pile. The fact that one three-hour test could hold more weight than a 12 -year academic career is enough to worry anyone.

To help ease SAT jitters and raise scores, many students enroll in testpreparation classes, hire private tutors, cram for the exam with drill-and-practice workbooks, or practice with one of the many computer programs designed to familiarize students with the SAT format.

## BARRON'S SAT PROGRAM

The best-selling Barron's Computer Study Program for the SAT

[^4]

Duane Kilgus's choice for improving his SAT score.
(Apple, 128K IBM PC, and 128 K Macintosh; \$50) is one of the most logically organized and thorough SAT-preparation computer programs. For this reason, Kilgus's father selected it to help his son prepare for his second attempt at the test. The program has three sample tests designed to reflect the SAT's form and content. There is a short diagnostic test and two complete model SATs that each contain a verbal section, a math section, and a TSWE. Your score on each of these tests is given as an equivalent SAT score. In addition, each section is divided into skill areas, such as analogies in the verbal section or geometry and inequalities in the math section. Performance in each skill area is analyzed to pinpoint strengths and weaknesses.

Testing Mode. Each of these tests can be taken in a timed testing mode or in a learning mode where the answer to each question is explained. The testing mode is meant to parallel the real SAT's. You are given a half hour for each section and cannot continue once your time is up. You may skip questions and return to them or change any answer as time allows. Two timers appear on the screen for each question: One is a pacer that serves as a guide to indicate how much time you should spend on a specific question, and the other is a clock that indicates
how much time you have spent on the test so far.

Learning Mode. The learning mode is untimed. You have two chances to answer each question, and the computer provides hints and explanations for each response you give. Even if you answer a question correctly, the computer explains the answer.

Once you have an idea of what you need to concentrate on, you can turn to the practice exercises for each of the different skill areas.

Flexible Study Plan. Barron's suggests three different study plans depending on the amount of time you plan to spend with the program-the two-day crash program, the twoweek concentrated program, or the 10 -week comprehensive plan. The program is very flexible, however, and designed so that you can focus as much or as little time as you like on any area you choose.

Because Kilgus was most interested in pursuing a science-related course of study in college, he decided to concentrate only on the math drills provided in the package. He spent between 10 and 15 hours per week working with the program during the summer between his junior and senior years at Cary Senior High School. Kilgus believes that the Barron's program helped him more than anything else could have. "I had fun using the computer to study, and I wouldn't have used a book as diligently," explained Kilgus. He especially liked the feedback the program gave.

Helpful Manual. Kilgus also found the study hints and strategies and the mathematics facts and formulas in the manual very helpful. The manual clearly explains what to expect from the SAT. The different types of questions are presented with the instructions that you're likely to find on the real test, followed by a strategy for avoiding common pitfalls. Basic math formulas needed for the math section and a list of vocabulary words, prefixes, suffixes, and word roots are also in

## Make Any Computer Do Exactly What You Want With McGraw-Hill's

 teach you only the final $5 \%$ of the total programming processnamely, how to code in a specific language... information of little value if you don't know how to reach the point in the programming process when you are ready to code.With the Series, however, you'll learn to create your own programs from scratch, even modify off-the-shelf programs. You'll learn enough BASIC and machine language to get you started on the remaining $5 \%$ of the programming process.

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Whether you use computers for business, for personal applications, or for fun, off-the-shelf programs will never do everything you want them to do for you. That's because they were written by programmers to satisfy what they perceived as the needs of the greatest number of potential users-often missing some or many of your specific needs.
That's why McGraw-Hill's new Contemporary Programming and Software Design Series teaches you how to create your own software . . .either from scratch or by making key modifications to existing programs.
There is nothing magical about it. You learn the process of building a computer program step-bystep with McGraw-Hill Concept Modules sent to you one at a time, once a month. Each of the ten modules in the Series takes you through an important step in the development of the structure and detailed logic of a program, including testing, debugging, and documentation.

## Unique Interactive Hands-On Instruction

Each module includes an easy-to-understand guide PLUS a $5^{1 / 4^{\prime \prime}}$ floppy disk containing typical programs and interactive instruction that you can run on Commodore 64 and 128 computers, IBM PCs and PC compatibles for hands-on experience.
In the first Module, for example, when your sample program (Declining Interest Loans) appears on your screen, you'll find errors on certain program lines. You'll also see that the program is only three-quarters completed.

Now comes the fun part. You'll discover

how this program is built, and in the process you'll learn how to identify and correct errors. And by the end of Module 1, you'll actually have completed this program yourself.

But there's more. Special graphics on your screen work in conjunction with the accompanying guide to amplify, illustrate, and deepen your understanding of software design principles.

While the Series includes interactive disks that run on specific computers, everything you learn you can apply to any language or machine. Why is this possible? Because McGraw-Hill knows programming is far more than coding a program into the computer using a specific language. In the real world of computers, $95 \%$ of the programming process is carried out using design techniques that are independent of specific language or machine. It is this crucial $95 \%$ that you thoroughly understand and master in the Series.


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## EDUCATION

the manual. By the time Kilgus had read the manual and gone through nearly all of the program's math exercises and tests, he felt totally prepared to retake the SAT.

## THE PAYPFF

His study efforts paid off. Kilgus's math score increased 120 points (his verbal score remained unchanged), which brought his total
score up to 1,000 points. His improved score not only helped him get into Campbell University in Buies Creek, North Carolina, but it also earned him a Presidential Scholarship for $\$ 1,500$ per year. Kilgus is now enjoying college life and studying such science courses as chemistry, physics, and biology, in hopes of being accepted into the university's pharmacy school.

## THINGS T• LOOK FOR

Barron's Computer Study Program for the SAT is just one of the many programs on the market designed to help students prepare for the Scholastic Aptitude Test. For the most part, these programs are several years old and have proven track records. Even though each package has a slightly different way of presenting the material, there are several basic features that any SAT preparation package should include. Below is a list of things to look for in an SAT program.

- Stand-alone manual with formulas, glossary, and test-taking strategies
- Several types of tests
- Format similar to the actual exam (timed, option to skip questions and return to them later, for instance)
- Review of correct and incorrect answers with explanations of both
- Logical subdivisions of topics for both verbal (analogies, sentence completion, vocabulary, and reading comprehension) and math (geometry, quantitative comparisons, fractions, decimals, ratios, and word problems) sections
- Reliable scoring system that combines data from several practice tests and offers proposed study plans (highlights strengths and weaknesses)
- Numerous exercises to avoid repetition
- Feedback and helpful hints during practice
- Option to save work at any time
- Adaptability to student's needs and time limitations


## SAT SOFTWARE FOR GETTING AHEAD

The following programs are among the best packages available for SAT preparation. They contain most, if not all, of the features listed in "Things to Look For."

## Program and Manufacturer Machine Compatibility/Price Comments

| Barron's Computer Study <br> Program for the SAT <br> Barron's Educational Series <br> 250 Wireless Blvd. <br> Hauppauge, NY 11788 <br> (516) 434-3311 | Apple, 128 K IBM PC, 128K Macintosh: \$50 | Three different study plans (10-week comprehensive. two-week concentrated, and two-day crash). Well-written manual. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Beat the SAT | 64K Apple. Atari, C 64/128, | Optional feedback mode, |
| Spinnaker Software | 128 K IBM PC. 128 K | 1,000-word |
| One Kendall Square | Macintosh: \$40-\$100 | on-screen dictionary. No |
| Cambridge, MA 01239 |  | Test of Standard Written |
| (617) 494-1200 |  | English or math formulas. |
| Computer Preparation for the SAT | 64 K Apple, 128 K IBM PC: \$40 | Questions appear in book. and students fill in on- |
| Harcourt Brace Jovanovich |  | screen answer sheet. |
| 1250 Sixth Avenue |  | Includes 1,000 on-screen |
| San Diego, CA 92101 (619) 699-6726 |  | flash cards. Explanations of answers could be clearer. |
| Lovejoy's Preparation for the SAT | 64K Apple, C 64/128, 128K IBM PC. S50-S6 | Includes on-screen scratch |
| Simon \& Schuster Software |  | with Lovejoy's Concise |
| One Gulf + Western Plaza |  | College Guide. Screen |
|  |  |  |
| (201) 767-5937 |  | manipulation could be simpler. |
| Owlcat SAT Preparation | Apple, C 64/128, IBM PC; | Includes an electronic |
| Course | \$90, 15-hour package; | dictionary. |
| Digital Research, Inc. | \$250, 60-hour package | on-screen manual, SAT |
| 60 Garden Court |  | game, and problem-solving |
| Monterey, CA 93942 |  | advice for practice |
| (408) 649-4343 |  |  |
| The Perfect Score: | Amiga, Apple, C 64/128, | There are 100 questions for |
| Computer Preparation for the SAT | 128 K IBM PC, Macintosh: \$70-\$80 | each topic covered by the SAT. |
| Mindscape |  |  |
| 3444 Dundee Road |  |  |
| Northbrook, IL 60062 |  |  |
| (312) 480-7667 |  |  |

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No purchase necessary to enter the free drawing. One entry per request including Official Rules may be obtained from Britannica Software, 345 Fourth St., San Francisco, CA 94107. Washington and Vermont residents will have postage returned. Requests must be received by March 31, 1988. Drawing to be held on or about April 15, 1988. Void where prohibited by law.

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# ENTERTAINMENT HINTS, NEWS, AND NEW GAME FORMATS 

## NEWS AND RUMORS

$\star$ Sierra On-Line's latest unveiling is Space Quest II: Vohaul's Revenge, the sequel to Space Quest: The Sarien Encounter. Join the ongoing adventures of our favorite sanita-tion-engineer-turned-space-hero,
Roger Wilco, as he encounters new


Roger Wilco returns in Space Quest II.
disasters on the trail of the sinister scientist Sludge Vohaul. A comic book is part of the package and adds to the humor. The game ( $\$ 50$ ) is for the Amiga, Apple IIGs, Aitari ST, IBM PC, and 512K Macintosh.

* We are in the age of the Star Trek Renaissance. Trekkies can now rock to the song "Star Trekkin' Across the Universe;" tune into Star Trek: The Next Generation; and boot up Star Trek: The Rebel Universe from Simon \& Schuster Software. Fans will be excited to know that the game is a graphic adventure, representing a break from the past two text adven-


Unlike its predecessors, Star Trek: The Rebel Universe is a graphic adventure.
tures, Star Trek: The Kobayashi Alternative and Star Trek: The Promethean Prophecy. The game has another new element: You will take on not only the role of Captain Kirk, but also that of Spock, McCoy, or
any other officer of the USS Enterprise. Star Trek: The Rebel Universe is for the Atari ST (\$40) and slated for the C 64/128 and IBM PC. Simon \& Schuster Software says to watch for the fourth Star Trek game, scheduled for release at the end of the year.
$\star$ The definitive board game has been dressed up for the computer age. You can now buy up choice property, such as Park Place and Boardwalk, in Monopoly, the computerized game from Virgin Games. Virgin Games obtained exclusive rights from Parker Brothers, the originators of the board game that has sold 100 million copies worldwide. Monopoly (\$40) is ready for the Apple, C 64/128, IBM PC, and Macintosh.
$\star$ Step behind the Iron Curtain and into a world of espionage, intrigue, and gripping suspense in Border Zone from Infocom. Consecutively play the roles of an American businessperson, an American spy, and a KGB agent, all of whom are entangled in an assassination plot. You'll need to draw upon your resources to stay alert and to keep a steady hand and a cool head. Search dogs, electric fences, and border guards keep you on edge. Every second counts because the game is played in real time. This is the latest creation from Marc Blank, a pioneer in interactive fiction, who brought us Zork. For \$35-\$40, 128K Apple, C 64/128, 128K IBM PC, and 512K Macintosh owners can enter the Border Zone right now.
$\star$ Joining the growing ranks of computer flight simulators is Falcon (\$50) from Spectrum HoloByte. In the cockpit of the Falcon, an F-16 fighter, you'll have all the controls, gauges, and displays within arm's reach. With your IBM PC or IMB Macintosh, you'll perform yo-yos, loops, and scissors and engage in dogfights head-to-head. (For the IBM PC version, you'll need 384 K if you want to access the special feature, a black box recorder.)
$\star$ With a new generation of gamers coming of age, the classic arcade games turned computer games are sure hits. Thunder Mountain, the budget entertainment division of


Dig Dug is for 64K Apple, C 64/128, and 128K IBM PC owners.
Mindscape, is bringing back PacMan, Ms. Pac-Man, Dig Dug, Pole Position, and Galaxian (\$10 each) for 64K Apple, C 64/128, and 128K IBM PC owners.
-LISA WU

## GAME HINTS

THE ETERNAL DAGGER (Strategic Simulations, Inc.). You are invited to participate in a quest that spans several continents and takes you up in the skies, over land and sea, and even deep underwater. The Eternal Dagger won FAMILY \& HOME-OFFICE computing's 1987 Critics' Choice Award (see the January issue) for the best role-playing adventure. (Apple, Atari, C 64/128)
$\star$ Magic Items Chart: Keep track of the scrolls, potions, wands, and staffs that the characters carry and/ or tote in their backpacks. Hold onto the valuable items and sell the less valuable ones.


The Efernal Dagger garnered a 1987 Critics' Choice Award for best role-playing game.
$\star$ Dexterity Chart: Characters with high dexterity are good fighters because they can use their powers first as well as more frequently. Upon reaching 45 on the dexterity scale, a character can handle most opponents.


With our new software, your favorite arcade games come alive
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If you own an IBM, Amiga or Commodore computer - Watch out! Because 4 of Konami's most awesome adventures are about to invade.

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So check out Konami's newest action wherever great software is sold. And be prepared for war.


## ENTERTANNMENT

$\star$ Protection Chart: List each character's bash, cut, thrust, flame, cold, storm, and life-drain defenses. Balance the effect of each character's wound by giving each the appropriate magic object. First give extra protection to your scout and then to your chief wizard and chief priest. If you are in possession of drain-proof armor, keep it; if you find it, buy it.
$\star$ Character Skills and Weapons Chart: Track each character's skills; you should give each one a field of specialty. One character should be master of medicine. Three characters should have high karma and power points. Two characters should have good hunting and tracking skills. There should be one thief with search, trap, disarming, and lock-picking skills, and one scout with scanning abilities.

-JAMES DELSON

New York, New York
THE LURKING HORROR (Infocom). Set in a university, The Lurking Horror begins in the computer lab, where you're working diligently on a program. Bizarre things happen, and soon you find yourself in the dark underground tunnels that connect the "edifices of education." Rats and slimy objects abound, and you may not be blessed with a flashlight. Who knows what you'll encounter next. (Amiga, Apple, Atari, Atari ST, C 64/ 128, IBM PC, Macintosh)
$\star$ To retrieve the keys from the hacker, take the Chinese food from the fridge. Put the food in the microwave and heat it on high for four minutes. Trade the food for the keys.
$\star$ Becoming tired? Drink the Coke that's in the fridge.
$\star$ To move the pallets of junk, drive the forklift to the old storage and move the junk five times.
$\star$ To pass the waxer, wait until the waxer moves to the east, and then follow. Keep doing this until you come to the ax. Put the gloves on and then break the glass cabinet. Take the ax and chop the cord. Pour the wax on the floor.
$\star$ To find the professor and escape from him, make sure you have a knife. Knock on the Alchemy Depart ment door and wait. Show the note (you'll find it on top of the dome) to the professor. Walk south and wait
until he starts chanting. Cut the pentagram with the knife and leave it. Move the workbench, open the trap door, and go down.
$\star$ To escape from the weather dome, dig into the earth. Take the hand and go down. Throw the stone at the creature. Walk down the steps and outside to retrieve the stone.
$\star$ The urchin has something you want; claim it by sticking the hand in the elixir of life and showing it to him.
$\star$ To eliminate the rats, walk east until you come to the steam valve. Open it (with the crowbar): The rats will die. Then close the valve.
$\star$ To take the ax and flask past the tomb of the unknown tool, put the boots on and open the elevator. Stick the crowbar in the doors. Go down. Dislodge the loose brick and take it. Wrap the chain around the crowbar, then use the padlock to keep it from slipping. Go up. Take the crowbar. Go up again and push one of the call buttons.
$\star$ Having problems in the maze? Put the ring on the living hand.
-ERIC SHEW
Pullman, Washington

## PHANTASIE III: THE WRATH OF NIKADEMUS

(Strategic Simulations, Inc.). The Dark Lord Nikademus intends to conquer the entire world. He must be stopped, and you are the chosen savior. You and your crew of six will face Nikademus in the Final Confrontation. In this war-strategy and tactics game, you can either generate new characters or engage


Phantasie III: The Wrath of Nikademus
established ones. (Amiga, 64K Apple, Atari ST, C 64/128, IBM PC)
$\star$ Until your characters’ fighting
strengths are high enough to eliminate the bad guys, use option nine for combat, and keep everyone in the back row. Use missile weapons to wipe out the attacking creatures before they capture you.
$\star$ Each time you dole out your experience points during the first few play sessions, give the full three shares to your wizard, two to your priest, and one to each of your other characters. Since the early part of the game mostly comprises fighting, this will allow the wizard to master combat spells. Strong spells are more effective than strong fighters in keeping the rest of the characters alive, especially against attacks by massive enemy groups.
$\star$ As soon as you have a strong wizard and a strong priest, drop one of your fighters and add a new wizard. Two wizards are better than one.
$\star$ Conserve healing and magic potions. Although the supplies may seem inexhaustible (especially if you teleport from town to town to deplete armory stocks), they are not.
-JAMES DELSON
New York, New York
SHADOWGATE (Mindscape). This interactive graphic adventure sends you to Shadowgate, a decayed, mystical castle. Take a deep breath and move carefully. You are the last of an ancient line of kings, and you must stop the evil Warlock from destroying the land. (Amiga, Macintosh)
$\star$ To obtain a key, open the skull over the arch.
$\star$ In the hallway, open the book, and take the odd torch. You will need it later.
$\star$ The silver arrow points the way to a secret passage.
$\star$ The Wraith is allergic to green flame.
$\star$ Put the sphere on the lake to freeze it. After you obtain the key, melt the ice with the torch.
$\star$ Gather a pebble from in front of the waterfall. Also, look behind the waterfall for useful gems. Save them to use later.
$\star$ In the mirror room, use the hammer on the middle mirror.

## ENTERTAINMENT

$\star$ Load your slingshot with a stone and fire at the cyclops. The well contains a surprise.
$\star$ In the library, read The Magic Arts, Volume One: First Steps to learn magic. Use the scroll in the desk to open the globe in the study. If you have been cursed by the Wraith, the potion will cure you.
$\star$ In the observatory, use the shooting star to operate the painting.
$\star$ In the tower, the silver arrow, the holy water, and the shooting star


Shadowgafe is for Amiga and Macinfosh owners.
will kill the maiden, the hellhound, and the wyvern, respectively.
$\star$ In the lava room, open the magic book, and then use it on the statue.
$\star$ In the well room, make a wish with the appropriately engraved coin.
$\star$ In the throne room, return your heritage to Sir Doogan.
$\star$ Ring the gong to attract the ferryman's attention and give him one of the coins with a skull on it.
$\star$ Use Ulterior Humana on yourself to pass the troll.
$\star$ Use Instantum Illuminaris on the gargoyles to stun them.
-BARRY MORRIS. Newbury Park, California, and adrian roston. New York, New York

## CONVERSIONS

The Bard's Tale (Electronic Arts). Now available for Atari ST and IBM PC. Already out for Amiga, 64 K Apple, Apple IIgs, C 64/128. Reviewed in April 1986 issue and Software
Review 1987.


The Bard's Tale is now ready for Atari ST and IBM PC owners.

Earl Weaver Baseball (Electronic Arts). Now available for 128 K IBM PC. Already out for Amiga. Reviewed in October 1987 issue.

Marble Madness (Electronic Arts). Now available for Apple IIgS and Atari ST. Already out for Amiga, 128K Apple, C 64/128, IBM PC. Reviewed in February 1987 issue.

Might and Magic (New World Computing/Activision). Now available for C 64/128 and IBM PC. Already out for 128K Apple. Reviewed in July 1987 issue.

World Tour Golf (Electronic Arts). Now available for Apple IIGS. Already out for C 64/128 and IBM PC.
Reviewed in March 1987 issue.
EdITOR'S NOTE: Titles listed for the IBM PC will also run on many IBM compatibles. Owing to the proliferation of compatibles, check with the publisher of the program or your dealer for compatibility.

## SEND US YOUR HINTS-AND WIN A FREE GAME!

Don't miss the opportunity to share your original game hints and tips with other readers. Submit entries to: Entertainment Editor, FAmily \& home-office computing, 730 Broadway, New York, NY 10003. Include your name, address, telephone number, a short description of the game, and the brand and model of computer you own. If your tips are selected for publication, we'll award you a new game for your computer. We reserve the right to edit submissions for accuracy, clarity, and length. Unfortunately, we won't be able to acknowledge each submission.


# A computer for the left brain. 



Until now, choosing a computer typically meant choosing between capabilities. If you needed a computer primarily for serious business needs, then a computer with IBM compatibility was the only rational (left brain) choice, right?

But if you were looking for desktop publishing capabilities to display your creativity (right brain), then a computer designed for


[^5]mouse-driven, windowing, graphics software was the way to go. Right?

## The dilemma of choosing

 one or the other is history.Now there's a computer that offers incredible performance in both realms - the AMSTRAD PC 1640.

Our remarkable new computer runs virtually all IBM software, including CAD and DTP, which makes it ideally suited for business and engineering as well as for personal use.
(Sure, a lot of computers offer that, but here's where AMSTRAD leaves them in the dust.)

The PC 1640 also comes with the
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les monochrome graphics, CGA, MCGA, EGA, and VGA). Within limits, you can mix and match these various features to customize your system.

To help clarify the picture, descriptions of the various MS-DOS computer classes, the IBM PS/2 line, and Microsoft's new operating system, OS/2, follow. The one-page "Shopping Tips" section attacks the buying problem from a different angle, looking at the importance of various features, such as type of monitor or disk drive. Finally, the chart lists major manufacturers and models of high-speed, high-capacity MS-DOS machines.

## PCAND XT COMPUTERS

INTEL 8088 AND 8086 CHIPS
The most basic distinction among MS-DOS computers is the microprocessor chip that serves as the central processing unit (CPU)-the "brain" of the computer. There was a time when only techies talked about chips; but now, with the proliferation of MS-DOS models, the type of chip used actually presents an easy way to separate machines.

The original IBM PC and XT models used the Intel 8088 microprocessor. When IBM introduced these models, there were three major distinctions between a PC and an XT-the XT had more expansion slots, a hard-
disk drive, and a power supply large enough to support a hard-disk drive. In the compatibles world, though, this distinction has become meaningless. Most so-called "PC compatibles" today include power supplies hefty enough to handle a hard drive ( 130 watts or more), and many socalled "XT compatibles" are sold without the hard drive installed. The PC or XT label doesn't define the number of expansion slots either. At this stage, ignore the "PC" or "XT" on the label-just check the system features.

The 8088 chip runs at a single speed ( 4.77 megahertz or MHz ). Several similar microprocessors run substantially faster, including the 8088-2 and the 8086 (both at 4.77 MHz and 8 MHz ). Computers with these faster microprocessors are often labeled "turbo PCs," to distinguish them from the original and slower IBM PC.

## AT COMPUTERS

INTEL 80286 CHIP
You see a real jump in performance when you move up to computers based on an Intel 80286 microprocessor. These include the IBM PC AT (no longer manufactured) and compatibles and the IBM PS $/ 2$ Models 50 and 60.

The 80286 is significantly faster (up to 16 MHz ) and can access more memory (up to 16 megabytes or MB) than the 8088 or 8086 chip.

The new IBM PS/2 family, from left to right:
Model 25, 30, 50, 60, and 80.


COMPAQ DESKPRO 386 Model 40 from Compaq Computer Corp.



EPSON Equity III + from Epson America, Inc.

KAYPRO 386 from Kaypro Corp.


In addition, an AT computer normally includes at least one high-density, floppy-disk drive. Compared to a standard 5.25 -inch PC floppy disk that holds 360 K , a highdensity floppy holds $1.2 \mathrm{MB}(1,228 \mathrm{~K})$. An AT disk drive can read information from either high-density or standard floppy disks, but can write information reliably only in the high-density format.

AT computers offer two types of expansion slots. One type (called an 8 -bit slot) can accommodate the same expansion cards used in standard PC and XT computers. The other (a 16 -bit slot) uses expansion cards especially designed for the AT. The 16 -bit slots transfer data more quickly and thus speed up system performance.
The number of each type of slot provided in each machine varies among models and manufacturers (see chart).

## "386" COMPUTERS

## INTEL 80386 CHIP

The Intel 80386 microprocessor represents the next major performance jump in the MS-DOS world. When running MS-DOS software (as opposed to OS/2 software, discussed later), the primary distinguishing characteristic of 80386 computers is their raw speed. All run at 16 MHz , and some run at 20 MHz -blindingly fast.

The first 80386 machines from Compaq and other manufacturers essentially adhered to existing AT standards, as far as operating systems and expansion board configurations go. However, besides AT and XT expansion slots, most 80386 computers also include one or more 32 -bit slots (see chart).
As long as they run MS-DOS, as they all do, 80386 machines are essentially superfast ATs. Making major changes in the operating system and system architecture was left to IBM-a challenge Big Blue accepted and met with its PS/2 Model 80 computer and the OS/2 operating system.

## IBM PS/2 COMPUTERS

As far as microprocessors go, the PS/2 line of computers has the same breakdowns as the aforementioned MS-DOS types. What makes them different? Unlike most MS-DOS computers, the PS/2 machines all run PC-DOS (IBM's customized version of MS-DOS), all use 3.5 -inch disk drives, all use different graphic display routines, and some have different system architectures.

Both the PS/2 Model 25 and the Model 30 are built around the Intel 8086 microprocessor, the same one used in some of today's PC and XT compatibles. However, their 3.5 -inch disks store 720 K , compared to the


# GUIDE TO HIGH-SPEED, HIGH-CAPACITY MS-DOS COMPATIBLES 

Choosing between one computer system and another is not an easy task; especially since list prices for some models include features that are optional on others.

Often, these optional features are as important to the computer system as a steering wheel is to a car. Be aware that the lure of a low price may be deceiving. Here are some things to consider when shopping for a machine.

## What is a Standard Configuration?

For the purposes of this chart, we have defined "standard configuration" to mean a system with a minimum of 512 K , a keyboard, single floppy-disk drive, 40 MB hard-disk drive, Hercules compatible monochrome/graphics display card, monochrome display monitor, parallel port, serial port, and DOS.

When the manufacturer's list price of any unit did not include these basic system requirements, we added the cost of the missing components to the system price. For example, a hard-disk drive controller card is considered optional on some systems when in fact it's required for hard-disk drives. In this case, the system price in the chart includes the price of the controller card. In certain cases, the missing component simply wasn't available (for example, some systems are only available with 20 MB or 32 MB hard drives). Our chart also lists extra components, such as a second serial port, that many manufacturers include in their "standard configurations."

## 80286 MACHINES

| Company |  | Standard/ System | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Floppy-Disk } \\ & \text { Drives }^{3} \end{aligned}$ | Hard-Disk Drive Capacity/ Access Speed |  | Expansion | Micro. processor | Wait State | Softw | ware Included * |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | Price ${ }^{1}$ | Memory ${ }^{2}$ | (included) | (included) | (included) | Slots ${ }^{4}$ | Speed (MHz) | (Cycles) | DOS Ver. | Other | (Months) |
| AST Research. Inc. AST Premium Workstation Model 245 | \$3,490 | 1MB/4MB | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. 2 S. eEGA | 2 AT | 6/10 | 1 | 3.2 | GW, DC | 12 |
| Advanced Logic Research. Inc. ALR Dart System Model 40 | \$3,284 | 1MB/2MB | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. S. MG | 6 AT. 2 PC | 10 | 1 | 3.3 | GW | 12 limited |
| Arche Technologies. Inc. Arche Rival 286 | \$2,195 | 640 KB 1640 KB | 1 | 20MB/65 ms | P. 2 S. G, MG | 6 AT .2 PC | 812 | 1 | 3.3 | GW | 24 limited |
| Compaq Computer Corp. COMPAQ DESKPRO 286 Model 40 | \$5,548 | 640KB/2.1MB | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 30 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. S. M/G | 5 AT. 2PC | $8 / 12$ | 1 | 3.2 | GW. DIA, DC | 12 limited |
| Dell Computer Corp. <br> PC's Limited 286-8 <br> PC's Limited 286-12 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2.099 \\ & \text { S2.799 } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 640 \mathrm{~KB} 640 \mathrm{~KB} \\ & 640 \mathrm{~KB} 640 \mathrm{~KB} \end{aligned}$ | $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \mathrm{MB} / 40 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P. } 2 \text { S. MG } \\ & \text { P. } 2 \text { S. MG } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \mathrm{AT} .2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & 4 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 8 \\ & 6 / 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.21 \\ & 3.21 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{GW} \\ & \mathrm{GW} \end{aligned}$ | 12. on-site <br> 12. on-site |
| Epson America, Inc. Epson Equity II + Epson Equity III + | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3,093 \\ & \$ 3,593 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 640KB640KB 640 KB 640 KB | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | P. S, MG P. S. MG | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{AT}, 3 \mathrm{PC} \\ & 7 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 / 10 \\ & 6 / 8 / 12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.2 \\ & 3.2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GW. DLA } \\ & \text { GW. DIA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \text { limited } \\ & 12 \text { limited } \end{aligned}$ |
| 47th Street Computer Maxum 286 Turbo 6-8 Maxum 286 Turbo 6-10 Maxum 286 Turbo 8-12 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{s} 1.969 \\ & \mathrm{~s} 2,020 \\ & \mathrm{~s} 2.120 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 640 \mathrm{~KB} / \mathrm{MB} \\ & 640 \mathrm{~KB} / \mathrm{MB} \\ & 640 \mathrm{~KB} / \mathrm{MB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $43 \mathrm{MB} / 23 \mathrm{~ms}$ $43 \mathrm{MB} / 23 \mathrm{~ms}$ $43 \mathrm{MB} / 23 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P. S. G. MG } \\ & \text { P. S. G. MG } \\ & \text { P.S. G. MG } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & 6 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & 6 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 / 8 \\ & 6 / 10 \\ & 8 / 12 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $0$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.3 \\ & 3.3 \\ & 3.3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{GW} \\ & \mathrm{GW} \\ & \mathrm{GW} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ |
| Hyundal Electronics America SUPER-286c | \$1,999 | $640 \mathrm{~KB} / \mathrm{MMB}$ | 1 | 30MB/65 ms | P. 2 S. eEGA | $4 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC}$ | 810 | 1 | 3.2 | GW, DLA | 18 |
| IBM Corp. IBM PS/2 Model 50-021 IBM PS/2 Model 60-041 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 3.965 \\ & \mathrm{S5,665} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1MB/1MB } \\ & \text { 1MB/MB } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1^{5} \\ & 1^{5} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20 \mathrm{MB} / 80 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 44 \mathrm{MB} / 40 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P. S. M. VGA } \\ & \text { P. S. M. VGA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{MC}-16 \mathrm{~B} \\ & 7 \mathrm{MC}-16 \mathrm{~B} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 10 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | 3.3 <br> 3.3 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GW. DIA } \\ & \text { GW. DIA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Kaypro Corp. KAYPRO 286 | \$2,995 | 1MB/1MB | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 38 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. S, eEGA | $2 \mathrm{AT}, 3 \mathrm{PC}$ | 6.12 | 1 | 3.21 | GW ${ }^{7}$ | 12 |
| Leading Edge Hardware Products, Inc. Leading Edge Model D2 | \$2.495 | 640 KB / MB | 1 | $65 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. S. eEGA | 4 AT. 2 PC | 6/8/10 | 1 | 3.2 | GW ${ }^{6}$ | 20 |
| NEC Information Systems. Inc. NEC APC IV PowerMate $1^{8}$ NEC APC IV PowerMate $2^{8}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 4,445 \\ & 84,945 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 640 \mathrm{~KB} \text { 640KB } \\ & 640 \mathrm{~KB} 640 \mathrm{~KB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \mathrm{MB} / 40 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 40 \mathrm{MB} / 40 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P. S. EGA } \\ & \text { P. } 2 \text { S, EGA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{AT} . \mathrm{PC} \\ & 6 \mathrm{AT} .2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 / 10 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.2 \\ & 3.2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GW. DLA } \\ & \text { GW. DLA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \text { limited } \\ & 12 \text { limited } \end{aligned}$ |
| PC Designs. Inc. PC Designs GV-286 Model 801 PC Designs GV-286 Model 100 PC Designs GV-286 Model 120 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2.202 \\ & \mathrm{~s} 2.427 \\ & \mathrm{~s} 2,952 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{MB} / 1 \mathrm{MB} \\ & 1 \mathrm{MB} / \mathrm{MB} \\ & 1 \mathrm{MB} / \mathrm{MB} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P. } 2 \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{MG} \\ & \text { P. } 2 \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{MGG} \\ & \text { P. } 2 \mathrm{~S}, \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{G} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & 6 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & 6 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 10 \\ & 12 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.3 \\ & 3.3 \\ & 3.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { GW } \\ & \text { GW } \\ & \text { GW, Desquiew } 2.0 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ |
| Tandon Corp. Tandon Targa 40 Tandon Targa 40 Plus | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 3,079 \\ 83.479 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{MB} / 1 \mathrm{MB} \\ & \mathrm{IMB} / \mathrm{MB} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \mathrm{MB} / 45 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 40 \mathrm{MB} / 45 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P. S. MG } \\ & \text { P. S. MG } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \mathrm{AT}, \mathrm{PC} \\ & 2 \mathrm{AT}, \mathrm{PC} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \\ & 810 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.2 \\ & 3.2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | GW. MS Windows GW. MS Windows | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \end{aligned}$ |
| Tandy Corp. Tandy 3000 HL Tandy 3000 | $\begin{array}{r} \$ 3,649 \\ 84,149 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 512 \mathrm{~KB} / 640 \mathrm{~KB} \\ & 640 \mathrm{~KB} / 640 \mathrm{~KB} \end{aligned}$ | $1^{9}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P. MG } \\ & \text { P. S. MG } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{AT}, 4 \mathrm{PC} \\ & 7 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 / 8 \\ & 6 / 12 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $1$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.2 \\ & 3.2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{GW} \\ & \mathrm{GW} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & 12 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |
| Wells American A'STAR Model 300 A'STAR Model 400 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2.600 \\ & \mathrm{~S} 2,800 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \mathrm{MB} / 1 \mathrm{MB} \\ & 1 \mathrm{MB} / 1 \mathrm{MB} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \mathrm{MB} / 32 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 44 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P. } 2 \text { S. G. MG } \\ & \text { P. } 2 \text { S, G. MG } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \mathrm{AT} .2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & 6 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 68 / 10 / 12 / 14 \\ 68 / 101214 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.3 \\ & 3.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{GW} \\ & \mathrm{GW} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \text { limited } \\ & 12 \text { limited } \end{aligned}$ |
| Wyse Technology WYSEpc 286 Model 2108-20 WYSEpc 286 Model 2112-40 WYSEpc 286 Model 2214-40 | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 2.633 \\ & 84.033 \\ & 84.533 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 512 \mathrm{~KB} / 512 \mathrm{~KB} \\ & 1 \mathrm{MB} / \mathrm{MB} \\ & 1 \mathrm{MB} / \mathrm{MB} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $20 \mathrm{MB} / 68 \mathrm{~ms}$ $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P. S. MG } \\ & \text { P.S. MMG } \\ & \text { P.S. MG } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & 5 \mathrm{AT} .2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & 6 \mathrm{AT}, 3 \mathrm{PC} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 / 12.5 \\ & 8112.5 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.2 \\ & 3.2 \\ & 3.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{GW} \\ & \mathrm{GW} \\ & \mathrm{GW} \end{aligned}$ | 12 limited 12 limited <br> 12 limited |
| Zenith Data Systems Z-248 Z-286 | $\$ 4,649$ $\$ 3,149$ | $\begin{aligned} & 512 \mathrm{~KB} / 512 \mathrm{~KB} \\ & 512 \mathrm{~KB} / 512 \mathrm{~KB} \end{aligned}$ | 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 40 \mathrm{MB} / 40 \mathrm{~ms} \\ & 20 \mathrm{MB} 80 \mathrm{~ms} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { P. S. EGA } \\ & \text { P. S. eEGA } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \mathrm{AT} .2 \mathrm{PC} \\ & 3 \mathrm{AT} . \mathrm{PC} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $8$ | $0$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.21 \\ 3.21 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | MS Windows MS Windows | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 12 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |


| Company |  | Standard/ System | Floppy-Disk Drives ${ }^{3}$ | Hard-Disk Drive Capacity/ Access Speed | Por | Expansion | Microprocessor | Wait State | Softw | are Included * | Warranty (Months) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Model | Price ${ }^{1}$ | Memory ${ }^{2}$ | (included) | (included) | (included) | Slots ${ }^{4}$ | Speed (MHz) | (Cycles) | DOS Ver. | Other |  |
| AST Research, Inc. AST Premium/386 Model 340 | \$5,890 | $1 \mathrm{MB} / 1 \mathrm{MB}$ | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. 2 S, eEGA | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \mathrm{P}, 4 \mathrm{AT} . \\ & 2 \mathrm{PC} \end{aligned}$ | 20 | 0-1 | 3.3 | GW, DC | 12 |
| Advanced Logic Research. Inc. ALR 386/2 Model 40 | 84,579 | 2MB/2MB | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. S, M/G | $\begin{aligned} & 232 \mathrm{P} . \\ & 4 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \end{aligned}$ | 16 | 2 | 3.3 | GW, DC | 12 |
| Compaq Computer Corp. <br> COMPAQ DESKPRO 386 Model 40 | 87,073 | $1 \mathrm{MB} / 10 \mathrm{MB}$ | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P, S, MG | 32-INTEL, 2 <br> AT. 3 PC | 16 | 0-1 | 3.3 | GW, DC | 12 limited |
| Dell Computer Corp. PC's Limited 386-16 | \$4.399 | $1 \mathrm{MB} / 1 \mathrm{MB}$ | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. 2 S, M/G | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \mathrm{P}, 5 \mathrm{AT} \text {. } \\ & 2 \mathrm{PC} \end{aligned}$ | 16 | 0 | 3.21 | GW | 12. on-site |
| IBM Corp. IBM PS/2 Model 80-041 | \$7.365 | $1 \mathrm{MB} / \mathrm{lMB}$ | $1^{5}$ | $44 \mathrm{MB} / 40 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. S. M. VGA | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \mathrm{MC}-32 \mathrm{~B}, \\ & 4 \mathrm{MC}-16 \mathrm{~B} \end{aligned}$ | 16 | 0 | 3.3 | GW, DIA | 12 |
| Kaypro Corp. <br> KAYPRO 386 Model A | \$5,318 | $512 \mathrm{~KB} / 1 \mathrm{MB}$ | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. S, M/G | $\begin{aligned} & 232 \mathrm{P}, \\ & 3 \mathrm{AT}, 2 \mathrm{PC} \end{aligned}$ | 8/16 | 1 | 3.21 | GW. SpeedStor | 12 limited |
| NEC Information Systems, Inc. NEC PowerMate $386^{8}$ | S6.845 | $1 \mathrm{MB} / 1 \mathrm{MB}$ | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 40 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. 2 S. EGA | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 32-INTEL, } \\ & 5 \text { AT, } 2 \text { PC } \end{aligned}$ | 16 | 1 | 3.2 | GW, DIA | 12 limited |
| PC Designs, Inc. PC Designs GV-386 | \$3.428 | $1 \mathrm{MB} / 4 \mathrm{MB}$ | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. 2 S. M/G | 6 AT. 2 PC | 16 | 0 | 3.3 | GW. Desquiew 2.0 | 12 limited |
| Tandy Corp. Tandy 4000 | \$4.749 | 1MB/2MB | $1^{5}$ | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. S. $M / \mathrm{G}^{10}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 32 \mathrm{P}, 6 \mathrm{AT} \text {, } \\ & 2 \mathrm{PC} \end{aligned}$ | 16 | 0-1 | 3.2 | GW. DeskMate II | 3 |
| Wyse Technology WYSEpc 386 Model 3216-40 | \$5,533 | $1 \mathrm{MB} / 1 \mathrm{MB}$ | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 28 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. S. M/G | 6 AT. 3 PC | 8/16 | 0 | 3.2 | GW, DC | 12 |
| Zenith Data Systems Z-386 Model 40 | S6,649 | $1 \mathrm{MB} / 1 \mathrm{MB}$ | 1 | $40 \mathrm{MB} / 40 \mathrm{~ms}$ | P. S, eEGA | $\begin{aligned} & 332 \mathrm{P}, \mathrm{AT} \text {, } \\ & 2 \mathrm{PC} \end{aligned}$ | 16 | 0 | 3.21 | MS Windows/386 | 12 |

KEY: 32 -INTEL $=32$-bit INTEL-compatible slot: $32 \mathrm{P}=32$-bit proprietary slot; AT $=8 / 16$-bit expansion slot; $\mathrm{DC}=$ disk caching; DIA $=$ Diagnostics; eEGA $=$ enhanced EGA (also supports monochrome graphics): EGA = Enhanced Graphics Adapter (supports CGA and EGA); G = game port; GW = GW-BASIC; M/ $\mathrm{G}=$ Monochrome/Graphics (Hercules-graphics compatible); M $=$ pointing device port for the new IBM Personal System $/ 2$ Mouse; MC-16 $=16$-bit Micro Channel slot: MC-32 $=32$-bit Micro Channel slot; $\mathrm{MS}=$ Microsoft; $\mathrm{ms}=$ millisecond; $\mathrm{P}=$ parallel port; $\mathrm{PC}=8$-bit expansion slot; $\mathrm{S}=$ serial port; $\mathrm{VGA}=$ Video Graphics Array; * Check with manufacturer.
${ }^{1}$ System price for standard configurations plus additional equipment added in order to create a system; ${ }^{2}$ Memory that comes with basic system and/or maximum amount of memory that can be added to the motherboard without using an expansion board; ${ }^{3} 1.2 \mathrm{MB} 5.25$-inch floppy-disk drive, except where noted; ${ }^{4}$ Not all expansion slots are available for future expansion; ${ }^{5} 1.44 \mathrm{MB}$ 3.5-inch floppy-disk drive; ${ }^{6}$ Also includes 1.5 Leading Edge Word Processing: ${ }^{7}$ Also includes WordStar Professional 4.0. Word Finder, and SpeedStor: ${ }^{8}$ EGA system with NEC Multisync monitor: ${ }^{9} 360 \mathrm{~K} 5.25$-inch floppy-disk drive; ${ }^{10}$ Also supports color graphics.

## MANUFAGTURERS' INFORMATION

AST Research, Inc.
2121 Alton Ave.
Irvine, CA 92714
(714) 863-1333
(714) 863-1480

Advanced Logic Research, Inc. 10 Chrysler
Irvine, CA 92718
(714) 581-6770

Arche Technologies, Inc.
745 High St.
Westwood, MA 02090
(617) 461-1111
(800) 422-4674

Compaq Computer Corp.
20555 FM 149
Houston, TX 77070
(713) 370-0670

Dell Computer Corp. 9505 Arboretum Blvd.
Austin, TX 78759
(512) 338-4400

Epson America, Inc.
2780 Lomita Blvd.
Torrance, CA 90505
(213) 539-9140

47th Street Computer
36 E. 19th St.
New York, NY 10003
(800) 221-7774
(212) 260-4410

Hyundai Electronics America 4401 Great America Parkway Santa Clara, CA 95054
(408) 986-9800
(408) 980-7561

IBM Corp.
Old Orchard Road
Armonk, NY 10504
(800) 447-4700

Kaypro Corp.
533 Stevens Ave.
Solana Beach, CA 92075
(800) 4-KAYPRO
(619) 481-4300

Leading Edge Hardware
Products, Inc.
225 Turnpike St.
Canton, Mass 02021
(800) USA-LEAD
(617) 828-8150

NEC Information Systems, Inc.
1414 Mass Ave.
Boxboro, MA 01719
(617) 264-8000

PC Designs. Inc.
2500 N.Hemlock Circle
Broken Arrow, OK 74012
(800) 322-4872
(918) 251-5550

Tandon Corp.
405 Science Dr.
Moorpark, CA 93021
(805) 378-6104
(805) 523-0340

Tandy Corp.
1800 One Tandy Center
Fort Worth, TX 76102
(817) 390-3700

Wells American
3243 Sunset Blvd.
West Columbia, SC 29169
(803) 769-7800

Wyse Technology
3571 N. First St.
San Jose, CA 95134
(800) GET-WYSE
(408) 433-1000

Zenith Data Systems
1000 Milwaukee Ave.
Glenulew, IL 60025
(800) 842-9000
(312) 699-4800

# SHOPPING TIPS: HOW TO EVALUATE A SYSTEM'S FEATURES 

Do you need a high-speed 80286 or 80386 machine, or is a standard XT compatible all you require? Do you have to follow IBM into the "brave new world" of $\mathrm{OS} / 2, \mathrm{PS} / 2$, MCA, and VGA in order to keep up with the times? Which monitor and disk drive will suit you best? Let's briefly examine these small pieces of the larger puzzle.

Speed. The MS-DOS universe has followed the Macintosh lead and turned its attention to graphics-based displays, with multiple windows and mouse-oriented point-and-click selection procedures. To make graphics-intensive software work successfully, you need speed-more speed than the XT machines can comfortably provide. Now, there's even some major application software that virtually requires an 80286 machine, notably Microsoft's Excel spreadsheet and Aldus's PageMaker desktop-publishing program. These programs are both graphically oriented, clearly the wave of the future in MS-DOS applications.

In addition to running graphics-oriented software, you can use the increased speed of 80286 computers to expedite number crunching in large spreadsheets and sorting through large databases. However, you can do adequate work with an ordinary PC, particularly if it is outfitted with a math co-processor chip to speed up calculations. And if your primary interests are word processing, education, entertainment, or telecommunications, the speed provided by an XT compatible will be more than adequate.

If sheer speed is the object, why not an 80386 machine? Money! The 80286 machines are much better deals; but if you really need speed and can afford it, an 80386 machine is certainly faster. For some extremely graphic-intensive professional applications, such as computeraided design, the extra expense of an 80386 computer might be justified. The main appeal of the 80386 today, though. is for multiuser corporate installations.

The speed of a computer is generally listed as clock speed (measured in megahertz or MHz ), referring to the computer's internal timer that synchronizes operations. The faster the clock speed, the faster the performance within a computer class. (And there is a direct relationship between clock speed and price-the faster the clock speed, the more expensive the computer.) That is, an AT running at 12 MHz will get the job done significantly faster than an AT running at 6 MHz .

However, clock-speed figures are not valid comparisons among classes of microprocessors. That is, an 80286 machine running with a 16 MHz clock speed is nowhere near as fast as an 80386 machine running at 16 MHz .

In fact, even models with the same CPU running at the same clock speed will exhibit some performance differences based on other hardware considerations, such as memory management techniques or "wait state." Wait state (see chart) affects the overall speed of your system much like a bottleneck affects the flow of traffic on a highway. If there is one or more wait states, the system has to slow down. A state of zero means there's no bottle neck.

Monitor Choices. The new graphical orientation in application and system software requires higher screen resolution and often some kind of color graphics capability. But if you don't feel you need a color display, you can get high resolution for a relatively low cost with a Herculescompatible monochrome system. The text resolution is quite sharp, and many programs (such as Lotus $1-2-3$ ) will display monochrome graphics. When in doubt, go with a monochrome graphics system. which is how the machines in the chart are configured.

If you want a color monitor, the best choice is an Enhanced Graphics Adapter (EGA) system. A standard CGA (Color Graphics Adapter) color monitor connected to a CGA interface will be good for graphics, but the text display won't be sharp enough for extended use.
An EGA monitor and EGA interface, though desirable, are considerably more expensive. Together, the package will run around $\$ 700$, at discount. And while many computers have built-in CGA interfaces, more often than not the EGA interface is an option. The Leading Edge Model D2, Kaypro 286, and Zenith Z-248, however, have EGA video output built-in.

Another option is to buy an enhanced EGA (eEGA) system. This adapter gives you monochrome graphics as well as enhanced color graphics, so you can start with a monochrome monitor and later upgrade to an EGA monitor.

Whatever graphics interface you choose, when selecting a monitor, consider a "multisync" monitor, such as the NEC MultiSync. These versatile monitors are substantially more expensive than standard EGA displays, but offer considerable future expandability. A multisync monitor can work with a monochrome graphics adapter and all other adapters, up to and including a VGA adapter. The most you'll have to do to make the switch is buy a new cable or an inexpensive adapter.

As far as VGA itself, the graphics interface built into the IBM PS/ 2 Models 50 . 60 , and 80 , there's little software that now requires a VGA monitor to run. If and when that changes, you'll be able to add a VGA board to a non-IBM system.

Disk-Drive Choices. Consider the sturdier
3.5 -inch disk, but keep in mind that there's still plenty of software available only in 5.25 -inch format. Adding a 3.5 inch drive later is always an option.

If you are buying an 80286 or 80386 machine, you obviously need power, and so you need a hard-disk drive. Much new application software absolutely requires a hard-disk drive, and many programs that technically will work with floppies are much easier to run from a hard-disk drive. All computers in our chart are configured with a hard-disk drive.

The access speed of the hard-disk drive is important, too. Forty milliseconds (40 ms ) is the acceptable access speed for an 80286 machine. Any hard drive with an access speed higher than 40 ms requires the computer to wait when loading or saving information. The lower the access speed, the more expensive the hard drive.
MS-DOS Versus $\mathbf{0 S} / \mathbf{2}$. One of the main reasons to buy an 80286 or 80386 machine is to have the option of running $\mathrm{OS} / 2$. But even among corporate users with large budgets, there's great uncertainty about the importance of converting to $\mathrm{OS} / 2$, at least right now. Many are taking a wait-and-see attitude. After all, there is no unique application software on the market today that requires $\mathrm{OS} / 2$. The standard advice that "you buy the computer hardware that will let you run the application software you need to run" is still valid in this changing marketplace, and until new software arrives, there is nothing an OS/2 user can do that an MS-DOS user can't, except multitasking.
Moreover, nobody predicts the demise of MS-DOS anytime soon. There are about 16 million IBM XT and AT compatibles around the world. That is an enormous market, and there is no chance that those machines will suddenly become "orphans" just because IBM has shifted gears.

Still, people like to know that they can upgrade to $\mathrm{OS} / 2$ at a later date. If you ever decide you need to run $\mathrm{OS} / 2$, remember that many PC and XT computers can be upgraded to 80286 machines with add-on boards.

Support Services. You'll want to make sure that you'll receive the necessary support services after you make a purchase. Whether you buy from a retail outlet or a mail-order company, you're entitled to af-ter-sale technical assistance. Ideally, a mail-order company will have a toll-free technical-support phone line, and a retailer will gladly help you solve minor problems even after you've signed the check. However, vendors are less willing to help you if you buy your system's components from more than one dealer. Unless you have a good reason to do otherwise, buy all components from one vendor.

360 K of the PC and XT disks.
The PS/2 Model 50 and 60 both use the Intel 80286 microprocessor, while the Model 80 uses the 80386 ; their drives store 1.44 MB . As noted in the accompanying chart, the Model 50 and Model 60 differ primarily in terms of system expandability. Beyond this, the Models 50,60 , and 80 have several key features in common, which make them different from other MS-DOS machines.

VGA Graphics. IBM built a new color graphics adapter into its high-end PS/2 computers. VGA can display 16 colors simultaneously in high resolution (640-by-480 pixels) and 256 colors in medium resolution (320-by-200 pixels). Before VGA, the commonly adopted standard was EGA, which can display 16 colors at a not-quite-as-sharp 640-by-350 resolution.

To support VGA's increased color graphics capability, IBM also switched from digital to analog monitors, which generally display more colorful images.
You don't need a PS/2 computer to display VGA graphics. IBM itself sells a $\$ 595$ add-on board that brings VGA graphics to standard 80286 or 80386 computers. In addition, add-on graphics board makers (such as Paradise, Quadram, and Video-7) have already cloned the VGA board. On high-end PS/2 computers (the 50, 60, and 80), however, no board is necessary because the VGA adapter is built-in.

Micro Channel Architecture. The expansion slots in the PS/2 Models 50, 60, and 80 machines don't accept standard XT or AT expansion boards, breaking the long string of backward compatibility that has helped the MSDOS market grow so rapidly. Instead, these PS $/ 2$ computers adhere to a new standard called Micro Channel Architecture (MCA).

What will MCA boards do that conventional expansion boards will not? They promise to transfer information considerably faster. The related side effects and advantages that brings remain to be seen.

Another unresolved question is the ability of other manufacturers to clone the Micro Channel Architecture, which they will have to do to produce true PS/2 compatibles. Several are working on it, and IBM is reportedly talking to some manufacturers who want to license the technology (see the "Machine Specifics" IBM section in this issue). But the future-and relative importance-of Micro Channel Architecture is unclear.

## OS/2 OPERATING SYSTEM

It has become common practice to refer to "IBM compatible" computers when, in fact, people are really talking about MS-DOS compatible systems. Microsoft, creator of MS-DOS, supplies the operating system to individual equipment manufacturers, who often "tweak" it to work with their hardware's distinctive features. IBM calls its own version PC-DOS; Compaq calls its version Compaq DOS. Applications software, however, runs the same under PC-DOS or MS-DOS.

Microsoft's Operating System/2 (OS/2) will work the same way, with each equipment manufacturer adding desired fillets. Because OS/2 was developed jointly by Microsoft and IBM, and some consumers mistakenly think it runs only on IBM's PS/2 line, you'll probably see ads in which manufacturers boast that their machines can run $\mathrm{OS} / 2$. The fact is that all 80286 and 80386 machines are capable of running $\mathrm{OS} / 2$.

What's the point of OS/2, and why bother changing when MS-DOS has served so many so well for so long? After all, the standard $\mathrm{OS} / 2$ costs $\$ 325$, and upcoming extended editions will cost twice that-while MS-DOS
comes bundled with most computers. The reason for OS/2 is that the 80286 and 80386 microprocessors have powerful capabilities that are not fully exploited by MS-DOS.

0S/2 Benefits. First, the 80286 chip can address up to 16 MB of memory (that's 16.384 K ), but MS-DOS can only address 640 K . Second, the 80286 and 80386 chips support "protected" modes, which enable users to run several programs at once. Each program behaves as if it were running on its own separate computer, thanks to the ingenious system management techniques built into the chip. The ability to run several programs simultaneously is called multitasking.
MS-DOS does not have the capability to fully tap either the extended memory or multitasking capabilities of these advanced chips. Patchwork solutions have been developed, of course, and some work quite well. Most of the major software developers banded together to support an expanded memory specification (EMS) that allows MS-DOS programs to address up to 8 MB of memory. Overlay programs, such as Microsoft Windows and Desquiew, enable users to implement a limited form of multitasking using MS-DOS application programs. None of these approaches, though, completely unleash the performance potential of the 80286 or 80386 chips.

Working together, Microsoft and IBM developed a new operating system to accomplish just that. OS/2 will address up to 16 MB of memory directly, paving the way for enormous application programs. It also fully supports the protected mode of the 80286 and 80386 chips, which makes it a complete multitasking environment.

0S/2 System Requirements. It takes more than just the right microprocessor ( 80286 or 80386 ) to run OS/2. A minimum of 2 MB of RAM is required for the basic OS/2 operating system ( 3 MB of RAM are minimum for the extended edition), along with a hard-disk drive. OS/2 will not run on PC or XT computers.

Well before the first version of OS/2 was released last December, with the essential memory management and multitasking functions, new editions were already planned. A graphics user interface called Presentation Manager will be included in Standard Edition 1.1, promised by IBM for November of this year. The Presentation Manager provides a Macintosh-like environment, very similar to the current Microsoft Windows Version 2.0 or Windows/386 that is controlled with a mouse.

Finally, making use of OS/2 features will require new application programs. In other words, in addition to buying an expensive new operating system, you'll also have to buy expensive new software and possibly new hardware to bring your system up to speed.

## CONFUSION, BUT GOOD DEALS

For all of the confusion in the marketplace, it's still a good time to buy an MS-DOS computer. The reason is financial, plain and simple. With the establishment of a new "high ground" of 80386 computing, came a dramatic drop in the price of both the powerful 80286 machines and the more modest PC and XT systems. You can get a good XT system for around \$1,000 and a good 80286 system for around $\$ 2,000$. These systems include harddisk drives and monitors (see chart).

The price of graphics display adapters has also dropped considerably, though monitor prices have remained fairly steady. Hard drives, which were once priced strictly for big business purchasers, now cost as low as $\$ 300$ (for 20MB drives).

The corporate dream machine of 18 months ago is the home-office computer of today. That's progress.

# Who's Working at Home-and Why? 

# PRODUCTIVITY AND QUALITY OF LIFE ARE MAIN MOTIVATORS - ESPECIALLY FOR BABY BOOMERS WITH CHILDREN ar mick suluvan 

$\mathbf{Y}$ou know colleagues who work at home. You hear of friends who have started businesses in their basements. You read about it in Time, Fortune, and Business Week. You call a company looking for a business contact and are told the person you're calling is working at home for the day.

Who are these people? What are they doing, and why? Do they like it? To answer these and other questions, we called Tom Miller, director of the 1987 National Work-At-Home Survey. The second annual survey conducted by Link Resources, a New York-based research firm, examined in-depth 850 homeworker and 850 nonhomeworker households. The main finding of the nationally projected survey: More than 23 million Americans perform some or all of their job-related work at home.
"Two things stand out in this year's data," says Miller. "More people are relying upon the computer to help them be productive at home, and more people are spending longer hours at home."

Miller is one of those 23 million American homeworkers. He can often be found at home in Geneva. New York, about 350 miles from his employer's New York City office. Surrounded by a computer, a facsimile phone, and a telephone, Miller analyzes data and then disperses it-to clients who fund the survey, corporate newsletter editors, and newspaper reporters. All are hungry for details on this fastgrowing social trend.
When he's not home, Miller is on the road, conducting focus groups with homeworkers or corporations interested in telecommuting programs. He probably sees as many hotels as a circus performer sees tent cities. Once we tracked him down to a Boston hotel and asked for room 42. "You want Miller?" asked the hotel clerk. "He's on the phone." Miller gets to know people in hotels and airports because they help him carry his bulging cases stuffed with computer printouts.
"I keep my pockets full of singles so I can tip porters," he says. "And when I get

[^6]home, I go to a chiropractor."
Much of the Work-At-Home data on product and phone usage is proprietary, since clients have paid top dollar for inside information. Nonetheless, Miller outlined key findings, some of which may describe you.

Q: Disregarding the numbers for a second, can you paint a picture of these homeworkers?
A: The more I look at the data, the clearer the picture that emerges. The whole growth trend may be a function of baby boomers. The essential profile is one of married couples-in certain job positions. with children at certain ages-who blend family and job responsibilities by working

at home part of the time. Productivity and quality of life are the main motivators.

There are many more corporate homeworkers than self-employed homeworkers, and the corporate types are younger and better educated. This reflects not only the baby boom demographics. but a steady change in corporate culture.

Q: Why are people being squeezed so much? It certainly doesn't fit the affluent yuppie/ M.B.A. prototype.

A: I think the declining dollar has a lot to do with it. Take an income of $\$ 40,000$-it doesn't buy what it did 10 or 20 years ago. People don't have much choice except to make more money-by working longer or starting a small business-or to make their lives richer.
Say both parents work. They have to make a lot of money to pay for full-time
child care, and then they don't spend any time together as a family. So, many say, ${ }^{\text {I }}$ want to get out of the rat race. I can make less money but gain control of my time, my life.' The Reagan era has marked a return to conservative, family values.

Q: More than half of your respondents have children 18 years old and younger, and almost 70 percent of the kids are home some time during the day-yef people don't cite children as a reason for working at home. Why not?
A: That's a narrow reading of the data. First of all, many work at home only eight hours or less a week, and their primary reason is to catch up on work. Or maybe it's for corporate advancement. The second and third reasons cited are "convenience," and "no choice," both of which may mean caring for children. Selfemployed homeworkers and those who are home 35 to 40 hours a week more commonly cite family and personal flexibility.

Q: About 25 percent of homeworkers own computers. Does that figure seem high or low to you?
A: It seems low to me. Last year, when we sampled higher income households, the rate was 31 percent. Still, looking at incomes higher than $\$ 30,000$ in this year's data, the rate is 30 percent. And 25 percent is well above the national penetration rate, which is about 17 percent.


Also, if you look at the breakouts, the figures are more telling. More than 64 percent of engineers and scientists own computers; 39 percent of self-employed business professionals, such as consultants. accountants, researchers; 38 percent of salespeople; 33 percent of self-employed home-business owners; 30 percent of finance and insurance professionals.

Q: What industry spawns the most computerized homeworkers?
A: Media, at nearly 40 percent, and the government, at 35 percent.

Q: What type of worker is most likely to work at home?
A: The biggest group is comprised of business professionals, at 25 percent. That group encompasses lawyers, teachers, engineers, scientists, and media and M.B.A. types. Managers account for 14 percent of corporate homeworkers.

Q: Is there any significant difference from last year as far as computer ownership?
A: Last year, self-employed businesspeople indicated a high intent to purchase computers, and that was borne out by this year's figures. They saw the benefits, became comfortable, and really started taking to the machines.

Q: Do many people take tax write-offs on computer and office equipment?
A: Yes, 47 percent amortize their office expenditures. And 65 percent of self-employed amortize, because it's easier for them to do so under the Internal Revenue Service rulings.

## Q: What's the number one task?

A: The most common work-at-home activities are writing and talking on the phone-more than five hours a week for each.

Q: What kind of homeworker doesn't have or need a computer?
A: There are islands of people who have no need for or have a resistance to technology. Certain segments of the blue collar work force-self-employed bakers, plumbers, carpenters-are not computer literate. They work at home after-hours, keeping their books straight, but without computers. Then, there's an older segment that grew up on typewriters; they resist computers. Over age 45, computer ownership drops dramatically.

Finally, doctors and dentists may own computers but are more likely to use them to play games, not do work.

Q: More than $\mathbf{9 0 0}, \mathbf{0 0 0}$ homeworkers use modems, but another 350,000, who once used modems, have stopped. Why?
A: Roughly one-third said the cost was too high; one of six said modems were too hard or complicated to use; and one of 10 said not enough co-workers were reachable via electronic mail.

Q: How many homeworkers own facsimile phones or machines?
A: About 200,000 . And another 100,000

to 125,000 say they plan to buy a fax phone this year.

Q: What can you deduce about the future from the data on modems and fax machines? A: The potential for modems has not been fulfilled yet. Electronic mail has not yet supplanted talking on the telephone-except to specialized users-because it apparently hasn't been perceived as an enhancement or improvement. It's possible that a fax machine, which is easier to use. quicker, and requires no keyboarding skills, may be a productivity tool that is more widely accepted than electronic mail.

Q: What are the major advantages for homeworkers?
A: Reading right from the survey, the top five overall advantages are: Increased Productivity, 40 percent; Fewer Distractions, 38 percent; Being Your Own Boss, 32 percent: More Time for Self, 28 percent; and More Time for Children, 28 percent. Of course, the advantages vary greatly depending on the homeworker segment.

## Q: Where does 'less commuting time' rank?

A: Less commuting ranks sixth, at 25 percent.

## Q: What are the major disadvantages?

A: First of all, 20 percent of the universe says they are unhappy with working at home, which is up from last year's figure. That fits in with the theory that people are being squeezed and often work at home just to keep up.

The top four disadvantages are: Work Too Much, 33 percent; Less Time for Self, 28 percent; Hard to Separate Personal and Work Life, 26 percent; and Less Time for Children, 15 percent.

The disadvantages are basically the opposite of the advantages. But note that they are less strongly expressed, indicating that the advantages outweigh the disadvantages.

Q: Having scrutinized this data for two years, what major trends do you see?
A: First, the number of people who describe their work at home as full-time has
risen 60 percent each of the last two years. Second, the number of corporate homeworkers is growing much faster than the self-employed sector. While the overall homeworker universe is growing 7.5 percent a year, the corporate sector is closer to 9 percent, and the self-employed sector closer to 6 percent.

Q: How are these corporate workers getting away with it? It's a little like playing hooky, isn't it?
A: There was a time when people tried to hide it, especially during the $9-5$ hours, but working at home has more credibility now. It's considered positive, a good trend to be part of.

Q: What's the corporate attifude toward telecommuting?
A: It's a mixed bag. Many managers are convinced that people get more work done at home. But an astounding number of managers are reluctant to endorse telecommuting because they think everyone will want to do it, because they like to see people working in front of them, and because it creates administrative hassles. This last point is valid, but there's a price for everything. What managers overlook is the cost of working in an office, and that includes high absenteeism.

Q: You work at home. What do you like or dislike about it?
A: Number one, I spend more time with my family. Number two is productivity. I get more done in my cocoon than at the office. I miss not having a secretary right here with me, but I certainly don't miss any equipment. I've got a computer and a fax machine.

One thing I do miss by working at home is watching a project evolve from day to day. Working at home, I don't always keep up with the changes, and I don't share them with others. Hearing about something after the fact over the phone just isn't the same.

Q: Have you taken the Work-At-Home survey to see how you compare with the norm?
A: No, I haven't. Never even thought of it. Maybe I should.

# The MS-DOS Hard-Disk User's Guide 

# HOW TO DESIGN A FILE-STORAGE SYSTEM THAT SUITS YOUR WORK STYLE 

BY STEPHEN MILLER

Hard-disk drives are becoming more and more necessary on computer systems that are used with any regularity. Many current programs will work effectively only on hard drives. Even some games come in packages with multiple floppy disks, with the recommendation that they be run from hard drives. Fortunately, the cost of a hard drive has dropped to an affordable level (see February's "Buyer's Guide to Hard-Disk Drives").

The major reason, however, for using a hard drive is to make your computing life easier: No more disk swapping; no more dISK-FULL messages that always seem to occur at the worst possible moment; no more files lost somewhere in a pile of unlabeled floppies. In short, a hard drive can solve the numerous problems that plague computers with dual-floppy systems. As with any solution, though, a hard drive brings its own set of concerns.

Having $10,20,30,40$, or more megabytes of storage can seem wonderful after the 360 K limit on most MSDOS floppy drives $(400 \mathrm{~K}$ or 800 K on Macintosh floppies). But that much space can create other problems. My 20MB hard disk contains 3,782 files. How do I find the notes on an article I wrote a year ago when I can't remember what I named the file? Scrolling
Contributing editor STEPHEN MLLLER writes the Tandy column in the Machine Specifics department. His last feature article was "Connect!: A Dress
Rehearsal for Logging on to Information Systems," which appeared in the December issue.
through all those files and typing out the contents of likely candidates would make me grayer than I am now. Fortunately, MS-DOS is designed in such a way that you can bring some organization to your hard drive using subdirectories. (Macintosh uses a similar "folder" system.)

## SUBDIRECTORIES

The MS-DOS subdirectory system is set up in a tree structure. It begins with a base or root directory. From the root directory, all the subdirectories branch out (hence, the tree analogy). In turn, each subdirectory can have branches, and each of those branches can have its own branches, and so on. Another way of looking at subdirectories is through the parent/

child metaphor. Any subdirectory can be a parent, and subdirectories under it are its children.

Creating Subdirectories. To create a subdirectory, you use the command MKDIR or MD (MAKE DIRECTORY), entering a backslash $(\backslash)$ and the name of your new subdirectory-MDMYFILES, for instance. The subdirectory is formed below the root directory and is ready to store files. Starting from the root (as the parent), we create myFiles and yourfiles as its children (see diagram). myFILES becomes a parent with two children-LETTERS and bills. In turn, letters, as a parent, has business and personal as children. You can extend this analogy as far as you want, adding subdirectories under BuSINESS for specific clients, for instance.

Removing Subdirectories. If you don't like the subdirectories you've established or no longer need them, you can remove them as easily as they were created. The command RMDIR or RD (REMOVE DIRECTORY) is used to delete subdirectories. There are three important things to remember about deleting subdirectories: 1) The command must be given while you're in the parent directory; 2) The subdirectory must be empty of files; and 3) All of its subdirectories must be empty of files and deleted first.
This safety catch prevents you from inadvertently wiping out a number of files. For instance, I couldn't delete the Letters subdirectory if the busiNESS or PERSONAL subdirectories were still active.

Pathnames. Moving around subdirectories is accomplished with the
command CHDIR or CD (CHANGE DIRECTORY), followed by the path that leads you to the right branch of the tree. For instance, to change to the personal letters subdirectory, you would follow its path: CDVMYFILESLETTERS PERSONAL. The statement following CD is called a pathname.

## DESIGNING A SYSTEM

Creating subdirectories is one thing; creating them in a pattern that boosts efficiency is something else. How you organize your hard drive can have either a positive or negative effect on your work. Who's going to be using the computer? How many different programs are going to be used? What kind of work will be done by the various users? The answer to those questions can help determine how your hard drive should be organized. Use the diagrams and systems described here to map your own flowchart on paper before converting it to your hard drive.

There are three main systems for organizing a disk-applicationbased, task-based, or user-based. The application-based system is the most common. It operates on the assumption that each program should occupy a separate subdirectory. In fact, many programs automatically set up their own subdirectories when copied onto a hard drive. The applica-tion-based system further assumes that only one person will be using the computer.

Application-based System. Here's how an application-based drive could be organized for an accountant (see diagram). Our accountant uses three programs-a word processor, a spreadsheet, and a tax-preparation package. Under the root directory, there would be a wP subdirectory, a CalC subdirectory, and a taX subdirectory. All the accountant's correspondence is in the WP subdirectory, all spreadsheets are in the calc subdirectory, and all tax returns are in the tax subdirectory.

Task-based System. The task-based system operates on the theory that work is founded on client services and not on the software. Let's set up the directory structure, based on our accountant's services, using the same three application programs. The accountant does straight bookkeeping for some clients. He also does budgeting and planning. He provides both tax preparation and tax planning. And finally, he keeps his own records. Thus, we create subdirectories under the roots called воокs, Budgets, returns, taxplans, and billing (see diagram).

The three programs-word proces-

sor, spreadsheet, and tax-return pre-parer-are held in their own subdirectories, as before. Our accountant uses whichever program fits the task at hand, then saves the file in the appropriate subdirectory by using a complete pathname. If the accountant is using the word processor and wants to save a file in the BUDGETS subdirectory, the statement SAVE bBUDGETSFFILENAME is used.

Even though different programs may be used to create the budget files, all the files are stored under the BUDGETS subdirectory and easily found. The other subdirectories operate in the same manner.

User-based System. We assume here that our accountant's business has grown to the point where two assistants are needed. The assistants, Ally and Alex, are each assigned to various accounts. The structure for this system is as follows-BOSS, ALLY. ALEX (see diagram). Again, the three main programs are stored in their own subdirectories. As with the taskbased system, all the applications are
used by each person; but each person saves files only in the subdirectory.

However, if Ally creates a file that she wants Alex to read, she can save it in her subdirectory (ALLYFILENAME) and in Alex's (alexffilename). Alternatively, she can copy the file from her directory to Alex's, just as she would copy a file from one disk to another.

Multifaceted System.Obviously,these organization systems can be mixed and matched to create a system to accommodate any kind of business or family need. Here's how a combination system could be set up for our accountant's business. We will start with an application-based system, then divide that into a user-based system, followed by a task-based system (see diagram on next page). Under the root directory, we still have subdirectories called wP, CALC, and TAX. Under each application we will add the BOSS, ally, and alex subdirectories. Under each person's subdirectory will go the BOOKS, BUDGETS, RETURNS, TAXPLANS, and BILLING subdirectories. If you wanted, you could take it to another level by adding subdirectories for each client.

## TREE COMMAND

At this point, the hard-drive system is starting to resemble a Pentagon Table of Organization gone wild. If, in the midst of creating a subdirectory system, you lose track of which subdirectory branches where, use the TREE command in DOS. It will list all the directories, their subdirectories, and all files in each. Use the command TREE /F , PRN to print this information.

The more complex the system, the longer it will take to access the deeper subdirectories. If, for example, you wanted to work on the taxes for one of Ally's clients, Johnson Drugs, you would have to type cditaxiallytax. PlanJohnson just to get to the right place to begin work. Fortunately, there are ways to accomplish that with just a keystroke or two. You can set up a simple menu system using batch files, which will allow you to quickly navigate through a complex file system.

## BATCH FILES

Batch files, which all have file names ending in the extension BAT (filename.bat, for example), enable you to give multiple commands to DOS without typing them one at a time. You can create a menu system using batch files that will automatically change to the correct subdirectory and load an application.

The first thing to do is either create
or alter your autoexec.bat file. This is a file that DOS automatically looks for when you turn on your computer. Here's how to create an Autoexec.bat file that displays a list of menu options when you boot up the computer. While in the root directory (CD), at the C prompt, type:
C) COPY CON AUTOEXEC.BAT

ECHO OFF
CLS

## TYPE MENU.DOC

Z (Press the F6 key or hold down the CTRL key and type the letter " Z .")

RETURN (The system will respond with " 1 file(s) copied.")

Next, we'll create the menu.doc file. This is just a text file with your menu options, which the computer will display when you boot up. Use the space bar to center the text on the screen. Press RETURN to double-space the text.
C. COPY CON MENU.DOC

THE BEST ACCOUNTANT'S MENU

1. WORD PROCESSING
2. SPREADSHEET
3. TAX RETURNS
-Z
RETURN
That's the menu you'll see when you boot up. Now, we create a batch file for each application (1.BAT, 2.BAT,
3.BAT) so that choosing a number from the menu will take you to the application.
C. COPY CON 1.BAT

ECHO OFF
CDIWP
WP (Here, insert the command to run
your word processor.)
CD
CLS
TYPE MENU.DOC

- Z

RETURN
By typing the number of the menu option at the c, prompt and pressing RETURN, you run that particular batch file. You can create batch files 2.BAT and 3.BAT in a similar fashion, inserting the proper subdirectory and program name. The function of each of these batch files is to change to the proper subdirectory and run the program. When you leave the program, the computer looks to the root directory and displays the menu.
You can create any number of batch files to automate repetitive functions (back up files and format disks, for instance). You can even write batch files that run other batch files. If you have a complicated subdirectory structure like our accountant has, you should create a BATCH

subdirectory ( BAATCH ) and keep all those batch files in one place. You can then put the batch subdirectory in your path statement (see below). allowing you to zip around the most complex system with ease.

## THE PATH COMMAND

The PATH command is a powerful DOS function that can make using a hard drive easier. As stated above, each subdirectory has a pathname, for example, ICALCLALLYBOOKS $\backslash O H N$ son. With a task-based or user-based system, problems can develop if you use more than one software package. Look at the most complex system (see diagram), and you'll see that the applications reside in separate directories. How do you get any of them running in different subdirectories? Do you load a copy of the word processor, the spreadsheet, and the tax program into each subdirectory? The copy-protection schemes on some programs won't allow that. Furthermore, you'd just waste valuable disk space copying a large application program into three subdirectories. That's where the PATH command comes in.

If the program or batch file you need to run is not in the current directory, you can instruct DOS to look in other directories for it, locate it, and run it. You can specify multiple subdirectories in this search. By inserting a PATH statement in the autoexec.bat file, you can tell the computer to look in any of the following directories for program or batch files: PATH = C: $:$ :LWP: $/ \mathrm{CALC}:|T A X:| B A T C H$

Once the Path is set, it stays active unless you change it or turn off the computer. If you have a long Path statement-that is, one with many subdirectories-keeping it in the autoexec.bat file saves you from typing it every time you want to run a program or batch file from a different directory.

## LEARN BY DOING

Even if all of this talk about subdirectories and batch files seems abstract and beyond your ken, try doing it anyway. Hard-disk drives are much easier to work with than to read about. Make (MD) and remove (RD) a few subdirectories, just to catch the hang of it. Use the TREE command. Copy the batch file above, just to see how it works. Then customize it for your own purposes. Use the Path command. And, if you want more explicit help, consult Running MS-DOS (Microsoft Press, Redmond, Washington; \$21.95), a clear guide to this often confusing operating system.


NOTE: This is Part One of a two-part article filled with word-processing tips and tricks to help you save time and reduce errors.

word processing, the most popular of all computer applications, is usually the first experience people have with a computer. This association tends to continue, to one degree or another, as long as a person uses computers.

Word processing has one very strong element that makes it easier to grasp than some other computer applications: For the most part, the text that is typed using the keyboard appears character for character on the screen and later on printouts. From teaching software application classes for more than six years, I have found that the majority of people doing word processing tend to learn the features that have strong visual elements about them and ignore the features that require more abstract approaches.

The key to better computing is simple. Whenever possible, let the computer do it! In word processing, the goal is to find as many ways as possible of moving away from visually based, manual editing and toward automatic processing. Of course, you are limited by the features and power of your specific word processor, but almost everyone can take advantage of some of the shortcuts in this article. Also, this discussion may help ROB KRUMM's last article for FAMILY \& HOMEoffice computing was the two-part
"Getting More From Spreadsheets and
Databases," which appeared in the
December 1987 and January 1988 issues.

## Timesaving Techniques for Word Processing DIVIDE YOUR WORK TO CONQUER: PART ONE ву roв квимм

you choose a new word processor that allows you to perform the techniques most useful for you.

## DIVISION OF LABOR

One primary advantage of word processing over other forms of producing a document, such as typing, is that it allows you to create a "division of labor" among tasks. In his novel Les Misérables, Victor Hugo recalls the transition from medieval to modern production in the early 19th century. In the old production system, each worker was responsible for an entire job from beginning to end. First, the pottery worker shaped the clay into the proper form, then painted the decorations, glazed the clay, and baked it in the kiln. But Hugo's hero noticed that some workers were better at glazing pots than shaping them. So instead of having each worker do all the parts, he selected individual workers to specialize in only one part of the process. The result was an overall improvement in total production. This division of la-
bor into specialized areas is the basis of modern production.

When you produce a document on a typewriter you must perform several tasks simultaneously. You need to compose the text, edit for content, correct spelling, and decide on page layout and paragraph format all at once. When you use a word processor, it is no longer necessary to do everything at the same time. You can divide your labor into several separate jobs and concentrate on each one in its turn. Too many people place themselves at a disadvantage by trying to write, edit, format, and cor-rect-with no separation. Common experience dictates that people perform better when they can concentrate on one task at a time.

The best way to use a word processor is to focus first on entering textwhat you want to say. Then go back and perform corrections, manually or with tools such as style or spelling checkers. Finally, go through the document and concentrate on paragraph and page formatting. Format-
ting refers to specifications for margins, tabs, indents, boldface, underlines, centering, and pitch.

In the long run, you will find that you will do a better job on each of these tasks when you divide the labor than when you attempt to juggle all the jobs simultaneously.

## TAGGING YOUR TEXT

While it makes sense to separate the actual formatting from text entry, the best time to make decisions about formats is while you are entering the text. Suppose you are using two different types of headings in a research paper or business propos-al-major heads and subheads-and three different types of paragraphs: normal text, quotations, and notes. You hope the formatting will help a reader quickly see which paragraphs are notes and which are quotations. For example, quotations might have indented margins and be printed in italics. Notes might be indented more than the quotations and be printed in a smaller pitch, the 12 characters per inch (cpi) elite rather than 10 cpi pica. In addition, you want the major headings centered and the subheads underlined. The natural tendency is to actually format the headings and paragraphs as you write. But this method has a few pitfalls:

- It is easy to forget the exact settings you are using for the paragraph indents. For example, suppose you wanted to indent the note paragraphs 10 columns on the left and 7 columns on the right. You might erroneously set some notes at a right indent of 5 or 10 . This mistake is easy to make when you are entering text because it may have been 15 or 20 minutes since you last entered a note.
- Entering text suffers because you've had to interrupt your train of thought to perform formatting commands. Since you might not remember the format for each type of paragraph, you would have to skip back through the text to find a paragraph previously formatted, check its settings, then return to your previous position in the text, and enter the appropriate commands. It sounds almost as confusing as it really is. Yet many of us work that way because it seems natural.

But a better approach to the same task is to tag, or mark, the paragraphs to indicate what style they should be, without taking the time to enter the formatting at the exact moment. Some word processors, such as the MS-DOS version of Microsoft Word, have a formal built-in tagging


Figure 1: Marking sections of text with tags-simple codes such as@SUB@for subheads-lets you separate the act of writing from the task of formatting.
feature. With this feature you can use ALT-letter key combinations to mark paragraphs as headings, notes, quotations, or other specialized text. For example, ALT -N could mark a paragraph as a note. Word's big advantage is that it will automatically add the formatting, such as indents, to the paragraph as it is tagged.

However, the concept of tagging can be applied, in one form or another, in almost any word processorwhether it has a tagging feature or not. You can create your own tags by adding special symbols to the beginning or the end of paragraphs. For example, the \&. ( $a$, and + characters don't often appear in documents. You might begin each major heading with (a and each subheading with (a a. You could also mark your quotations with $\&$ \&\& or your notes with $\& N \&$. (See Figure 1.)

There are several benefits to tagging.

- Typing the tags does not distract you from entering your text. You don't have to use any Control or Function keys, look at any menus, or otherwise interrupt the flow of your work (although you do have to remember your tag characters, with the advantage that you make them up yourself).
- Because tags are simple text items, it is much easier to change a tag than to reformat a paragraph. For example, suppose you can't decide whether a paragraph heading is a major one or a subheading. If you were actually formatting the paragraph, you would have to undo each formatting command if you changed your mind. In a tagging system, you only have to retype the tag.
- With most word processors, scrolling, printing, saving, and retrieving oceur faster in documents if they are not formatted.

When you have completed the tagged document, you can then use
the search command to locate all the paragraphs with the same tag. For instance, suppose you wanted to format the quotation paragraphs. Use the search command to locate $\& G \&$. Then enter your format commands. Continue the search for the particular tag and repeat the format commands. You can then remove the tag by either deleting it or by searching for it and replacing it with nothing. By concentrating on the formatting commands, you are more likely to be consistent in your formats because you are doing them one right after the other (see Figure 2).
Using this procedure results in a document that is consistently formatted in less time than it takes to stop and format each paragraph as you go. Separating tasks with this approach might seem counter-intuitive at first, but in the long run it is much more efficient than trying to do three or four jobs at the same time.
Tagging is an example of how the facilities of word-processing technology cause you to change the strategy of how to approach a task.

## VARIATIONS ON THE THEME

You can extend the logic of paragraph tagging by creating two types of documents. Use the original document as the tagged document. Instead of formatting the tagged document, and in so doing removing the tags, simply make one or more copies of the file. Use the copies to try out different formatting styles. If you don't like the look of a format, you can use another copy of the original document and redo the formatting.

Another variation on the idea of formatting by tags is the use of keystroke macros to automate the process of entering formatting codes. The term "macro," a source of some confusion, refers to large commands that are assembled by linking a set of existing single commands or other

## THE WORLD'S SMALLEST NATION

ABOUT ANDORRA
In a world of powers and super-powers that fight to be the largest and most powerful nations, somebody has to be at the bottom of the ladder. That nation is the tiny republic of Andorre.

The nation of Andorra is officially called the Valleys of Andorra The nation is located in the heart of the Pyrenees Mountains between the better-known nations of France and Spain. Andorra marks the beginning of the Iberian peninsula.

VITAL STATISTICS
POPULATION
The 35,000 people of Andorra live on 188 squere miles of land. That is a population density of about 180.85 people per square mile. The United States has an average population of

A: \ANDORRA.WP
Doc 1 Pg $1 \operatorname{Ln} 5$ Pos 10
Figure 2: Once your writing is complete, search for a specific tag-such as@MAJOR@ for headings-and replace it with the appropriate formatting commands.
keystrokes. In a keystroke macro, the keys you normally press to execute a command or insert text are recorded, and the entire sequence is assigned to a single keystroke combination, such as ALT-Q. When you subsequently perform that keystroke combination, the full sequence is generated, saving time and avoiding errors.
Some programs-such as WordPerfect, Microsoft Word 4.0, and Ap-pleWriter-have built-in macro facilities. Macros are also available on some systems by using such add-on programs as Superkey (MS-DOS) or QuicKeys (Macintosh), which allow you to record macros for any program. Macros work well in consort with tagging paragraphs. For each document tag, you could define a macro that formatted each paragraph. You would then use the search command to position the cursor on each tagged paragraph and execute the appropriate macro for that tag's associated style. You could even include the search command within the macro itself, so that a single keystroke combination would locate and format a paragraph with a specific style tag.
In general terms, here's an example of a similar macro that would link, in order, the following commands to format a quotation paragraph.

- Search for the next $\& Q \&$ (the tag at the beginning of the paragraph). and replace it with nothing (get rid of the tag).
- Stop searching.
- Select the paragraph (this step would most often be needed for word processors that demand that you highlight text before formatting it, such as ones for the Macintosh; it might not be required for others).
- Set quotation margins (your choice).
- Set quotation tab stops (again, your choice).
- Start italic printing.
- Go to the end of the paragraph (with some word processors, you would search for the return character at the end of the paragraph).
- Stop italic printing.


## BLOCKS AND FORMAT FILES

Most word processors allow you to define blocks of text for deleting, moving, or copying. These are powerful capabilities that people generally take advantage of to speed editing. But there are two other very powerful block-oriented operations that seem to be overlooked. They are:

1. Creating a file from a block. This type of function copies a selected portion of your existing document into a separate file. The advantage here is that the block of text-with its specific information and wording-can now be inserted anywhere into any document, not just used in your current one.
2. Inserting a file as a block of text. With this function you pull text stored in small files, such as ones created in step 1, into your current document. Depending on your word processor, this would be either a copy-and-paste operation or a command that loads a file into your current document at your cursor.
These two capabilities-two sides of the same coin-allow you to create a library of small files. These files, sometimes called "boilerplate," contain specialized parts of documents that can be called into your current document. Complex closings to form letters are an example. Each section of text can be stored on disk as a block and recalled at the end of a new letter. Carefully crafted sales letters with modular paragraphs tailored for different audiences are certainly another application.
The idea of maintaining a library of various text blocks on disk is a common notion when compared to an-
other valuable way to use block files. Word processors that store formatting codes directly in the text (such as WordPerfect, WordStar 2000, MultiMate, or AppleWorks) allow you to create block files that contain only the codes for a specific situation such as footnotes-margins, tabs, and font changes-but no text. Let's call them format files.
For instance, suppose that the majority of your documents contain the same types of formats for quotations, headings, or special notes. You can create a format file by storing only the formatted part of the paragraph without the actual text, one for each type of format. WordPerfect formatting, for instance, is controlled by special codes embedded in the text. The format file contains just these codes and no words, allowing it to be combined with any document.
When you want to format a paragraph with special margins or tab settings, you use the command to insert a file into the text. The file will bring in the tab and margin settings. automatically formatting the text. With most Macintosh word processors, you can copy the formatting ruler into the Scrapbook and paste it into documents as needed. Or with the AppleWorks word processor, you could store files of only format codes.
Inserting format files into your text is a possible alternative to using macros to repeat formats quickly without having to re-enter the commands. Format files can be even faster to work with than macros, depending upon how complex the formatting is for that paragraph.

Keep in mind that some word processing programs, such as the original WordStar, do not normally store formatting codes in the text, making the concept of format files irrelevant. WordStar has a little-known feature, however, called a text ruler line that can act as a format file. A text ruler line is a series of characters entered into the text that can be used to set margins and tabs. These ruler lines can be stored in format files and recalled into a WordStar document.

## MORE TO COME . . .

As you've seen-and hopefully tried-with tags and blocks, formatting text can practically become child's play. That way, you can save your attention for the hard part of entering text or the even harder job of writing well. Next month, we'll explore further methods of automating document preparation, including the use of "mail merge" in formatting text. Join us.

# THE SPREADSHEET WARS BORLAND'S QUATTRO AND MICROSOFT'S EXCEL CHALLENGE LOTUS 1-2-3 

by steve morgenstern

No software program dominates its application category the way Lotus $1-2-3$ does. Researchers estimate that 1-2-3 holds $70-80$ percent of the spreadsheet market, while none of its competitors can claim over 10 percent.
Several major challengers have stepped forward recently to "duke" it out with the champ, though, and they must be taken seriously. This is particularly true of Borland's Quattro and Microsoft's Excel. Both come from respected companies capable of providing ongoing support for their products. Each accepts the Lotus standard as a given and builds on it in significant ways. I evaluated preview copies of both programs and feel the King of Spreadsheets now has some catching up to do.

## QUATTRO: A LOT LIKE 1-2-3, AND MORE

The Borland entry will do everything Lotus $1-2-3$ will do and moreat less than half the price ( $\$ 195$ ).

Quattro looks like your basic MSDOS spreadsheet. A few lines of text have been changed, but current spreadsheet users will not feel they have been dropped into unfamiliar territory. The one difference that immediately catches your attention is the absence of the familiar two-line command bar. Instead, a window containing a menu of command options pops up on-screen when you hit the backslash ( $\backslash$ ) key. Select a category from this menu, and additional options pop up in another window.

Installing the program couldn't be simpler. Just copy all the files to your hard disk or to a working-copy floppy , and enter " G " to start the program. The software automatically configures itself to your hardware, recognizing the proper display adapter and any expanded memory or math co-processors in your system.

Noteworthy Features. Quattro uses a technique called "minimal recalculation" to speed up operations. Tradi-

[^7]tional spreadsheets recalculate all the formulas in the worksheet when a single cell is changed. Quattro recalculates only those figures that are dependent on the changed cell. This produces substantial speed improvements, depending on the size of your model. Borland is not the only company following this sensible scheme, though-Microsoft, for example, also uses minimal recalculation in Excel.

Another helpful feature offered by Quattro is a macro recorder. Lotus 1 -2-3 has traditionally required users


View Excel's spreadsheet data and colored graphs on the same screen.
to build macros-a series of commands combined into one unit-by hand, entering macros in a separate section of the spreadsheet. In contrast, Quattro will record actions and commands and automatically store them in a macro.

One of Quattro's most important capabilities for building macros is the extensive debugging function. There are few tasks more frustrating than trying to figure out where a complex macro went wrong. Quattro makes this much simpler by allowing you to single-step through your macro, seeing the result of each command as it is executed.

Quattro Advantages. Graphics is one area where Quattro stands head and shoulders above $1-2-3$. The program will graph your data in 10 different formats, making the most of the colors provided by all the popular graphic adapters, including VGA.

There are 11 typeface choices for labels and a full range of customization options. Lotus $1-2-3$ requires users to exit from their spreadsheet in order to print a graph-Quattro prints directly from the spreadsheet.

The software comes with three-part documentation. The Getting Started book includes a good tutorial section and a chapter, directed to $1-2-3$ users, that points out the differences between the programs. The User Guide provides a comprehensive and comprehensible explanation of all program features, and the Reference Guide alphabetically summarizes all the menu commands and built-in functions.

Works with $\mathbf{1 - 2 - 3}$. Compatibility with the Lotus 1-2-3 standard is not an issue when considering Quattro. The program will accept both files and macros created using either Release 1a or 2.01 of $1-2-3$. It will also write files in either format, so there is no reason a Quattro user can't work side-by-side with a 1-2-3 user and exchange data freely.

In some regards, Quattro reprises the limitations of the market leader. The maximum spreadsheet size is the familiar 8,192 -rows by 256 -columns, and the database functions are virtually identical to those in 1-23 , which means it's not terribly impressive. Also, I miss having a simple Undo command. Overall, though, I could not find an area where the Borland product offers less than industry standard features, and its price/ performance ratio is high indeed.

## MICROSOFT EXCEL: POWER AT A PRICE

One of the biggest stories in personal computing these days is the acceptance of the Macintosh as a business machine, and Microsoft Excel was a major factor in starting this trend. Now those who remained true to Big Blue (or its countless clones) can stop gazing longingly at the Mac screen. The PC version of Excel has arrived, and it's a strong testimonial to the potential of a Windows-based environment.

## SCOHLARE REMIN

The path to a so-called "graphical interface" is not for those with shallow pockets or tight purse strings, though. Excel is one of the few products that requires at least a PC AT compatible or faster system, along with a hard disk. Make that a big hard disk, too, since the program files (complete with Windows) and all the tutorial files eat up about 5 MB .

Microsoft has also taken the high road when it comes to pricing-Excel retails for $\$ 495$.

Happily, once you've cleared the hardware hurdles and parted with the hefty price, Excel delivers the richest environment available today for number crunching.
Noteworthy Features. One look at the screen and you're likely to echo Dorothy's words when she landed in Oz : "I have a feeling we're not in Kansas anymore." The screen is laid out Macintosh-style, with black-on-white type and menus along the top.
You can use Excel without a mouse-but I certainly wouldn't want to. Each command on the main menu bar or the individual dropdown menus has an underscored letter: F for File and E for Edit, for instance. To select a command, you hold down the ALT key and tap the appropriate letter. Fine as far as it goes. But instinct goes out the window when faced with several commands with the same first letter. File, Formula, and Format are all on the main menu. ALT-F accesses File, ALT-R gives you Formula, and ALTT brings you to Format. The same confusion prevails throughout the multiplicity of program menus.

Similarly-using ALT-key com-mands-you can change the size of a window or adjust the width of a column or the height of a row. But to really feel the freedom involved in Excel, you need to move the onscreen pointer with a mouse and just put things where you want them. Want to make the window smaller? Grab the edge, and drag it over till it fits the way you want it. Column too narrow? Grab it, and widen it. It's fast, fun, and totally instinctive.
Excel Advantages. Many traditional spreadsheet limitations simply evaporate in this environment. Want to see two different spreadsheets at once-or three-or six? No problem. Just open the files, and arrange them the way you want.

Highlighting and emphasizing sections of the spreadsheet are further
strengths of this graphically based system. For instance, there's no reason to use just one typeface in your spreadsheet: mix boldface and italics for emphasis, if you like, and larger and smaller type sizes. You can create on-screen forms that look like forms-an invoice, for example, or a fully customized report.
A further example of the advantages of a graphic interface arises when constructing charts. Excel comes with 44 predesigned charts that can be refined to suit your needs. These charts are not only described, though; the program presents you with a gallery of thumbnail pictures of each chart type. Select the one you want, and your data is immediately rendered in that style. Not satisfied? Just click on another possibility, and the chart is redrawn.
More than 1-2-3. Excel has all the


Print up to 10 types of graphs directly from Quaffro's competent spreadsheef.
mathematical muscle you could want, with 131 built-in functions. There are 12 built-in formats for numbers plus 9 time-and-date formats. If nothing there fits, you can define custom formats, streamlining entry of Social Security numbers or parts numbers, for example. If spreadsheet size is a factor, Excel delivers. The maximum worksheet dimensions (with lots of expanded memory, of course) are 16,384-rows by 256 -columns.
A nontraditional approach to macros proves very successful in Excel. Most programs make macros part of an individual spreadsheet, recorded in some out-of-the-way group of cells. Like Quattro, Excel offers a macro recorder function and saves the macro definitions in separate macro sheets. That means you can use the same macros in any worksheet.
Excel lacks the powerful macro de-
bugging tool provided by Quattro (although there is a debugging macro in the supplied macro library). When it comes to debugging your worksheet itself, though, there are superb tools at your disposal. After you've selected a cell containing a formula, use the Show Info menu choice to list all cells that depend on that cell and all cells on which that formula is dependent.

Documentation is top-notch. It includes a Getting Started and Quick Reference booklet, a Reference Guide, a Functions and Macros Guide, and a Sampler providing practical ideas for employing the program's features. Two extensive online tutorials provide a very effective introduction and practical experience. The on-line help system is also first-rate.

Microsoft Excel is anything but another Lotus clone. At the same time, the $1-2-3$ standard is acknowledged through compatibility; Excel will read and write 1-2-3 format files. Lotus macros require some conversion, but there is a built-in translation assistance function.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

The apples-and-oranges factor is evident in comparing Quattro and Excel.

Quattro is a very capable spreadsheet that is close to the $1-2-3$ standard, with a few notable improvements. If money is an issue, Quattro clearly shines. It will run perfectly well on an inexpensive system.

Excel is a different ball game-a power user's tool. Even if they were giving away the program, you'd need an expensive, hard-disk-equipped machine to run it. When coupled with Windows 2.0 or higher, Excel can be part of a complete, integrated work environment. This is clearly the direction in which the IBM and compatibles world is headed-albeit following a path laid out by the Macintosh. It seems appropriate, and a little ironic, then that the program blazing the trail to widespread acceptance of a graphics-oriented environment in the IBM world is Microsoft Excel. (See the Software Guide on page 67 for Quattro and Excel specifications.)
note: As these reviews went to press, another impressive new spreadsheet crossed my desk-Lucid 3-D. Look for a complete review of that program in an upcoming issue.


Q: I'd like to typeset via modem. Can you please tell me how to go about doing this? What type of software do I need? Can a Hayes-compatible modem do the trick, or do I need a Hayes model? What do I look for in a modem that will enable me to telecommunicate nationwide? Where can I learn the typesetting symbols and their meanings?
-C. PICkel, Lebanon, Ohio
A: Your best bet for getting started is to first visit local typesetting houses. Look for them under "Typesetting" in your Yellow Pages. It's becoming common now for typesetting houses to hire freelance workers. Employers will be looking for fast, accurate typists. Some firms lend or lease computers to their home-based workers; all of them provide training, since the typesetting codes aren't entirely uniform throughout the industry.

Wait until you land a typesetting firm as a client before buying software. What you will need is a full-featured word-processing package, probably XyWrite, WordStar, WordPerfect, or Microsoft Word.

If you find that you need a modem (an alternative is to send disks from home to the type house), there are lots of choices. I recommend a Hayes or Hayes-compatible modem that transmits at 1200 baud or faster. High-end models have more features and are more resistant to noise on the telephone line; this results in fewer transmission errors.

One choice is PC 2400B, a modem from the directsales company PC's Limited ( 1611 Headway Circle, Bldg. 3, Austin, TX 78754; [800] 426-5150). For \$300, you get an internal modem for MS-DOS computers that will work at 300 baud, 1200 baud, and 2400 baud, depending on the speed of your client's receiving modem.

Or you could buy the top-quality Hayes 1200 B , an internal modem for MS-DOS computers, which lists for \$489, but is currently discounted by dealers to about S300. I bought my Hayes 1200B modem several years ago by mail order. Although I was nervous about installing it myself, I didn't encounter any difficulty.

The key to effectively using your modem lies in choosing the right software. I found my Smartcom II, which
Joanne h. Pratt. president of Joanne H. Pratt Associates,
Dallas, Texas, has 28 years of experience in operating homebased businesses. Her company conducts research and consults for private and government clients.

# Home-office SHPPTALK AN EXPERT'S ADVICE ON STARTING, MAINTAINING, AND EXPANDING A HOME-BASED BUSINESS 

BY JOANNE H. PRATT

came bundled with the Hayes modem, very awkward to use. The manual was overwhelming; as I fumbled through it, I became so afraid of telephone charges building up that I sent my files on disks by overnight mail.

But my recent switch from Smartcom II to PereLine (Peregrine Data Systems, Inc., 5365 Baron Dr., San Jose, CA 95124; [408] 356-6105; \$70) has changed me into an eager user of my previously idle modem. What I find so helpful about PereLine is its system of menus that pop up in multiple windows. The instructions lead me right through the sequence of setting up phone numbers and protocols so that I've only had to resort to the manual a few times.
For more information, refer to "Her Type of Business: How One Homemaker Set up a \$100,000-a-Year Typesetting Service in Her Basement" (see the Home Office department in the April 1987 issue).

Q: We are a retired couple, and each of us wants to separafely set up a home-based business after we move into a new home. Can you give us some pointers on arranging our home office?
-V. and R. Ellis. Tucson, Arizona
A: Unless you really want to become 24 -hour roommates, I highly recommend setting up two separate officeseven if one office has to double occasionally as a guest room. Most couples who "office" together at home find that working within talking distance of a spouse means constant interruptions for help, advice, or chatter. That distraction, combined with noise from one spouse's telephone, computer, or printer, can be frustrating to the other spouse.

For help on furnishing your offices, Working from Home (by Paul and Sarah Edwards, Jeremy P. Tarcher, 9110 Sunset Blvd., Los Angeles, CA 90069; 1987, $\$ 12.95$ ) provides excellent tips for choosing the right spaces. Line drawings illustrate how to outfit your rooms with desks, storage boxes, and partitions, so that they serve well for business, and if necessary, other uses.

You also can find inspiration from the color photographs in Sunset Home Offices and Workspaces (\$6.95), published by Sunset Books in 1986.

You also will need to look into the local zoning code to find out which permits, if any, are required.

# "Youre pond scum, McGibbis:" 



## by Chris Gray

Fly your Gizmo ${ }^{=1}$ DHX-1 Attack Chopper to three totally new, totally challenging ground missions. Can you hack it, Johnny "Jimbo" McGibbits?


## STICK IT TO HHE MAD LEADER 3 NEW WAYS

Jimbo Baby McGibbits is back - in Infiltrator IIwhere you'll find two of the hottest adtion categories: combat helicopter simulation and three new military adventures.


Step into Jimbo Baby's boots and get back into the action - where action means neutralizing a deadly nerve gas, nullifying a few neutron bombs and subtracting one


Mad Leader from this old globe.

Feeling up to it, Jimbo? Or have those five course meals and fancy dolls turned your mind to mush?


[^8]
# PROIDUCT REVIEWS <br> EVALUATIONS OF COMPUTERS, PERIPHERALS, AND HOME-OFFICE EQUIPMENT 

## COMPUTERS

## Blue Chip paPopular Model 20

manufacturer: Blue Chip
Electronics, Inc.
address: 7305 West Boston Ave., Chandler, AZ 85226; (602) 961-1485 PRICE: $\$ 1,195$

In an aggressive effort to attract those purchasers who neither wish to pay for the "state of the art" in microcomputers nor need it, Blue Chip offers the pcPopular, a line of IBM PC clones with reasonable price tags.

## LOTS OF EXTRAS, LOW COST

Since the pcPopular is a massmarket product, don't expect a lot of fancy footwork. While it is certainly a cut or two above many other PC XT clones, breathtaking it is not.

But the pcPopular Model 20 I tested was bundled with an impressive number of extras for an impressively low price. For $\$ 1,195$, you get 512 K of RAM, a 360K 5.25-inch floppy-disk drive, a 20 MB hard-disk drive, a standard AT-style keyboard, a mouse, a color graphics/monochrome graphics card, a real-time clock/calendar with battery backup, MS-DOS 3.2, GW BASIC, and GO! tutorial software. (Unfortunately, a monitor is not included with this \$1,195 unit.)

## SETUP

Setup entails plugging in a few cables and booting up with the GO! disk in drive A. The two three-ring manuals give you all of the hardware information you'll need to set up the computer and begin. A thoughtful feature is the clear labeling of all of the rear-panel connectors and switches. One switch changes the processor speed ( 4.77 MHz or 8 MHz ), and one selects either monochrome or RGB output.

There's also a reset button. The


## PCPOPULAR SPECIFICATIONS

MICROPROCESSOR: $8088-2$ ( $4.77 / 8 \mathrm{MHz}$ ) MEMORY: 512 K , expandable to 640 K on the motherboard
OPERATING SYSTEM: MS-DOS 3.2
BUILT-IN PORTS: parallel, serial, mouse, and game
EXPANSION Slots: Five full-size video (only one slot is free)
VIDEO MONITOR (not supplied): Amber (\$130), Green (\$100), RGB (\$350) DISK DRIVES: 360 K 5.25 -inch floppy and 20MB hard disk
software included: MS-DOS 3.2. GW BASIC, GO!, Logitech Mouse driver, Diskbased Diagnostics
LIST PRICE: $\$ 1,195$

IBM PC and most clones require that you turn the computer off and on again to recover from a keyboard lockup. But there's no need to jolt the electronics if you have a "hard reset." Good move.

Not such a good move is Blue Chip's use of the rear-panel keyboard connector. IBM started this "standard," and most clone manufacturers have gone along with it. The connector should be on the front panel (as it is on Epson, Leading Edge, and Vendex machines), where it is least likely to be subjected to stress and strain. Why take the cable through three bends if it really isn't necessary?

## PERFORMANCE

As for the performance of the model I tested, no surprises cropped up at either normal speed $(4.77 \mathrm{MHz})$ or turbo speed ( 8 MHz ). To determine its reliability, I left the system run-ning-morning and night-for an entire week. It neither overheated nor glitched in any way.
In addition to running the supplied software, I tested a range of IBM software demanding IBM compatibility. Nothing failed to workdatabase managers, utilities of all kinds, word processors, spreadsheets, programming languages other than BASIC, or games. There may be programs out there that won't run the way they should, but I haven't found any.

All ports-printer, serial, game, and monochrome video (I used a Zenith monochrome monitor)-worked normally. The mouse, which I tested with PC Paintbrush, also worked well. However, I wasn't wild about the way the mouse-a flat, angular unit-felt, though I had no complaints about its functionality. The mouse software includes menu installations for a number of pieces of popular software and the capability of custom designing menus for just about any software.

I was impressed with the GO! software, a graphically attractive DOS shell that leads the user through various software activities-word processing, data management, and so on. GO! is a great anxiety reducer for newcomers to computing.
What I liked least about the pcPopular was its keyboard. All the keys were where they should have been, but their feel was mushy. I preferred a snappier, "clickier" feel. If I were buying the pcPopular, I'd soon have to buy a new keyboard.

This computer should be looked at closely by anyone who wants to step into the PC-compatible world and wants to do so at a modest cost. It will do everything you expect an IBM compatible to do and can be easily modified. For a modest initial invest-
ment, you get a reliable, albeit somewhat old-fashioned computer that can be souped up as your computing requirements change.
-HENRY BEECHHOLD
CIRCLE READER SERVICE 100

## Tandy 1000 TX

manufacturer: Tandy Corp. address: One Tandy Center, Fort Worth, TX 76102; (817) 390-3700 PRICE: \$1,199
While Tandy gave its 1000 HX computer the pizzazz (see review in the January issue), the company granted the HX's cousin, the 1000 TX, the raw speed and the power. The TX, the top of Tandy's 1000 line, uses the Intel 80286 microprocessor. Although the machine has a $286 \mathrm{mi}-$ croprocessor, it isn't truly an AT compatible; because it's not a 16 -bit machine, the HX runs slower than other 286 computers-but faster than Intel 8088-based PC and XT compatibles.
The machine comes with 640 K of RAM and has five 10-inch expansion slots. (The success of the original Tandy 1000 has made third-party support profitable so there are a number of expansion boards that fit this shorter format.)

The TX uses the higher capacity


TANDY 1000 TX SPECIFICATIONS
MICROPROCESSOR: Intel 80286 ( $4 / 8 \mathrm{MHz}$ ) MEMORY: 640 K , expandable to 768 K ( 640 K for MS-DOS; 128 K for video memory) on the motherboard
operating system: MS-DOS
BUILT-IN PORTS: Parallel, serial, monochrome/color graphics adapters, composite video, two joystick, headphone expansion slots: Five 10 -inch expansion slots (8-bit)
dISK DRIVES: One 720 K 3.5 -inch disk drive software included: MS-DOS 3.2; GW-
BASIC; Personal DeskMate 2
LIST PRICE: \$1,199


## Now, The Creative Business ToolQume Soft Fonts

3,000 years after the Phoenicians perfected their alphabet, Qume ${ }^{\text {s }}$ is the only company with a complete offering of soft fonts. Available for most laser printers and major application software packages-all licensed from leading type designers like Compugraphic, ${ }^{(1)}$ International Typeface Corporation, and Linotype-Qume fonts are the originals!

In business, writing correspondence and keeping records with a minimum of fuss has always been a top priority-even during the time of the Phoenicians. Those ancient traders and merchants developed the first written alphabet using symbols to represent sounds made during speech-the beginning of the perfect business tool.

Today, Qume's full family of downloadable soft fonts add creativity to the power of the alphabet. For PostScript ${ }^{(18}$ printers and typesetters, Qume Adobe PostScript Typefaces are available in both Macin-
tosh ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ and $\mathrm{IBM}^{\circledR 1}$ formats. Qume Office Series Typefaces are designed for use with Hewlett-Packard Laserjet Plus ${ }^{\text {Tu }}$ Series Printers. And for the Ventura Publisher ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ user, there's Qume Professional Series Typefaces. Why limit your creativity just to resident fonts?

For the authorized Qume supplies dealer nearest you, call 80054 -FONTS. And don't forget to ask for the Qume Full Family of Downloadable Soft Fonts brochure. When you expand your desktop publishing application software with Qume soft fonts, the alphabet will never be the same! Sorry, Phoenician is not available.


## PRODUCTR REVIEWS

720K 3.5-inch drives, though it comes with only one. That's actually a good idea since the machine can take either a 5.25 -inch drive, another 3.5 -inch one, or a hard-disk drive. If you decide on a hard drive, you'll need a hard-disk drive controller card to install it. If the TX is a step up in power from an earlier MS-DOS machine, installing a 5.25 -inch drive as the second drive allows you to use the programs that still aren't available in the smaller format.

Personal DeskMate 2 comes bundled with the machine. It uses the Macintosh/Windows/Presentation Manager style graphic interface with pull-down menus, icons, and dialog boxes. In addition to the Text, Filer, Spreadsheet, Telecom, and Paint programs, there is a snazzy music composition program that takes advantage of the three-voice chip.

All in all, the 1000 TX is a solid, fast, and affordable mid-range machine. Even though it doesn't come with a monitor, (an RGB monitor costs about \$300), it's still a nice value in Tandy's tradition.
-STEPHEN MILLER
CIRCLE READER SERVICE 101

## PERIPHERALS

## Brother M-1724L Text. Graphics Prinfer

MANUFACTURER: Brother International Corp.
address: 8 Corporate Place, Piscataway, NJ 08855; (201) 981-0300 HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: IBM PC or Macintosh
PRICE: \$899
In the not-so-distant past, it seemed hard enough to find a printer that worked with my computer and software. Today, buyers like me can insist on much more-namely speed, versatility, ease of use, and good value. A printer like the Brother M1724 L serves well those who dream of faster printers with better print quality but don't want to pay the price for it.

Because the M-1724L uses a 24pin printhead instead of a 9-pin (which you're probably more accustomed to), it takes only one pass to make fairly sharp near-letter-quality characters. And that, of course, means speed-up to 216 characters per second (cps) in elite draft mode.
(Letter-quality printouts, of course, are much slower.)

Among the type sizes and styles the M-1724L prints in are pica, elite, enlarged, emphasized, condensed, superscript, double strike, underlined, and near-letter quality. With a 16.5 -inch-wide carriage, the printer accepts several paper sizes and has both a continuous and a friction paper feed. Unfortunately, while printers such as the Epson LQ-850 will automatically roll back the continuous feed and roll in the single sheet, the M-1724L requires that you do this manually.

An attractive display panel in the front of the machine makes controlling the printer a breeze. The printer's three emulation modes are Epson, IBM, and Diablo/Brother HR Series, selected through DIP switches. To get to the DIP switches, you have to open up the cover and reach down below the printhead. For some, this may be an uncomfortable thought.

When a printer is as versatile as the M-1724L, a manual explaining all the options is crucial. Brother's manual is complete and easy to un-

This year, make your tax preparation fast and simple. Just type in your figures and Tax Advantage ${ }^{\mathrm{TM}}$ will do the rest. Adding here, deducting there. Planning, calculating and printing out your tax forms so perfectly that the I.R.S. will accept them right out of your printer. And Tax Advantage sells for under $\$ 60$.

No wonder it's been the number one tax
program four straight years. Now, it's brought to you by Monogram, publishers of Dollars and Sense ${ }^{\circledR}$, the world's best-selling personal financial management program.
You can buy Tax Advantage wherever software is sold.

This year, file tax forms so meticulous that not one of those 102,206 people can find anything to pick at.
derstand; there's no index, but the table of contents is fairly complete.

The M-1724L is an attractive, solidly constructed, and relatively quiet printer, thanks to the foam strips underneath the printer that absorb vibrations. Both serial and parallel ports are located on the left side of the printer, and the power cord is on the right side. While this is certainly more convenient and less cumbersome (you're less likely to get your paper tangled up with the power cord and printer cable), it also requires more desk space than you may be willing or able to part with. -LINDA WILLIAMS
CIRCLE READER SERVICE 102

## HOME-OFFICE EQUIPMENT

## The AP2002 Name-Dialer Telephone

manufacturer: Colonial Data
Technologies, Inc.
ADDRESS: 80 Pickett District Road,
New Milford, CT 06776; (203) 355-
3178
PRICE: $\$ 180$
Early auto-dial phones relied on
hand-written charts-or your memo-ry-to link code numbers to names. The recently introduced CDT Model AP2002, however, comes with an alphabet keyboard next to its numeric keypad. The keyboard is used to store names-whether actual or code-with accompanying numbers.
The advantage is that you don't have to wonder whether it is your best client who's 01 and your best friend who's 02 or vice versa-you just type in names. In fact, in most instances, you'll only need to type in the first three letters of a name (for example, SAM for SAMUELSON). The AP2002, which comes in al-


The AP2002 Name-Dialer Telephone stores up to $\mathbf{2 0 0}$ names.
mond and gray and uses two alkaline C batteries, will store 200 such name-number combinations, with names of up to 16 characters and numbers of up to 32 digits.

The AP2002 has a number of other attractive features: two-line input with hold and conference buttons; a better-than-average speakerphone, with volume control, for hands-free conversation; a mute button for privacy; redial with a one-minute redial option; ring, hold, and in-use lights; and a clock, timer (for measuring the length of time you've been on the phone), a high-low ringer, a flash button (for disconnecting without hanging up or for accessing a PBX), and a pulse-tone control switch. (A oneline, 130 number model, the AP2001, lists for \$130.)

And programming the AP2002 is fairly straightforward, though there are errors in the owner's manual that tend to complicate matters. Still, after a couple of weeks' use, the AP2002 will relieve you of the burden of using a Rolodex, code numbers, or-heaven forbid-your memory. -MARK BITTMAN CIRCLE READER SERVICE 103


# USING HYPERCARD EVERYONE'S FIRST SCRIPT How to Connect Cards with the Press of a Button 

BY JOHN J. ANDERSON

The phenomenal rate at which the supply of HyperCard stackware is growing has surprised even its enthusiasts.

What is the reason for this?
Well, think about this: Stacks build beautifully upon each other since HyperCard is extremely modular. One card, one button, one field, one script, or a portion of that script, can be ported to any other stack with a quick copy-and-paste sequence.

Last month we took our first look under HyperCard's hood. We saw how the straight-shooter qualities of the HyperTalk language make creating scripts in it inviting since the lines are stated in plain English. Scripts tell HyperCard what to do, and this time around we'll look at linking cards and buttons on the fly, without actual scripting-and then we'll take the plunge with a HyperTalk script that adds exciting special effects to a link between two cards.

## LINKS IN THE CHAIN

HyperTalk is interwoven so ingeniously into HyperCard that the HyperTalk programming environment can work for you as automatically and intelligently as possible. Perhaps the clearest example of this is in linking cards with buttons.

One of the first actions you'll ever want to make in creating your own stacks is to construct a button, so that when that button is pressed, you proceed to a preselected card in the stack. Let's move through the steps that accomplish this.

1. First you need to create at least a couple of cards. To do this you'll have to be set to the painting, authoring, or scripting level of HyperCard. You can select your user level from the User Preferences card in the Home stack, the last card in that stack (type GO TO THE LAST CARD or GO LAST in the message box). For now, set your level to "Scripting."
2. Now select "New Stack" from the File menu. When HyperCard prompts you for a stack name, type MY FIRST STACK or anything else you

JOHN J. ANDERSON, a regular contributor to FAMILY \& HOME-OFFICE COMPUTING, started Acme Dot Company, which makes HyperCard stackware.


Proportionally scaling the width and length of a photograph or illustration lets desktop publishers determine its placement on the final printed page. With Proportion Wheel 2. I, it's easy to figure out any image's new size.
like (up to 31 characters with no colons, ":"). You'll also notice a check box called "Copy Current Background," which is the default mode. Click on it to turn it off and give yourself a new blank page.
3. Next, choose a paint tool from the Tools menu. Notice how, if you continue to pull down the menu, the tool-palette box will "tear off" the menu bar. Now you can place it wherever you like. Choose your favorite paint tool-the pencil, paintbrush, spray can, or a shape-and paint whatever you'd like.
4. When you're ready to create another card, select "New Card" from the Edit menu. You may create as many cards as you like in this new stack, but for our purpose here only two are necessary. You can look through a stack of cards by selecting "Next" and "Prev" from the Go menu, by pressing the right and left arrow keys, or-especially for those who have an older Mac without arrow keys-you can flip between cards by pressing COMMAND-3 and COM-MAND-2.
5. Now you want to link these cards by creating a button on one that will move you automatically to the other. Select the oblong button tool from the Tools menu. Then choose "New Button" from the Objects menu. A
rectangular button that reads "New Button" will appear on your current card. You may now move and alter the size of the button with the mouse.
6. By double-clicking on the button, you automatically bring up its information box. Here you can name the button and select its look and properties, such as an icon.
7. To link a button with a card, you need only to click on the "LinkTo . ." button in the information box. You then shuffle through all the cards in your stack until you get to the card to which you wish to link. Click on "This Card" in the answer box, and your link is complete. It's really that simple.
8. Now bring up the button's information box again. Below the "LinkTo . . . " dialog button is a "Script . button (that leads to the script box). If you click on it, you should see something like this:
on mouseUp
go to card id 12345
end mouseUp
HyperCard has created a link between your new button on one card and any other card to which you'd like to move. HyperCard has also automatically "written" a corresponding HyperTalk script that means-in even plainer English-when you click


## USING HYPERCARD

on the button with your mouse ("on mouseUp"), you go to the card that's identified with number 12345. And "end mouseUp" indicates to HyperTalk the end of the script that began with your click. You need not concern yourself with the card's numeric code-its number will drop directly into your HyperTalk script.
9. Return to the Tools menu and select the browse tool (the pointing finger cursor). Bring the cursor to your new button and click. You will immediately move to the exact card you selected.

Although the details of HyperTalk may still elude you, you have successfully created a HyperTalk script!

## CLONING BUTTONS 1.2-3

You can make your own version of that linking script--and you need not make it from scratch but from modular HyperCard parts instead. It's just as easy as letting HyperCard write it automatically, albeit with a few more steps-but in trade you'll get to jazz up the link with a visual, "movie-like" special effect.

1. Go back to the card in your stack with the button created in step 5 earlier. Activate button mode by clicking on the torn-off Tools menu.
2. Click on your button, and it shimmers with the "marquee" around it. Choose "Copy Button" from the Edit menu. You have put an exact copy of the button into the Mac's memory.
3. Then choose "Paste Button" from the same menu. A copy of that button will appear right on top of the first button; the copy will seem as if it's not there. Drag the new button to the side, and you should now see two buttons.

You have cloned a button. Any HyperCard object-whether button, field, card, or background-can be copied and subsequently moved to any other card or stack by following similar steps.

## BUTTONING THINGS UP

Now we're going to add that promised special effect, and at the same time see what it's like to write our own scripts.

1. Double-click on your newest button. At the top of the information box is a text field called "Button Name." It should say "New Button." Naming buttons is not mandatory, but go ahead and give it a new name anyway. It's good to get in the habit of naming all your buttons-and other

## STACKS OF THE MONTH

Note: All stacks on CompuServe (CIS) will be found in the new HyperCard Forum (STACKWARE). All stacks on GEnie will be found in the Macintosh RoundTable, Library 15 . The exact name under which the stack is filed can be found at the end of each description.

Proportion Wheel 2.1 helps desktop publishers scale photographs or illustrations for professional printing. For example, say you have an 8 -inch by 10 -inch photograph that needs to be reduced to fit in an approximately 3 -inch by 4 -inch box on the page. Simply tell Proportion Wheel three of the following four specs-the photo's original width, new width, original length, and new length. In this case it would tell you the photo would actually need to be sized to fit either a 3.2 -inch by 4 -inch box or a 3 -inch by 3.8 -inch box to maintain its original proportions. If that size box is too big for your page, you could easily try other figures. Measurements can be in picas (one pica equals $6 / 72$ inch) as well as in inches or a mix of the two. (Proportion Wheel lets you know that "It is customary to measure width in picas and length in inches, but you are not held to those traditions.") Proportion Wheel shows how practical HyperCard applications don't have to take up much spacethe graphically attractive stack consists of only one card. Less than 9K on-line, so it's
a short download. Public Domain (free); all rights reserved. By André Hinds for Fanques, Inc., Box 3271, Tulsa, OK 74101 (CIS: 71510.262; GEnie: A.HINDS). Available on CIS, in DL 8 (PRWHL2.SIT); GEnie (proportion wheel 2.1).

Now that spring training is here again, fans will want to browse through the 1987 Baseball Stat Stacks. It brings baseball cards to life with complete, interactive statistics from last season. Four stacks come in the set: National League hitters, National League pitchers, and one of each for the American League. Each card in each stack represents one ballplayer and contains complete season stats. By doing multiple sorts through the data, you can uncover information that's potentially unavailable elsewhere. For instance, you could sort the stack by both position and slugging percentage to see who the best sluggers are at each position. These stats are so useful that the agent for Mike Schmidt-the Philadelphia Phillies' future Hall of Famer-purchased a set of them to use in negotiating contracts for more than 30 players. including Schmidt. In addition to HyperCard stacks, the stats are available in formats compatible with Excel, OverVue, Filemaker Plus, Reflex, and dBase III Plus (MS-DOS). \$20 (\$15 for 1986 stats: $\$ 30$ for both years). Available from SportsWare, (408) 842-0190.

HyperCard objects such as fields and cards-even if the names won't show, because as you advance in HyperTalk skills, the name will let you more easily "call" the object when you need to manipulate it in a script.
2. Click on the "Script . . . " button to bring up the script box. In it, there's already a short snippet of HyperTalk! Look familiar? This tiny script was generated automatically when you linked your first button with a card. When you pasted the new button, its script was also copied from your first button.
3. Let's talk HyperTalk, and modify this script. With your mouse, drop the cursor down to the beginning of the second line of the script. Type VISUAL EFFECT DISSOLVE, then press RETURN. Now click on "OK" in the script box.
4. You are now programming in HyperTalk. So, before you do anything else, double-click on the new button while holding down the SHIFT key. This maneuver skips the button information box and goes directly to the script box, which should read (only the number is different):

## on mouseUp

## visual effect dissolve

go to card id 12345
end mouseUp
Now click on "OK."
5. Reset to the browse mode by choosing the pointing finger from the tools palette. Click on the new button. Now, instead of a direct cut from card to card, your card with the buttons dissolves smoothly to the original linked card. Most people find the effect very attractive.

Eight separate types of visual effects in moving from card to card are available in HyperTalk: zoom, iris, barn door, wipe, scroll, dissolve, checkerboard, and venetian blinds. Additionally, the speeds and directions of these effects are variable, resulting in a full complement of "cinematic" tools. We'll go into more detail in an upcoming column, but for now try these substitutions in your script: visual effect zoom open
visual effect wipe left
visual effect scroll up
Note that visual effects are not only for fun. They have a unifying purpose and significance in a stack. For instance, you might want all help cards to "zoom open," which gives the user a sense of moving to a new level. Or the turning pages of a book could be simulated by a "wipe left" effect.

See you next time.

# SOFTWARE GUIDE 

Welcome to FAMIIY \& HOME-OFFICE COMPUTING's Software Guide. The following table relates to the review charts that follow. It lists the various types of computers as designated under "hardware requirements" (and other hardware designations throughout this issue), the models included under each designation, and the minimum memory requirement (unless otherwise indicated).

| DESIGNATION | MOPELS | MINIMUM MEMORY |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Amiga | 500, 1000, 2000 | 512 K |
| Apple | II, II Plus, Ile, IIc, IIgs (in Ile/c mode) | 48K |
| 64K Apple | II Plus, Ile, Ilc, IIGS (in Ile/c mode) | 64K |
| 128K Apple | IIe, Ilc, IIGS (in Ile/c mode) | 128 K |
| Apple IIGS | IIGS only | 512 K |
| Atari | 800, 600XL, 65XE, 130XE | 48 K |
| Atari ST | 520ST, 1040ST, MegaST | 512 K |
| C 64/128 | C 64, C 128 (in 64 mode) | 64K |
| IBM PC | PC, XT, AT, PS/2, and compatibles | 256K |
| Macintosh | 128K, 512K, Plus, SE, II | 128K |
| Tandy CoCo | 2, 3 | 64 K |

Please note: All Apple designations (except for IIGS) include compatibles such as the Laser 128 or Franklin 2100. Titles listed for the IBM PC will also run on most IBM PC compatibles (as well as on the IBM PS/2 series); check with the program's publisher or dealer for compatibility. Any additional hardware listed is required unless noted as "recommended" or "optional." In many cases, "2nd drive" refers to either a floppy-disk drive or hard-disk drive. Key: $\bullet=$ Overall performance, given the limitations and capacities of the particular computer for which the software is intended. $\mathbf{D}=$ Documentation, or the instructions that accompany a program. EH = Error Handling, the software's capacity to accommodate errors made by the user. PS = Play System (in the Entertainment reviews), the quality of the game's design and its playability. $\mathbf{G Q}=$ Graphics Quality, evaluated in light of each model's graphics capabilities. $\mathbf{E U}=$ Ease of Use after the initial learning period; varies from computer to computer. $\mathbf{V}=$ Value for money, or how the software measures up to its price.

## BUSINESS \& PRODUCTIVITY

## Tifle <br> Publisher Price

## BYLINE

Ashton-Tate Corp. 20101 Hamilton Ave. Torrance, CA 90502
(213) 329-8000
\$295 © 1987
DAYFLO TRACKER
DayFlo Software 17701 Mitchell Ave. N.
Irvine, CA 92714
(714) 474-1364
\$100 © 1987

## DOS RX

Timeworks. Inc. 444 Lake Cook Road Deerfield, IL 60015
(312) 948-9200
\$60 ©1987
GEOPUBLISH
Berkeley Softworks 2150 Shattuck Ave. Berkeley. CA 94704 (415) 644-0883
\$70 © 1987
INSTANT PAGES
Electronic Arts
1820 Gateway Dr.
San Mateo, CA 94404
(415) 571-7171
\$50 © 1987

## Brief <br> description

Desktop publishing particularly well-suited for MS-DOS computers, since it's run solely with the keyboard-no mouse. Do electronic "pasteup" as you combine text (created with your word processor or the built-in editor) and graphics. Recommended. $\dagger$
A big database (occupies more than 900 K of disk space) that can store up to 16 pages of data divided among any number of fields. Appropriate for tracking everything from due bills to investments and deductible expenses, but the hard drive requirement is a limitation for some people.

Memory-resident (meaning always accessible) DOS utilities, for such tasks as copying files. combined with nonresident DOS tools, for such chores as recovering from accidental hard-disk formats. Useful, but incompatible with graphics-based programs.
Desktop publishing for the C 64 reaches new heights with this GEOS-based package. Lets you set up master layouts that are easy to reuse with various jobs, and it reflows text around newly inserted graphics. Includes a text editor, preview mode, and more. $\dagger$ - hunt Simplified desktop publishing that offers efficiency instead of elegant type fonts or graphics. Good for such items as all-text newsletters, but the "graphics" are created one character at a time. Not professional, but for its price, does a bang-up job. -summers


RATINGS KEY © Overall performance: D Documentation: EH Error-Handling: GQ Graphics Quality: Eu Ease of Use: V Value for money: O Poor: $\star$ Average; $\star \star$ Good: $\star \star \star$ Very Good: $\star \star \star \star$ Excellent: N/A Not applicable: E Easy: A Average; D Difficult; CP Copy Protected, yes or no: + Longer review follows chart

| Tifle |
| :--- |
| Publisher |
| Price |
| MICROSOFT EXCEL |
| Microsoft Corporation |

Microsoft Corporation 16011 N.E. 36th Way Redmond, WA 98052
(206) 882-8080
\$495 © 1987

## QUATTRO

Borland International 4585 Scotts Valley Dr. Scotts Valley, CA 95066
(408) 438-8400
\$195 © 1987

## READER

Infoh
P.O. Box 37745

Honolulu, HI 96837
(808) 538-3111
\$70 © 1986
RECORD HOLDER PLUS
Software Discoveries, Inc. 137 Krawski Dr.
South Windsor, CT 06074
(203) 872-1024
\$70 © 1987
SOFTWOOD GS FILE
SoftWood Company
P.O. Box 90331

Santa Barbara, CA 93190
(805) 964-8622
\$100 © 1986, 1987
VARSITY SCRIPSIT
Tandy Corp.
One Tandy Center
Ft. Worth, TX 76102
(817) 390-3700
\$100 ©1987
VIZAWRITE DESKTOP
Progressive Peripherals \& Software
464 Kalamath St.
Denver. CO 80204
(303) 825-4 144
\$150 © 1987

## Brief description

The PC version of Excel may have all you ever wanted from a spreadsheet-if you have enough hardware to support it. The smoothly done graphical interface is a delight to operate, and it's functional, too. (See longer review in features section.) -MORGENSTERN
Will do everything Lotus 1-2-3 can do, along with several extra capabilities, yet it costs less than half the price! Also allows you to import 1-2-3 worksheets and to create new worksheets compatible with 1-2-3. (See longer review in features section.) -MORGENSTERN
Do you often need to read text files on disk without altering them? Then take a look at Reader, which displays text in the often-more-legible "reverse video" (dark letters against a light background, just like real pages). Doesn't do anything else, though.
-ROTTENBERG
Multiple-choice, plain-English commands for creating records make this flat-file database a welcome, economical choice. Yet some problems when printing put a damper on my full appreciation. Still, it's useful for both small businesses and busy families. + - NOVAK Makes creating and maintaining databases almost fun with its mouse-driven, pull-down menu interface. Includes such helpful features as predefined fields (such as Phone or Date), two on-screen views (list or column), and a report function. + -ZORNBERG
This latest incarnation of the venerable word processor doesn't skimp on features: It includes a spelling checker and the capability to generate a table of contents or index. Some flaws, such as no permanent default drive for files, disappointed me, but it's solid overall.
-miller
Half word processor, half desktop-publishing program-all with some real pluses, such as resizing and repositioning images and automatically transforming those images into a gray scale for printouts. But it can't process text in columns, and it comes with only the standard Amiga workbench fonts. -Summers


## EDUCATION \& CRI:ATIVITY

CRYSTAL PAINT Great Wave Software 5353 Scotts Valley Dr. Scotts Valley, CA 95066 (408) 438-1990
\$80 © 1987

## POSTCARDS

## Activision

2350 Bayshore Parkway
Mountain View, CA 94043
(415) 960-0410
\$25-\$30 © 1987
SELECTRIP
SelecTrip, Inc.
2443 Fair Oaks Blvd., \#335
Sacramento, CA 95825
(916) 424-1277
\$49 ©1987

Kaleidoscopic effects come to life with a drawing program that makes it easy to create ornate designs reminiscent of the art of M.C. Escher or the tapestries and rugs of the Middle East. It can even draw by itself. Fun, but too pricey for what you get. -LATIMER
Two purposes here: To make comic cards to send to friends or for a business to design notices to send to customers. Comes with dozens of graphics (some quite bizarre), 25 blank postcards, and a glue stick. A central menu makes it exceptionally easy to use.
-ODISIO
As a vacation planner, this program is a good idea with a major flaw: The travel data is based on specific tours, not general information about countries. Thus, large gaps riddle the data, even though it touts a file base of about 2,500 tours. -ROTTENBERG

| 512K Macintosh. Printer optional. | N | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \\ & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ | $\star$ | A | * |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reviewed on C 64/128. Also for 128 K Apple, IBM PC. Clip-art version for Apple IIgs, Macintosh. | N | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ |  |  | E | * |
| IBM PC. 2nd drive, color monitor, printer optional. | N | * | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\star}{\star}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ | E | * |

RATINGS KEY O Overall performance: D Documentation: EH Error-Handling: GQ Graphics Quality: EU Ease of Use: V Value for money: O Poor: $\star$ Average: $\star \star$ Good: $\star \star \star$ Very Good; $\star \star \star \star$ Excellent: N/A Not applicable: E Easy: A Average; D Difficult; CP Copy Protected, yes or no: + Longer review follows chart

## Turn your IBM into aln Arcade.



LOCK-ON ${ }^{\mathrm{ww} *}$ - Flight simulation comes alive as you soar into the third dimension! Pilot your jet fighter against enemies on land, in the air and at sea.
IKARI WARRIORS ${ }^{\text {T }}$ * - You and your partner are engaged in guerilla warfare as you battle through jungles, rivers, and ruins in this interactive 2-player arcade hit. VICTORY ROAD ${ }^{\text {" * }}$ - Our heroes from lkari Warriors return to battle the monstrous Stonehead and his army of bizarre, inhuman creatures!


KARNOV ${ }^{\text {" }}$ - Karnov, the fire-breathing Russian, faces an onslaught of fiendish foes as he seeks the Lost Treasure of Babylon.
COMMANDO ${ }^{\text {m" }}$ - As the crack shot Commando, you must battle overwhelming odds to break through enemy lines and reach the fortress!
TAG TEAM WRESTLING ${ }^{\text {w }}$ - Teamwork and stamina are the keys, as you and your partner wrestle your way through the Title Matches in your quest for the belt.


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## EDUCATION \& CRIEATIVITY

| Tifle <br> Publisher <br> Price | Brief <br> description |
| :--- | :--- |

## SUPERPRINT

Scholastic Software
730 Broadway
New York, NY 10003
(212) 505-3000
\$50 © 1987

## VIDEO TITLE SHOP

Datasoft/IntelliCreations 19808 Nordhoff Place
Chatsworth, CA 91311
(818) 886-5922
\$30-\$40 © 1987
WHAT THEY DONT
TEACH YOU AT
HARVARD BUSINESS SCHOOL
Reality Technologies, Inc. 3624 Market St.
Philadelphia, PA 19104
(215) 387-6055
\$50 © 1987

## ENTERTAINMENT

BOULDER DASH CONSTRUCTION KIT
Epyx, Inc.
600 Galveston Dr.
Redwood City. CA 94063
(415) 366-0606
\$25 © 1987

GO
Infinity Software
1144 65st St., Suite C
Emeryville, CA 94608
(415) 420-1551
\$40 © 1987
SEARCH AND DESTROY
Broderbund Software
17 Paul Dr.
San Rafael, CA 94903
(415) 492-3500
\$15 ©1987

## SKI CRAZED

Baudville
5380 52nd St., S.E.
Grand Rapids, MI 49508
(616) 698-0888
\$30 © 1987

## STREET SPORTS

BASKETBALL
Epyx, Inc.
600 Galveston Dr.
Redwood City, CA 94063
(415) 366-0606
\$40 © 1987

## TEST DRIVE

Accolade, Inc.
20813 Stevens Creek Blvd.
Cupertino, CA 95014
(408) 446-5757
\$30-\$45 © 1987

From the small (miniature designs) to the large (giant posters) to various sizes in between, SuperPrint brings new meaning to the term printout. Lots of extras here, such as a preview mode for large creations and a library of more than 200 graphics. +
-solomon
Are your homemade videotapes missing something? Sure they are-credits! Design the lettering and visual effects (such as scrolling) with your computer, play it on your monitor, then record with your VCR. Not easy to use, but effective if you're patient. -odisio

## Brief description

-odisio

A simulation that spans the course of 25 years and has you employ networking, negotiating, and managing techniques to get ahead in business, with "coaching" along the way from agent Mark McCormack. Some helpful information here, but too much is banal or superfluous (such as, "No wimpy handshakes"). Do you truly need software to tell you this?

- Cole

One of the best arcade/strategy games around continues with 15 brand-new screens (which are caves you mine) and a simple-touse, menu-driven, construction kit for building your own screens. The hidden power of the construction set makes this package more than just "Boulder Dash III." + -Langendoen
The ancient Chinese board game has been so well adapted to the computer that it's versatile enough to be enjoyed by both novices and experts to Go. Not only can you play against the computer, but also-with a mo-dem-against a person in another location. + -donahue
Intense play action marks this submarinehunting game, as you command a destroyer on the lookout for enemy vessels. Set your ship's speed, course, sonar settings, depth of detonation for depth charges, and more.
Weak graphics and sound, however. -DELSON
After the thrills-in the form of ski jumps, ice patches, slalom flags, and moguls (small mounds of snow)-the chills set in, and the action cools down. The main problem is that all 15 slopes are too easy to navigate. The game needs more variety, too. -Langendoen
Unlike an organized game, "pickup" basketball can be played in many venues-school playground, back alley, suburban street, or parking lot. Those are just some of the choices in this fast-paced sports simulation, where even klutzes like me can win. -DELSON It's too bad the challenges are limited as you drive one of five exotic sports cars. While the graphics are great to look at, theyre not always accurate ( for example, all accidents. including blown engines, result in a broken windshield).
-TORRES

| Hardware <br> required |
| :--- | :--- |
| Reviewed on 128 K |
| Apple. Also for IBM PC. |
| 2nd drive |
| recommended. |
| Mouse optional. |


| 512K IBM PC. 2nd <br> drive. Hard-disk drive <br> recommended. |  |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Reviewed on 64K Apple. <br> Also for Atari, Atari ST, <br> C 64/128. IBM PC. <br> Joystick, color monitor <br> optional. |


| Reviewed on C 64/128. |
| :--- |
| Also for 64 K Apple. |
| 128K Apple, Atari. |
| Joystick optional. VCR |


| 512K Macintosh. 800 K drive. | N |  | $\star$ | * |  | A | ^ $\star$ $\star$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| IBM PC. CGA or <br> Hercules. Joystick <br> optional. | Y | $\star$ | $\star$ | $\star$ | $\star$ | A | $\star$ <br> $\star$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\star$ | $\star$ | $\star$ |  |  |
| $\star$ <br> $\star$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\star$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 64 K Apple. Joystick. | Y | $\star$ | $\star$ | $\star$ | $\star$ | E | $\star$ |


| Reviewed on C 64/128. Also for Amiga, 64 K Apple, IBM PC. Joystick(s). | Y | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ | $\star$ | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ | A | \# |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reviewed on Amiga. Also for Atari ST, C 64/128. IBM PC. | Y | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ |  | D | $\begin{aligned} & \star \\ & \star \end{aligned}$ |

# SOFTWARE REVIEWS 

On the following pages, you'll find in-depth reviews of some of the programs listed in the Software Guide. Refer back to the Guide on page 67 for information such as copy protection and addresses of software publishers.

## BUSINESS \& PRODUCTIVITY

## Byline

HARDWARE REGUIREMENTS: 384 K IBM PC publisher: Ashton-Tate Corp. PRICE: \$295
Most desktop-publishing programs work with a mouse. Byline is different. Using the keyboard alone, you build a document by combining various text and graphics files that were created originally with other software. If you have ever put together a newsletter or an advertisement, you know the procedure. You print out and assemble the various parts, usually by pasting them to another piece of paper, which are then copied and printed or duplicated in some manner.
With Byline, you perform pasteup with a computer. The program creates a file that defines your publication: Each page has a spec sheet, along with spec sheets for its individual text and graphics elements.

When you begin, you are presented with a page spec screen, which shows a proportional image of the page and a list of parameters to be filled in, such as left and right margins. Here's where you can put a larger margin on the side that will be bound or hole punched. How do you know which is the inner side? Don't worry, the program has formats for both sides: If the proportional page image appears on the left side of the screen, then the inner margin is on the right, and vice versa.
Text is usually created with your word processor, but, if necessary, you can use Byline's editor to change portions of text. However, be aware that you are actually working with the original file on disk, and any changes you make will be made to that file. One atypical feature is Byline's ability to read Lotus 1-2-3 and Symphony worksheets, as well as dBase III Plus (or compatible) database files.


Graphics may be created by such programs as PC Paintbrush, PC Paintbrush Plus, Publisher's Paintbrush, Microsoft Windows Paint, or Macintosh MacPaint (in IBM disk format). You can also insert any business chart or graphic in Lotus 1-2-3 or Symphony format. Byline automatically determines which program created the graphic and then imports it into your page.
Byline supports a large number of dot-matrix as well as laser printers, giving it extra utility. The documentation is complete and easy to understand and includes a tutorial to help get you up to speed quickly and a reference section to help as your confidence grows. If you need a "pasteup artist," I recommend this one.
-BROOKS H. HUNT

## geoPublish

hardware reguirements: C 64/128 PUBLISHER: Berkeley Softworks PRICE: $\$ 70$
I always thought that true desktop publishing was reserved for "business" computers, like IBM PCs or Macintoshes. But geoPublish lets you use your C 64 or C 128 to perform many of the tasks traditionally associated with laying out a document for publication.
Designing a page is a three-step process. First you create "Master Pages" that are used to position items that will be repeated on all pages. They also include guidelines for placing text and graphics, along with headers and footers. You might include the name of your newsletter or the date of publication in a footer and the page number in a header. You can also insert graphics, such as a logo, and a line to separate your columns.

Then come steps two and three-

Page Layout and Page Graphics-for pasting up articles and graphics. You define rectangular regions, or sections, on a representation of your page and associate word-processing or graphics files with them. Once defined, these regions may be changed in size, moved, or overlapped.
If you need to change part of the article itself, there is a text editor. You use it to change wording, to shorten or lengthen the article, or to selectively emphasize portions of the text by changing fonts, type size, or style. Bit-mapped images created by geoPaint (included on the GEOS disk), and called photoscraps, can be imported and modified in several ways. You can also create fresh graphics with such included drawing tools as lines, circles, polygons, and open and closed splines (irregular curves) of varying widths and patterns.
However, some of the good features are imperfect. For instance, the program has zoom and preview modes that let you see what the final product will look like before printing. Yet, depending on your printer,

what you see on the screen may not exactly match what your printer produces. The program expects to print at a density of 80 dots per inch (dpi). Many printers work at 60 or 72 dpi instead, which results in part of the page not being printed and the rest distorted. The program includes sample Master Page and Layout libraries for 60 and 72 dpi to help you create your page if that's your situation, but the graphics will still be distorted. You can adjust, but selecting the proper ratio takes practice.

The GEOS people have brought to the C 64/128 many of the publishing capabilities that previously could only be had using larger computers. The manual includes background on

## SOFTWARE REVIEWS

the nature of desktop publishing, a tutorial to help you quickly become acquainted with the program, a detailed description of each of the features, and several appendices, including shortcuts, tips on file management, and sample layout libraries. Only a thorough reading of the manual will reveal all of the fea-tures-but that's solely because there's so much here.
-BROOKS HUNT

## RecordHolderPlus

HARDWARE REGUIREMENTS: 512 K Macintosh
publisher: Software Discoveries, Inc. PRICE: $\$ 70$
Back in the Neanderthal days of personal computing (also called the early eighties), I was a graduate student in library school taking my first information science class. I remember that the idea of setting up one's own database was instantly associated with nerds with ink-stained plastic pocket protectors. Now that I'm a card-carrying member of the computer cognoscenti, it's hard to believe that there was ever a time when I couldn't easily set up a name-and-address file or keep track of outstanding accounts receivable.

RecordHolderPlus brings further simplicity to database creation with multiple-choice English commands for creating records and files. To begin with, the tutorial in the manual demonstrates how to find and update records in a sample database provided on the disk and walks you through creating a new file. Then you learn how to change a display form and to design and print a report, which relies extensively on the Mac's graphic capabilities.
For purposes of evaluating RecordHolderPlus, I created a simplified library circulation database. With it, I can search any field for any item in the database-such as title or due dates-check books in and out, track and report overdues, and create mailing labels. I was impressed with how easy it was to implement most of the features. Creating data structures is made simple with built-in validation of data types. This means that text, dates, numbers, money, and other fields can be set up to test for both patterns and ranges. For example, you can set up fields-for names, perhaps-so that
each new word begins with a capital letter.

Users should beware of some peculiarities. Although RecordHolderPlus tells you that your record is being saved automatically, your data form is not being saved. So while you are building a data form or a report, remember to save often-particularly before you attempt to print. I lost an entire report structure when I encountered a system error, and my computer froze.

RecordHolderPlus is clearly best suited for the individual or smallbusiness user. A salesperson might use it to keep track of contacts and key accounts, a teacher can get a statistical analysis of his or her students' grades, or a record maven might want to finally catalog those 6,000 12 -inch black vinyls before they become obsolete. All this makes RecordHolderPlus a good choice for Mac owners who don't need a more expensive and complex relational database.
-KAREN J. NOVAK

## SoffWood GS File

hardware reguirements: Apple IIgs PUBLISHER: SoftWood Company PRICE: $\$ 100$
Organizing information is one of the most timesaving tasks a computer performs. I find it especially useful at tax time, and a database certainly

beats my old method-a shopping bag full of receipts and paid bills in need of sorting. However, the process of setting up a file and entering data is often a dull experience at best.

SoftWood GS File showed me that using a database, although not in the same league as playing King's Quest, doesn't have to be tedious. Maybe it's the excitement of new software developed to take advantage
of the Apple IIgs's capabilities. Maybe it's the novelty of using a mouse with a Macintosh-like user interface. Or, maybe it's just that GS File is simply a well-designed program.
In the first step, defining your new file, you can choose predefined types of fields, such as amount, date, time, yes/no, and phone. These are further divided to allow you to choose from a variety of display formats. If you are not sure exactly what type of data will be entered throughout, selecting "Text" will ensure that all types of data can be entered. Fields can be easily redefined, if necessary, after data is entered.
When reporting, GS File prints data fields only in the order they are initially arranged, so careful thought must be given to field order at the outset. A good example is setting up a file that might be used to generate mailing labels. Many people enter information with the LAST NAME as the first field. This would not be advisable here, for that is not how a mailing label should read.

AppleWorks database files can be read, a definite advantage to someone who has existing files and wishes to switch to GS File. The program can also read ASCII files. This type of feature is sometimes cumbersome; it has often frustrated me, so I especially looked to test it. I took a data file from an MS-DOS program and saved it as an ASCII file. Following the brief instructions given in the manual, I set up and defined the fields that would hold the incoming data, making sure they followed the same number, order, and field type. The two computers were then joined through a null modem cable, and using the appropriate communications software on each, the information was transferred. I was very impressed when everything worked with ease, a definite plus for GS File.
All in all, GS File is simple enough for the novice to use and packs enoligh features for the seasoned database user. The manual is clearly written, giving a general overview of the program, a tutorial in its use, and a reference guide. For home use, the program is all anyone should ever need. Businesses in search of a database should definitely consider its full features and ease of use. GS File is a program well done.
—JUDITH ZORNBERG

## All work

 and some play.

## The New OKIDATA 180 and the OKIMATE ${ }^{\circ} 20$ : Office Quality and Home Versatility:

When the work you do at home needs to look good enough for the office, you need one of these two printers.
Get the new OKIDATA 180 and get crisp near letter quality printing at time-saving print


Give life to your letters with sharp NLQ printing and a choice of built-in fonts. And add impact to your overheads with acetates in hundreds of colors.
The new OKIDATA 180 and the OKIMATE 20 both work beautifully with either your Commodore 64 or 128 , your $\mathrm{IBM}^{\ominus} \mathrm{PC}$ or compatible, Tandy ${ }^{\circ}$ and most Apple ${ }^{\circ}$ computers.

These two printers bring home the OKIDATA tradition of toughness you know from the office. At a price that could convince you to buy both.

Call 1-800-OKIDATA, Ext. 25 , for the name of the retailer nearest you.


> You call the shots with Basketball Challenge"'

Not only can you call the shots, but you can also set the offense, select the defensive set, determine the tempo for the game, and make substitutions in this real time, five-on-five college basketball simulation game from XOR Corporation.

Select from 20 teams, add your coaching ability, and see how many victories you can chalk up in your win column. Operating on the IBM PC, PCXT, PC-AT, and their compatibles as well as the Apple Macintosh, Basketball Challenge puts you at the heart of the action with the pressures and tensions of real life coaching situations.

Pick up your copy of Basketball Challenge at your local computer store today. Or call 1-800-635-2425 TOLL FREE. And be sure to check out NFL Challenge,' PRO Challenge,', Oligopoly, ${ }^{\text {w, }}$ and Bermuda Square,", examples of some other First Class Software from XOR.

# xar. <br> CDRPDRATION <br> 5421 Opportunity Court <br> Minnetonka, Minnesota 55343 <br> (612) 938-0005 

CIRCLE READER SERVICE 41

## SOFTWARE REVIEWS

## EDUCATION \& CREATIVITY

## SuperPrimf

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: 128 K Apple, IBM PC
PUBLISHER: Scholastic Software PRICE: \$50
It's a tall order, but whatever it is, SuperPrint can handle it. From miniature designs to giant posters, this new printing program is so versatile that it's a treat for the family, and it's a small business tool, too.


If you like to say things in a big way, SuperPrint creates posters nearly five-feet tall and banners beyond belief. Advertise a giant sale. Or see how the children measure up: Print out a yardstick poster and hang it on the wall to track their height.

If you prefer understatement, select the miniature size and create a personalized notepad, party place cards, or gift enclosures.

Whatever your preference-from traditional greeting cards, signs, and banners to unique posters, border prints, and calendars-SuperPrint does it bigger and often better. I selected the poster option and now my office door at the school's computer lab sports a giant wizard who mixes up a potion. Computers, disks, and the words "Welcome to the realm of creative computing" emerge from his glass.

There are lots of well-done features in SuperPrint. You can see the big picture on-screen as you create it. Scroll through your design and decorate with a choice of more than 200 clip-art pictures-from celebrations and music to occupations or miscellaneous designs. You can use any number of graphics on the same page and vary the size and shape of the message. You can save parts of your design and try alternate ver-
sions or save the final product and print it in several sizes.

SuperPrint is so easy to use you don't even need the manual, but the thorough tutorials will help you get started, and the enticing activities offer hours of fun both on and off computer.

With all the positives, SuperPrint still has a few flawed attributes. Foremost, you can't create your own graphics or bring them in from other clip-art files. Also, once you leave a line of text, you can't erase or change it; and when you stamp a graphic, it's permanent. Having to swap the three program disks and my file disk too often (on a two-drive system) is annoying; color-coded labels could have helped. Last, printing banners in high-quality mode is very slow; it accesses your file disk frequently and makes you wait to select graphics.

The final balance? The unique aspects of SuperPrint well outweigh the things that could be better.
-GWEN SOLOMON

## ENTERTAINMENT

## Boulder Dash Const̂ruction Kif

 HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: 64 K Apple, Atari, Atari ST, C $64 / 128$, IBM PC publisher: Epyx, Inc. PRICE: $\$ 25$The Scene, A Software Store:
"Attention all miners! Attention all miners! A whole new cave with 15 brand new screens is here. It is replete with diamonds, boulders, slime, amoebas, butterflies, and other things. But wait . . . there's more. Also included is a construction kit that will let you conjure up countless caves of your own choosing."

For those of you unfamiliar with this popular game series-Boulder Dash, Super Boulder Dash, and now Boulder Dash Construction Kit (BDCK)-it's an arcade/strategy maze spectacular that stars Rockford the ant (an avid miner). As Rockford, you must grab up all the diamonds you can while avoiding falling boulders, explosive fireflies, growing walls, and related hazards. If no diamonds are present, Rockford must create them by dropping boulders on butterflies, suffocating amoebas (both of which turn into diamonds when they die), or pushing boulders through enchanted walls.

Boulder Dash requires not only a quick hand, but forethought and creativity as well.

The 15 cave screens provided are every bit as challenging as the ones in the first two games. In many ways they're better. Not only can you start on any screen, but there are three new features as well: slime, growing

walls, and hidden exits. Slime looks like an amoeba but doesn't grow or turn into diamonds. Instead, it lets boulders and diamonds pass through it at a variable rate. Growing walls have the same properties as normal walls except they expand into any clear, horizontally adjacent space. Hidden exits are indistinguishable from a normal wall and, so, are difficult to locate.

The construction kit, of course, is what makes this one more than just "Boulder Dash III." Using a system with a simplicity that belies its tremendous potential, BDCK often reminded me of Lode Runner's flawless construction set. With the combination of a large menu of objects and a gigantic game area, truly ingenious screens can be created with some experience. Features such as random object placement, line drawing (placing whole lines of objects at once), and the ability to playtest your creation at any time further augment $B D C K$.

Make sure you take a look at it. It's even a "boulder" and better game than its predecessors.
-DAVID LANGENDOEN

## Go

HARDWARE REQUIREMENTS: 512 K Macintosh
PUBLISHER: Infinity Software
PRICE: \$40
"A minute to learn, and a lifetime to master" is a phrase I often heard tossed around when I was an avid Go fan in high school. Those words
ring true. Go is a two-player strategy game invented in China some 4,000 years ago. The basic idea of the game revolves around trying to control the most territories on a board laid out in grid fashion. Black and white playing pieces, called stones, are placed on the intersections of the grid lines, one on each player's turn. If one player's stone gets surrounded with his opponent's stones-meaning that it has no adjoining horizontal or vertical spaces that are empty or of the same col-or-then that stone is captured, and a territory is claimed. Play consists of capturing your opponent's stones and/or setting up your pieces in such a way that, while you don't actually make any captures, you effectively control an area because it would be impossible for your opponent to place stones there without losing them right away.

Go for the Macintosh is a well-thought-out adaptation of this classic game. Playing against the computer (which clobbered me more than its fair share), another person, or even someone at the other end of a modem, you have a variety of options available so that you can tailor the game to meet your exact needs. First time? Then start out with more pieces on the board and have the computer explain the reasoning behind its moves. Old pro? You can control the computer's strategy and skill level, including the number of moves into the future the machine will look.

Go is as much a teaching tool as it is a game. You can learn from your mistakes by saving annotated games, then playing them over from different points, using different strategies. The two famous games that come on the disk are also good examples of play. However, I had a little difficulty figuring out how to use the on-line instruction manual, which is like a miniguide hypertext system.
Go is not copy-protected but comes with a little sheet of Go trivia from which you must answer a question each time you boot the program. The designer obviously cared enough about the game to make Go versatile, easy to use, and one of the best computer adaptations that I have seen. May you enjoy it as much as all the others who have played it for 40 centuries.
-JEFF DONAHUE


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## PROGRAMMER




## FYI

Throughout The Programmer, you'll find news for programmers, information about our programs, and "Tips to the Typist."
GAME PROGRAM Page 78
Exercise your powers of deduction by trying to guess the Hidden Digits.

## FUN MITH MUSIG Page 80

The Melody Game tests your tone recognition and memory as you try to mimic the tune your computer plays.
PUZ44E Page 86
You supply the words for our Word Search puzzle for the Commodore: then the program hides them in a grid of letters. You can solve the puzzle on-screen or make a printout.

## MGROTONES Page 90

Flight of the Bumble Bee sounds like it stings, but it really just sings the "Flight of the Bumble Bee" by Rimsky-
Korsakov.

| Computerst | Hidden Digits | Word Search | Melody Game | Flight of the Bumble Bee |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| APPLE FAMILY |  |  |  |  |
| APPLE IVPLUS/ce/GS | $\star$ | SEPT ' 86 | $\star$ | $\star$ |
| MACINTOSH | $\star$ |  | $\star$ | $\star$ |
| ATARI 800 XLJXE |  |  | $\star$ | $\star$ |
| COMMODORE 64/128 | * | $\star \mathrm{P}$ | $\star$ C | $\star$ |
| IBM PC FAMILY |  |  |  |  |
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| KAYPRO PC-10 | $\star$ |  | * C | $\star$ |
| LEADING EDGE MODEL D | $\star$ |  | * C | $\star$ |
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| TANDY 1000 EXHXISXTX | * |  | $\star \mathrm{C}$ | * |
| VENDEX HEADSTART TURBO 888-XT | $\star$ |  | $\star \mathrm{C}$ | $\star$ |
| ZENITH Z148PC | $\star$ |  | * C | $\star$ |
| TANDY COLOR COMPUTER | * |  | * C | $\star$ |
| KEY: $\star$ PROGRAM IN THIS ISSUE FOR THIS COMPUTER. + SEE PAGE 85 FOR SPECIFIC MODELS. C COLOR MONTTOR RECOMMENDED. P PRINTER OPTIONAL. |  |  |  |  |

## HIDDEN DIGITS

BY STEVEN G．M．CMEN AND JEFF DONAHUE


Let＇s see ．．．4－3－2－6－5．
Nope ．．．4－3－2－6－9？
That＇s it！The master sleuth strikes again！If you like stretching your mind with brain games， then Hidden Digits，with its blend of strategy and luck，will throw your logic circuits into a frenzy．

You begin by choosing the number of digits（ 2 to 6 ）to be hidden．The more digits you hide，the hard－ er it will be to uncover them．Not only do you have to figure out what the numbers are，you also have to get them in the right order．

The computer will then randomly generate a number sequence．Each position can be filled by any digit， 0 through 9 ， but no digit can appear more than once．On－ screen，all you will see is
a line of Xs．At the guess： prompt，enter your first guess and press RETURN or ENTER．This first at－ tempt will be a complete shot in the dark，but for each one of your guesses， the computer will give you two valuable clues： how many numbers of the sequence you have correct，and how many are in the right position． Depending upon your computer，up to 14 of your past guesses（and the computer＇s responses） will remain on the screen． By examining these and using your powers of de－ duction，you should be able to figure out the cor－ rect pattern．

Play the game with your friends and see who can uncover the hidden digits in the fewest guess－ es．Happy hunting！

## Apple II series／Hidden Digits

1才 DIM DP（9），RD\＄（15）

$3 \varnothing$ FOR L $=2$ TO 2ø：BLS＝BLS＋SP\＄：NEXT L：GOSUB 1øø 10
$4 \varnothing$ PRINT＂HOW MANY DIGITS WOULD YOU LIKE TO＂
$5 \emptyset$ PRINT＂HIDE（ $2=$ EASY；6＝DIFFICULT）？＂；
$6 \emptyset$ GET KS：DL $=$ VAL（KS）
$7 \emptyset$ IF $D L<2$ OR DL $>6$ THEN PRINT GS；：GOTO $6 \emptyset$
$8 \emptyset \times S \$=$＂X＂：FOR L＝ 2 TO DL：XS\＄＝XS\＄＋＂X＂：NEXT L
$9 \varnothing$ GOSUB 2øD0：C\＄＝＂＇＂：FOR L＝ 1 TO DL
$1 \varnothing \mathrm{~T}=\operatorname{INT}(\operatorname{RND}(1) * 1 \varnothing): \operatorname{IF} \operatorname{DP}(\mathrm{T})$ THEN $1 \varnothing \varnothing$
$11 \varnothing D P(T)=1: C \$=C \$+S T R S(T):$ NEXT $L$
12ø $\operatorname{MAX}=1: T C=\varnothing:$ GOSUB $1 \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing$
$13 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB（12＋DL）；＂\＃OF＂；SPC（5）；＂CORRECT＂
14ø PRINT TAB（11＋DL）；＂MATCHES＂；SPC（2）；＂POSITIONS＂
159 GOSUB 2000：CX $=1$
$16 \emptyset$ VTAB 23：PRINT＂\＃OF GUESSES：＂；TC：A\＄＝XS\＄
$17 \varnothing$ VTAB MAX +4 ：HTAB 1：PRINT＂GUESS：＂；SP\＄；A\＄
$180 \mathrm{~T} \$=\operatorname{MIDS}(A \$,(X, 1):$ VTAB MAX +4 ：HTAB CX $+7:$ PRINT T\＄
$19 \emptyset$ VTAB MAX +4 ：HTAB CX +7
200 GET KS：K $=\operatorname{ASC}(K \$): D K=(K=8)-(K=21)$
$21 \varnothing$ IF DK $=\emptyset$ THEN $24 \varnothing$
$22 \emptyset C X=C X+D K$
$23 \varnothing \mathrm{CX}=\mathrm{CX}+((\mathrm{CX}=\emptyset)-(C X=D L+1)) \star D L$ ：GOTO $18 \varnothing$
$24 \varnothing$ IF K $=13$ THEN $32 \varnothing$
$25 \varnothing \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{K}-48$ ：IF K＜$\varnothing$ OR K＞ 9 THEN PRINT G\＄；：GOTO 19め
260 IF DP（K）THEN PRINT G\＄；：GOTO $19 \emptyset$
$27 \emptyset$ IF T\＄＜＞＂X＂THEN DP（ASC（T\＄）－48）$=\emptyset$
$28 \emptyset D P(K)=1: V T A B$ MAX $+4:$ HTAB $C X+7:$ PRINT K $\$$
$29 \varnothing$ IF $C X=1$ THEN $A \$=K \$+M I D \$(A \$, 2): G O T O \quad 31 \varnothing$
$3 \emptyset$ AS $=\operatorname{LEFTS}(A S, C X-1)+K \$+M I D S(A S, C X+1)$
$31 \varnothing$ CX $=C X+1-(C X=D L) \star D L$ GOTO $18 \emptyset$
$32 \emptyset S F=\varnothing: F O R L=1$ TO DL
330 IF MIDS $(A \$, L, 1)=X \$$ THEN $S F=1: L=D L$
340 NEXT L：IF SF THEN PRINT G\＄；：GOTO 180
$35 \emptyset \mathrm{C}=\emptyset: P=\emptyset: F O R L=1 \mathrm{TO} \mathrm{DL}$
$36 \varnothing C=C+D P(\operatorname{ASC}(M I D \$(C \$, L, 1))-48)$
$37 \varnothing \operatorname{IF} \operatorname{MIDS}(C \$, C, 1)=\operatorname{MID} \$(A \$, L, 1)$ THEN $P=P+1$
380 NEXT L
$390 \operatorname{RDS}($ MAX $)=\operatorname{LEFTS}(B L \$, 7)+A \$+L E F T \$(B L \$, 7)+S T R \$(C)+L E$ FT\＄（BL\＄，9）＋STR\＄（P）
$4 \varnothing \varnothing$ VTAB MAX＋4：HTAB 1：PRINT RD\＄（MAX）
$41 \varnothing T C=T C+1: I F C=D L$ AND $P=D L$ THEN $46 \emptyset$
$42 \emptyset$ IF MAX＜ 15 THEN MAX $=$ MAX +1 ：GOTO $15 \emptyset$
430 FOR $L=1$ TO 14：RDS（L）$=\operatorname{RD} \$(L+1):$ NEXT $L$
440 FOR $L=1$ TO MAX $-1:$ VTAB $L+4:$ HTAB 1
$45 \emptyset$ PRINT RD\＄（L）：NEXT L：GOTO $15 \emptyset$
460 VTAB 23：HTAB 1：PRINT BL\＄：VTAB MAX＋6
$47 \emptyset$ PRINT＂CONGRATULATIONS；YOU BROKE THE CODE IN＂
$48 \emptyset$ PRINT TC；＂GUESSES．＂：END
1ФDD HOME：HTAB 13：INVERSE：PRINT＂HIDDEN DIGITS＂
$1 \varnothing 1 \emptyset$ NORMAL：PRINT：RETURN
2øø FOR L $=\emptyset$ TO 9：DP（L）$=\varnothing:$ NEXT L：RETURN

## Commodore 64 \＆ 128 （C 64 mode）／Hidden Digifs

19 DIM DP（9），RD\＄（15）：S＝54273
$2 \emptyset$ FOR L＝S TO S＋24：POKE L，$\emptyset:$ NEXT L
$3 \emptyset$ POKE 53280，12：POKE 53281，12
40 SPS＝CHRS（32）：BLS＝SP\＄：FOR L＝2 TO $2 \varnothing$
$50 \mathrm{BL} \$=\mathrm{BL} \$+S P \$$ ：NEXT L：GOSUB $1 \varnothing \varnothing$
$6 \emptyset$ PRINT＂HOW MANY DIGITS WOULD YOU LIKE TO＂
$7 \varnothing$ PRINT＂HIDE（ $2=$ EASY；6＝DIFFICULT）？＂
$8 \emptyset$ GET K\＄：IF，K\＄$=\cdots \cdots$ THEN $8 \emptyset$
$9 \varnothing$ DL＝VAL（K\＄）：IF DL＜2 OR DL＞6 THEN GOSUB 2øø日：GOTO $8 \emptyset$
100 XSS＝＂X＂：FOR L＝2 TO DL：XS\＄＝xS\＄＋＂X＂：NEXT L
110 DS $\$=" \emptyset 123456789$＂：TDS＝DS\＄：C\＄＝＂＇＂：FOR L＝1 TO DL
12ø $\mathrm{T}=\mathrm{INT}($ RND（1） ＊LEN（TD $\$$ ）+1 ）： $\mathrm{C} \$=C \$+M \operatorname{ID} \$(T D \$, T, 1)$
$13 \varnothing$ TD $\$=$ LEFTS（TDS，T－1）+ MID $\$(T D \$, T+1$ ）
140 NEXT L：MAX＝1：TC＝ 9 ：GOSUB 1 $1 \varnothing \varnothing$
$15 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB（11＋DL）；＂\＃OF＂；SPC（5）；＂CORRECT＂
$16 \varnothing$ PRINT TAB（1 $\varnothing+D L)$ ；＂MATCHES＂；SPC（2）；＂POSITIONS＂
$17 \emptyset$ TDS＝DSS：FOR $L=\emptyset$ TO 9：DP（L）$=\emptyset:$ NEXT $L: C X=1$
189 POKE 646，1：POKE 214，22：PRINT
$19 \varnothing$ PRINT＂\＃OF GUESSES：＂；TC；：A\＄＝XS\＄
20 POKE 214，MAX＋3：PRINT：PRINT＂GUESS：＂；
$21 \varnothing$ POKE $646, \emptyset:$ PRINT SP\＄；AS；BL\＄；LEFTS（BL $\$, 7)$
$22 \varnothing$ T\＄＝MIDS（A\＄，CX，1）
$23 \varnothing$ POKE 214，MAX +3 ：PRINT：PRINT TAB $(6+C X)$ ；SP\＄
240 POKE 214，MAX +3 ：PRINT：PRINT TAB $(6+C X)$ ；$T \$$
250 GET K\＄：IF K\＄＝＂＇＂THEN $23 \varnothing$
$260 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{ASC}(\mathrm{K} \$):$ DK＝（K＝157）－（K＝29）：IF DK＝ø THEN $29 \varnothing$
$27 \varnothing C x=C X+D K$
$28 \emptyset C X=C X+((C X=D L+1)-(C X=\emptyset)) * D L: G O T O 22 \varnothing$
290 IF K＝13 THEN $37 \varnothing$
$309 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{K}-48$ ：IF $\mathrm{K}<\varnothing$ OR K＞9 THEN GOSUB 2ø日曰：GOTO 240
31ø IF DP（K）THEN GOSUB 2øø日：GOTO $24 \varnothing$
$32 \varnothing$ IF $T \$<>" X$＂THEN DP（ASC（T\＄）－48）＝$\varnothing$
$33 \varnothing$ DP（K）$=1$ ：POKE 214，MAX +3 ：PRINT：PRINT TAB $(6+C X)$ ；K\＄
340 IF $C X=1$ THEN $A \$=K \$+M I D \$(A S, 2)$ ：GOTO $36 \varnothing$
350 A $=$ LEFTS $(A \$, C X-1)+K \$+M I D S(A S, C X+1)$
$36 \varnothing \mathrm{CX}=\mathrm{CX}+1+(\mathrm{CX}=\mathrm{DL}) \star \mathrm{DL}$ ：GOTO $22 \emptyset$
$37 \varnothing \mathrm{SF}=\emptyset:$ FOR L＝1 TO DL
389 IF $\operatorname{MID} \$(A \$, L, 1)=" X$＂THEN $S F=1: L=D L$
390 NEXT L：IF SF THEN GOSUB 2000：GOTO 230
$40 \emptyset \mathrm{C}=\varnothing$ : $P=\emptyset:$ FOR $L=1$ TO DL
$410 C=C+D P(A S C(M I D \$(C \$, L, 1))-48)$
$42 \emptyset \operatorname{IF} \operatorname{MIDS}(C S, L, 1)=\operatorname{MIDS}(A \$, L, 1)$ THEN $P=P+1$
430 NEXT L
440 RD $\$(M A X)=$ LEFTS $(B L \$, 7)+$ AS+LEFT $\$(B L \$, 5)+S T R \$(C)+L E F T$ $\$(B L \$, 8)+S T R \$(P)$
450 POKE 214,MAX+3:PRINT:PRINT RD $\$$ (MAX)
$46 \emptyset T C=T C+1$ : IF $C=D L$ AND $P=D L$ THEN $51 \varnothing$
479 IF MAX $<15$ THEN MAX=MAX+1:GOTO $17 \emptyset$
48@ FOR L=1 TO 14: RD $\$(L)=$ RD $\$(L+1)$ : NEXT L
490 FOR L=1 TO MAX-1: POKE 214,L+3:PRINT:PRINT RD\$(L)
$5 \emptyset$ NEXT L:GOTO $17 \emptyset$
51ø POKE 214,22:PRINT:PRINT BL\$:POKE 214,MAX+4:PRINT
$52 \emptyset$ PRINT "CONGRATULATIONS, YOU FIGURED OUT THE"
530 PRINT "NUMBERS IN"; TC;"GUESSES.": END
190 POKE 646,6
1010 PRINT CHR\$(147); TAB(12);"HIDDEN DIGITS"
$192 \varnothing$ POKE 646,1:PRINT:PRINT:RETURN
2000 POKE $S, 60$ : POKE $S+5,240$ : POKE $S+23,5$
2010 POKE $S+3,17$ :FOR $D=1$ TO 100: NEXT D
$2 \emptyset 2 \varnothing$ POKE $S+23, \varnothing$ :POKE $S, \varnothing:$ RETURN

## IBM PC \& compafiloles/Hidden Digits

10 DIM RD\$(15): RANDOMIZE TIMER:KEY OFF:LOCATE , $\varnothing$
$2 \emptyset$ SPS=CHRS(32):X\$="X": GOSUB $1 \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing$
30 PRINT "How many digits would you like to"
40 PRINT "hide ( $2=$ easy; $6=$ difficult)?"
$5 \emptyset \mathrm{~K} \$=I N K E Y \$$ : IF $K \$=" \cdot "$ THEN $5 \emptyset$
60 DL=VAL $(K \$)$ :IF DL<2 OR DL>6 THEN BEEP:GOTO $5 \emptyset$
$7 \emptyset$ DS\$=" $\emptyset 123456789 "$ : TD\$=DS\$:C\$=""':FOR L=1 TO DL
89 $T=\operatorname{INT}(R N D * L E N(T D \$))+1: C \$=C \$+M I D \$(T D \$, T, 1)$
90 TDS=LEFTS (TDS,T-1) +MID\$ (TDS, T+1)
19 NEXT L:MAX=1:TC= : GOSUB $1 \emptyset \emptyset$
$11 \varnothing$ PRINT TAB(12+DL);"\# OF"; SPC(5);"CORRECT"
$12 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB(11+DL);"MATCHES"; SPC (2);"POSITIONS"
$13 \varnothing$ TD $\$=D S \$$ : $C X=1$ :LOCATE 21, 1
$14 \varnothing$ PRINT "\# of guesses:"; TC:AS=STRING\$(DL,X\$)
$15 \emptyset$ LOCATE MAX+4,1:PRINT "GUESS:";SP\$;AS
$16 \emptyset \operatorname{TAS}=M \operatorname{IDS}(A \$, C X, 1)$
17ø LOCATE MAX $+4, C X+7$ : PRINT CHR\$ (219)
$18 \emptyset$ LOCATE MAX $+4, C X+7$ :PRINT MID $\$(A \$, C X, 1)$
$19 \emptyset \mathrm{~K} \$=$ INKEY $\$$ : IF $K \$="=1$ THEN $17 \emptyset$
$2 \emptyset$ IF LEN $(K \$)=2$ THEN $27 \emptyset$
210 IF K $\$=$ CHR $\$(13)$ THEN $31 \varnothing$
$22 \emptyset \mathrm{KC}=\mathrm{INSTR}(T D \$, K \$)$ : IF KC= $\emptyset$ THEN BEEP:GOTO $17 \emptyset$
$23 \emptyset$ TD $=$ LEFT $\$(T D \$, K C-1)+M I D \$(T D \$, K C+1)$
240 IF TAS<>XS THEN TDS=TDS + TAS
$25 \emptyset$ LOCATE MAX $+4, C X+7$ :PRINT KS:MIDS $(A \$, C X, 1)=K \$$
$26 \emptyset \mathrm{CX}=\mathrm{CX}+1+(\mathrm{CX}=\mathrm{DL})$ *DL: GOTO $16 \varnothing$
27ø DK=INSTR("KM",MIDS (K\$,2))
$28 \emptyset$ IF DK $=\emptyset$ THEN BEEP:GOTO $17 \emptyset$
29ø $C \bar{X}=C X+(D K=1)-(D K=2)$
$3 \varnothing \varnothing C X=C X+((C X=D L+1)-(C X=\emptyset)) \star D L$ : GOTO $16 \emptyset$
$31 \varnothing$ IF INSTR $(A \$, X \$)<>\emptyset$ THEN BEEP:GOTO $17 \varnothing$
$32 \emptyset \mathrm{C}=\emptyset: \mathrm{P}=\emptyset: F O R \mathrm{~L}=1$ TO DL:T\$=MID $(A \$, L, 1)$
$33 \emptyset C=C-($ INSTR $(C \$, T \$)<>\varnothing)$
$34 \varnothing$ IF MIDS $(C \$, L, 1)=T \$$ THEN $P=P+1$
35ø NEXT L
$36 \emptyset \operatorname{RDS}($ MAX $)=\operatorname{SPACES}(7)+\operatorname{AS}+\operatorname{SPACES}(6)+\operatorname{STRS}(C)+\operatorname{SPACES}(8)+$ STRS (P)
$37 \varnothing$ LOCATE MAX $+4,1$ : PRINT RD $\$$ (MAX)
380 TC=TC 1 1: IF C=DL AND P=DL THEN $43 \varnothing$
390 IF MAX $<15$ THEN MAX $=$ MAX +1 : GOTO 130
400 FOR $L=1$ TO $14:$ RD $\$(L)=R D \$(L+1)$ :NEXT $L$
410 LOCATE 5,1:FOR L=1 TO MAX-1:PRINT RDS(L)
$42 \emptyset$ NEXT L:GOTO 130
430 LOCATE 23,1: PRINT SPACE $\$(17)$ : LOCATE MAX $+6,1$
440 PRINT "Congratulations; you figured out the number s in "; TC;"guesses."
$45 \varnothing$ PRINT:KEY ON: END
$10 \varnothing 0$ CLS:COLOR 14:PRINT TAB(10);"HIDDEN DIGITS"
$1 \varnothing 1 \varnothing$ COLOR 2:PRINT: RETURN

## Macinfosh/Hidden Digits

10 DIM RDS(15): RANDOMIZE TIMER
$2 \emptyset$ WINDOW 1,"HIDDEN DIGITS" $(0,38)-(527,338)$
30 CALL TEXTFONT (4) : CALL TEXTSIZE (9) : CALL TEXTMODE( $\varnothing$ )
49 CALL HIDECURSOR: SP\$=CHR\$ (32): $x \$=" x ": C L S:$ PRINT
$5 \emptyset$ PRINT "How many digits would you like to"
$6 \emptyset$ PRINT "hide ( $2=$ easy; 6=difficult)?"
$7 \emptyset \mathrm{~K} \$=I N K E Y \$$ : IF $\mathrm{K} \$=\cdot " \prime$ THEN $7 \emptyset$
$8 \varnothing$ DL=VAL(K\$):IF DL<2 OR DL>6 THEN BEEP: GOTO $7 \varnothing$
$9 \varnothing$ DSS=" $1123456789 ":$ TDS=DS\$:C\$="'":FOR L=1 TO DL
$1 \varnothing \varnothing \mathrm{~T}=\mathrm{INT}($ RND $* \operatorname{LEN}(T D \$))+1: C \$=C \$+M I D \$(T D \$, T, 1)$
110 TDS $=$ LEFTS (TDS,$T-1$ ) + MID $\$(T D \$, T+1)$
$12 \emptyset$ NEXT L:MAX $=1:$ TC= $\varnothing$ :CLS: PRINT
130 PRINT TAB(12+DL);"\# OF"; SPC(5);"CORRECT"
140 PRINT TAB(11+DL);"MATCHES"; SPC(2);"POSITIONS"
$15 \emptyset$ LOCATE 23,1:PRINT "<OPTION>+<N>=Cursor Left"
160 PRINT "<OPTION>+<M>=Cursor Right"
179 TD\$=DS\$:CX=1:LOCATE 21,1
$18 \emptyset$ PRINT "\# of guesses:";TC:A\$=STRINGS(DL,X\$)
190 LOCATE MAX+4,1:PRINT "GUESS:";SP\$;A\$
$2 \emptyset \emptyset T A \$=M I D \$(A \$, C X, 1)$
210 CALL TEXTMODE (2):LOCATE MAX $+4, C X+7$ :PRINT CHR\$(219)
$22 \varnothing$ LOCATE MAX $+4, C X+7$ :PRINT TAS
230 CALL TEXTMODE $(\phi):$ K $\$=$ INKEY $\$$ :IF K $\$=" \cdot "$ THEN $21 \varnothing$
240 DK=INSTR (CHR\$(126) + CHRS (246) + CHRS (181) + CHRS (247), K \$) +1
$25 \emptyset$ IF DK>1 THEN DK=INT(DK/2):GOTO $32 \varnothing$
$26 \emptyset$ IF $K \$=$ CHR $\$(13)$ THEN $34 \varnothing$
$27 \varnothing \mathrm{KC}=$ INSTR (TD $\$, \mathrm{~K} \$$ ): IF KC= $\varnothing$ THEN BEEP:GOTO $21 \varnothing$
280 TD $\$=\operatorname{LEFT}$ (TDS,KC -1 ) + MID $\$(T D \$, K C+1)$
290 IF TAS $<>X \$$ THEN TD $\$=$ TD $\$+T A \$$
$3 \emptyset \emptyset$ LOCATE MAX $+4, C X+7:$ PRINT K $:$ MID $\$(A \$, C X, 1)=K \$$
$31 \emptyset C X=C X+1+(C X=D L) \star D L$ :GOTO $2 \emptyset \emptyset$
$32 \emptyset C X=C X+(D K=1) \quad(D K=2)$
$330 C X=C X+((C X=D L+1)-(C X=\emptyset))$ *DL:GOTO $2 \emptyset \emptyset$
$34 \emptyset$ IF INSTR $(A S, X \$)<>\emptyset$ THEN BEEP:GOTO $21 \varnothing$
$35 \emptyset \mathrm{C}=\emptyset: \mathrm{P}=\emptyset:$ FOR $L=1$ TO DL:T\$=MIDS $(A \$, L, 1)$
$360 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}-($ INSTR $(C \$, T \$)<\rangle$ )
$37 \emptyset$ IF MIDS $(C \$, L, 1)=T \$$ THEN $P=P+1$
$38 \emptyset$ NEXT L
$39 \varnothing \operatorname{RDS}($ MAX $)=\operatorname{SPACES}(7)+A \$+\operatorname{SPACE}(6)+S T R \$(C)+\operatorname{SPACES}(8)+$ STRS (P)
$4 \varnothing \varnothing$ LOCATE MAX $+4,1$ : PRINT RD $\$$ (MAX)
$41 \emptyset T C=T C+1$ : IF $C=D L$ AND $P=D L$ THEN $46 \varnothing$
428 IF MAX $<15$ THEN MAX=MAX +1 : GOTO $17 \emptyset$
430 FOR $L=1$ TO 14:RD $\$(L)=R D \$(L+1)$ :NEXT $L$
440 LOCATE 5, 1:FOR L=1 TO MAX-1:PRINT RD $\$(L)$
$45 \emptyset$ NEXT L:GOTO $17 \emptyset$
$46 \emptyset$ LOCATE 21,1:FOR L=1 TO 4:PRINT SPACE\$(2 0 ): NEXT L
470 LOCATE MAX $+6,1$ :PRINT "Congratulations; you figured out the numbers in"; TC; "guesses."
$48 \emptyset$ PRINT:PRINT "Press <SPACE BAR> to quit."
490 IF INKEY\$<>CHRS(32) THEN $49 \emptyset$ ELSE END

## Tandy Color Compufer/Hidden Digifs

10 CLEAR 1 1 ( 0 :DIM DP(9), RD $\$(1 \phi)$
$2 \emptyset$ SP\$=CHR $\$(32): \times \$=" X ": G O S U B 19 \varnothing \varnothing$
$3 \emptyset$ PRINT "HOW MANY DIGITS WOULD YOU LIKE"
40 PRINT "TO HIDE ( $2=$ EASY; 6=HARD)?"
$5 \emptyset \mathrm{~K} \$=I N K E Y \$$ : IF $K \$={ }^{\prime \prime \prime \prime}$ THEN $5 \emptyset$
$6 \emptyset$ DL=VAL (K\$):IF DL<2 OR DL>6 THEN SOUND 5 $\varnothing$,6:GOTO $5 \emptyset$
$7 \varnothing$ DS\$="ø123456789": TD\$=DS\$:C\$="'":FOR L=1 TO DL
$8 \emptyset T=\operatorname{RND}(\operatorname{LEN}(T D \$)): C \$=C \$+M I D \$(T D \$, T, 1)$
$9 \varnothing$ TDS=LEFTS (TDS, T-1) + MID $\$(T D \$, T+1$ )
100 NEXT L:MAX=1:TC= $\varnothing$ :GOSUB $1 \varnothing \emptyset$
$11 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB $(9+D L)$;"\# OF"; $\operatorname{STRING}(5,32)$;"CORRECT"
12ø PRINT TAB(8+DL);"MATCHES"; STRING\$ $(2,32)$;"POSITIONS
"
130 TD\$=DS\$:GOSUB 2øФ日:CX=1
140 PRINTQ48ஏ,"\# OF GUESSES:";TC;:AS=STRING\$(DL,X\$)
$15 \emptyset$ PRINTQ96+MAX*32,"GUESS:";SPS;AS
160 T\$=MID\$(A\$,CX,1)

```
17\emptyset PRINTQ1\emptyset2+MAX* 32+CX,SP$;
18\emptyset PRINTQ1@2+MAX* 32+CX,T$;
190 K$=INKEY$:IF K$='"' THEN 17\emptyset
2\emptyset\emptysetK=ASC(K$):DK=(K=8)-(K=9):IF DK=\emptyset THEN 22\emptyset
21\emptysetCX=CX+DK:CX=CX+((CX=DL+1)-(CX=\emptyset))*DL:GOTO 16\emptyset
22\emptyset IF K=13 THEN 3\emptyset\emptyset
23\emptyset K=K-48:IF K<\emptyset OR K>9 THEN SOUND 5\emptyset,6:GOTO 17\emptyset
24\emptyset IF DP(K) THEN SOUND 5\emptyset,6:GOTO 17\emptyset
25\emptyset IF T$<>"X" THEN DP(ASC(T$)-48)=\emptyset
26\emptysetDP(K)=-1:PRINTa1\emptyset2+MAX*32+CX,K$;
27\emptyset IF CX=1 THEN AS=K$+MID$(A$,2):GOTO 29\emptyset
28\emptyset A$=LEFT$(A$,CX-1)+K$+MID$(A$,CX+1)
29\emptyset CX=CX+1+(CX=DL)*DL:GOTO 16\emptyset
3\emptyset\emptyset SF=\emptyset:FOR L=1 TO DL
310 IF MID$(A$,L,1)=X$ THEN SF=1:L=DL
32\emptyset NEXT L:IF SF THEN SOUND 5\emptyset,6:GOTO 17\emptyset
33\emptyset C=\emptyset:P=\emptyset:FOR L=1 TO DL
34\emptysetC=C-DP(ASC(MID$(C$,L,1))-48)
35\emptyset IF MID$(C$,L,1)=MID$(AS,L,1) THEN P=P+1
36\emptyset NEXT L
37\emptyset RD$(MAX)=STRING$(7,32)+A$+STRING$ (3,32)+STR$(C)+ST
RING$(8,32)+STR$(P)
38\emptyset PRINT296+MAX*32,RD$(MAX)
39\emptyset TC=TC+1:IF C=DL AND P=DL THEN 44\emptyset
4\emptyset\emptyset IF MAX<1\emptyset THEN MAX=MAX+1:GOTO 13\emptyset
41\emptyset FOR L=1 TO 9:RD$(L)=RD$(L+1):NEXT L
42\emptyset FOR L=1 TO MAX-1:PRINTQ96+L*32,RD$(L)
43\emptyset NEXT L:GOTO 13\emptyset
44\emptyset PRINTQ48\emptyset,STRING$ (20,32);
45\emptyset PRINTQ128+MAX*32,"CONGRATULATIONS; YOU FIGURED OUT
";
46\emptyset PRINT "THE NUMBERS IN";TC;"GUESSES.":END
1\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset CLS:PRINT TAB(1\emptyset);"HIDDEN DIGITS"
101\emptyset PRINT: RETURN
2\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset FOR L=\emptyset TO 9:DP(L)=\emptyset:NEXT L:RETURN
```


## FYI

## （212）505－3703

## A HELP LINE FOR PROGRAM PROBLEMS

Call our Program Status Line any time of the day or night to receive an up－to－date summary of our latest programs，the ma－ chines on which they run，and any corrections or enhance－ ments to the programs．

## COVERAGE NEWIS

Beginning with the April 1988 issue of family \＆hOME－OFFICE computing，BASIC programs for the Atari 800／XL／XE and Tandy Color Computer will no longer be published．

## REFERENCE GUIDE FOR IBM PROGRAMMERS

The Peter Norton Programmer＇s Guide to the IBM PC is a 448－ page，softcover book filled with advice on programming any of the IBM 8088／80286 family of personal computers．The refer－ ence is an invaluable tool to understanding the mechanics of （and differences among）the various IBM PC machines．It in－ cludes a thorough discussion of disks，monitors，keyboards， DOS functions，sound generation，and more．The book is avail－ able for S 19.95 from Microsoft Press， 16011 N．E．36th Way，Box 97017，Redmond，WA 98073.

## HOME－OFFICE DEDUCTION UPDATE

The Internal Revenue Service（IRS）has published a revision to Publication 587 （Business Use of Your Home）．That publication now contains a worksheet that differs from the one we pub－ lished in the February issue in two ways．First，the IRS uses the old definition of gross income－that is，gross receipts－and de－ ducts expenses such as advertising and supplies later．Second， the IRS treats mortgage interest and real－estate taxes slightly differently．These changes affect only taxpayers whose business portion of mortgage interest and real－estate taxes combined exceed their gross income．See the April issue for more．

## MELODY GAME <br> BY JOEY LATIMER

Here＇s a simple game that will give your musical memory a real workout． The computer plays a random melody，and your challenge is to repeat the melody exactly as you heard the computer play it．
There are three num－ bered boxes on the screen labeled 1，2，and 3．Each box represents a musical note and flashes when that note is played．If you play the melody back cor－ rectly（using keys 1,2 ， and 3），the computer will play it again，adding one note to the end．
As the number of notes in the melody increases， so does the challenge．A misplayed note，however， ends the round，and your
score is displayed．You earn one point each time you correctly replay the melody．For example，if you play the nine notes of the ninth melody correctly but miss a note in the tenth round，you only earn nine points．
To make the Melody Game easier or harder， simply adjust the speed at which the computer plays the melody to one of the six levels indicated at either the beginning of the game or in the＂ S ＂ menu option．Happy mel－ ody making！
EDITOR＇S NOTE：For more fun，experienced pro－ grammers should try changing the notes asso－ ciated with each block．

## Apple II series／Melody Game

$19 \operatorname{DIM} \operatorname{LM}(3), \mathrm{N}(3)$ ，NUM（30ø）：NORMAL
$2 \emptyset$ HS $=\emptyset:$ FOR $L=1$ TO $3:$ READ LM（L），N（L）：NEXT L
$3 \emptyset$ FOR $L=\emptyset$ TO 36：READ A：POKE 768＋L，A：NEXT L
40 GOSUB 1øめ
$5 \varnothing$ PRINT＂PLEASE TYPE A NUMBER BETWEEN 1 AND 6 TO＂
$6 \emptyset$ PRINT＂SET THE SPEED FACTOR（ $1=$ FAST；6＝SLOW）．＂；
$7 \varnothing$ GOSUB 2ФФ日：SF $=$ VAL（K $\$$ ）
$8 \emptyset$ IF SF＜ 1 OR SF＞ 6 THEN PRINT CHRS（7）；：GOTO $7 \emptyset$ $9 \varnothing$ GOSUB $19 \varnothing$
100 PRINT TAB（5）；＂LISTEN CAREFULLY TO THE MELODY．＂
110 PRINT TAB（5）；＂EARN POINTS BY PLAYING IT BACK＂
$12 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB（5）；＂CORRECTLY，USING KEYS 1－3．＂：PRINT
130 PRINT TAB（5）；＂PRESS＜B＞TO BEGIN．＂；：GOSUB $2 \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing$
$14 \varnothing$ IF K\＄＜＞＂B＂THEN PRINT CHR\＄（7）：GOTO $9 \varnothing$
$15 \emptyset$ TT $=1:$ VTAB $7:$ HTAB 5：PRINT SPC（19）
160 INVERSE：FOR $V=1$ TO $3:$ FOR $L=1 \varnothing$ TO 14
$17 \varnothing$ VTAB L：HTAB LM（V）－1：PRINT SPC（5）：NEXT L，V：NORMAL
$18 \emptyset$ VTAB 16：HTAB 13：PRINT＂1＂；SPC（6）；＂2＂； $\operatorname{SPC}(6)$ ；＂ $3 "$
19＠FOR DE $=1$ TO 2øD：NEXT DE：POKE－16368，$\varnothing$
$20 \varnothing \operatorname{NUM}(T T)=\operatorname{INT}(\operatorname{RND}(1) \star 3)+1: F L=1: F O R X=1$ TO TT
$21 \varnothing \mathrm{~V}=\operatorname{NUM}(\mathrm{X})$ ：GOSUB 3øФФ：NEXT $X: F L=\varnothing: X=1$
$22 \varnothing$ GOSUB 2øø0：V $=$ VAL（K\＄）
230 IF $V<1$ OR $V>3$ THEN $V=\operatorname{NUM}(X)$ ：GOTO $28 \emptyset$
$24 \varnothing$ GOSUB $3 \varnothing \varnothing$ ：IF NUM（ $X$ ）＜＞$V$ THEN $V=\operatorname{NUM}(X)$ ：GOTO $28 \varnothing$
$25 \emptyset$ IF $X<>$ TT THEN $X=X+1$ ：POKE $-16368, \varnothing$ ：GOTO $22 \emptyset$
$260 \mathrm{TT}=\mathrm{TT}+(\mathrm{TT}<>306)$
27Ф FOR DE $=1$ TO 5ФФ：NEXT DE：GOTO $2 \emptyset \varnothing$
289 FOR DE $=1$ TO 2ø0：NEXT DE
$29 \varnothing$ FOR $X=2 \varnothing 0$ TO $1 \varnothing$ STEP -5 ：GOSUB 4 $9 \varnothing$ ：GOSUB $3 \varnothing 3 \varnothing$
$3 \varnothing \varnothing$ POKE 6，6：POKE $8, X$ ：CALL 768：NEXT X：GOSUB $1 \varnothing \square \varnothing$
$31 \emptyset$ PRINT＂SORRY，YOU MISSED A NOTE IN THE MELODY．＂
$32 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT＂YOUR SCORE：＂；TT
330 IF TT＞HS THEN HS $=$ TT
340 PRINT：PRINT＂HIGH SCORE：＂；HS
$35 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT＂PRESS＜S＞TO SET SPEED FACTOR，＂
$36 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB（7）；＂＜P＞TO PLAY AGAIN，OR＂
37ø PRINT TAB（7）；＂＜Q＞TO QUIT．＂；
389 GOSUB 2Ф日6：IF K\＄＝＂Q＂THEN HOME：END
$39 \varnothing$ IF K\＄$=$＂P＂THEN $9 \varnothing$
400 IF KS $=$＂ S ＂THEN $4 \varnothing$
410 GOTO $38 \varnothing$
$10 \varnothing$ HOME：PRINT TAB（12）；＂THE MELODY GAME＂：PRINT：RETURN

2000 K $=$ PEEK $(-16384)$－128：IF K＜$\emptyset$ THEN $200 \varnothing$
2910 POKE－16368，$\varnothing$
$292 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{\$}=\operatorname{CHRS}(K-(K>96) *(K<123) \star 32):$ RETURN
3006 GOSUB 4DD日：POKE 6，SF＊6
3ø1ø IF FL THEN POKE 8，N（NUM（X））：CALL 768：GOTO 3ø3ø
$392 \emptyset$ POKE $8, N(V)$ ：CALL 768
3030 INVERSE：GOSUB 4000：NORMAL：RETURN
4090 FOR $L=11$ TO 13：VTAB L：HTAB LM（V）
$4 \varnothing 1 \varnothing$ PRINT SPC（3）：NEXT L：RETURN
$5 \emptyset \square$ DATA $12,162,19,121,26,1 \emptyset 8$
$6 \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $165,8,2 \emptyset 1,2,176,2,169,2,74,133,10,164,8$
$601 \varnothing$ DATA $240,8,173,48,192,234,234,136,2 \emptyset 8,251,56$
$6 \emptyset 2 \emptyset$ DATA $165,7,229,10,133,7,176,235,198,6,2 \emptyset 8,231,96$

## Afari 800／XL／130 XE／Melody Game

11 DIM CHS（9），K\＄（1），CLS（19），TAB\＄（4）
$2 \emptyset \operatorname{DIM} \operatorname{LM}(3), N(3), N U M(3 \varnothing \varnothing): O P E N$ \＃1，4，$\varnothing, " K: ": H S=\emptyset$
$3 \varnothing$ POKE 82，$\varnothing$ ：POKE 752，1：POKE 71ø，$\varnothing$
40 FOR L＝1 TO 3：READ A，B：LM（L）＝A：N（L）＝B：NEXT L
$5 \emptyset \mathrm{CL} \$=\mathrm{CHR} \$(32): \mathrm{CL} \$(19)=\mathrm{CL} \$: \mathrm{CL} \$(2)=\mathrm{CL} \$: \mathrm{TAB} \$=\mathrm{CL} \$(1,4)$
$60 \mathrm{CHS}=\mathrm{CHRS}(32): \mathrm{CHS}(5)=\mathrm{CH} \mathrm{\$}: \mathrm{CHS}(2)=\mathrm{CHS}$
79 FOR L＝4 TO 6：CH\＄（L，L）＝CHR\＄（16 9 ）：NEXT L
8 9 FOR L＝7 TO 9：CH\＄（L，L）$=$ CHR $\$(148)$ ：NEXT L
$9 \emptyset$ GOSUB $2 \varnothing \varnothing \square$
$19 \varnothing$ PRINT＂PLEASE TYPE A NUMBER BETWEEN 1 AND 6 TO＂
$11 \varnothing$ PRINT＂SET THE SPEED FACTOR（ $1=$ FAST； $6=$ SLOW）．＂
129 GOSUB 3060：SF＝K－48
139 IF SF＜1 OR SF＞6 THEN GOSUB 1øФ日：GOTO 12ø
$14 \varnothing$ GOSUB $2 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$
$15 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB\＄；＂LISTEN CAREFULLY TO THE MELODY．＂
$16 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB\＄；＂EARN POINTS BY PLAYING IT BACK＂
$17 \varnothing$ PRINT TAB\＄；＂CORRECTLY，USING KEYS 1－3．＂
$18 \emptyset$ PRINT ：PRINT TABS；＂PRESS＜B＞TO BEGIN．＂
199 GOSUB 3øФ日：IF K\＄＜＞＂B＂THEN GOSUB 1øøø：GOTO 19ø
290 TOTAL＝1：POSITION 4，6：PRINT CL\＄
210 FOR V＝1 TO 3：FOR L＝1ø TO 14：POSITION LM（V）－1，L
$22 \varnothing$ PRINT CH\＄（4，6）；CH\＄（4，5）：NEXT L：NEXT V
230 POSITION 12，16：PRINT＂1＂；CL\＄（1，6）；＂2＂；CL\＄（1，6）；＂3＂
$240 \operatorname{NUM}(T O T A L)=\operatorname{INT}(R N D(1) \star 3)+1: F L=-1$ ：FOR $X=1$ TO TOTAL
$25 \emptyset V=\operatorname{NUM}(X): G O S U B 4 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset: N E X T X: F L=\emptyset: X=1$ ：POKE 764,255
260 GET \＃1，K：$V=K-48$
$27 \varnothing$ IF $V<1$ OR $V>3$ THEN $V=$ NUM $(x)$ ：GOTO $32 \varnothing$
280 GOSUB 40ø0：IF NUM（ $X$ ）＜＞V THEN $V=$ NUM（ $X$ ）：GOTO $32 \emptyset$
290 IF $x<>$ TOTAL THEN $x=x+1$ ：GOTO $26 \emptyset$
$30 \varnothing$ TOTAL＝TOTAL＋（TOTAL＜＞306）
$31 \varnothing$ FOR DE＝1 TO 1ø0：NEXT DE：GOTO $24 \varnothing$
32ø FOR DE＝1 TO 6ø：NEXT DE
$33 \varnothing$ FOR $X=2 \varnothing$ TO $15 \emptyset$ STEP－5：SOUND $\varnothing, X-5 \emptyset, 1 \emptyset, 1 \varnothing: H=7$
340 IF $x / 2=\operatorname{INT}(x / 2)$ THEN $H=4$
$35 \emptyset$ GOSUB Søø日：NEXT X：SOUND $\varnothing, \varnothing, \varnothing, \varnothing$
360 TOTAL＝TOTAL－1：GOSUB 200
$37 \varnothing$ PRINT＂SORRY，YOU MISSED A NOTE IN THE MELODY．＂
$38 \emptyset$ PRINT ：PRINT＂YOUR SCORE：＂；TOTAL
$39 \emptyset$ IF TOTAL＞HS THEN HS＝TOTAL
$4 \varnothing$ PRINT ：PRINT＂HIGH SCORE：＂；HS
$41 \emptyset$ PRINT ：PRINT＂PRESS＜S＞TO SET SPEED FACTOR，＂
$42 \emptyset$ PRINT TABS；＂＜P＞TO PLAY AGAIN，OR＂
$43 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB\＄；＂＜Q＞TO QUIT．＂
440 GOSUB 300：IF $K \$=" Q$＂THEN PRINT CHR $\$(125)$ ：POKE 752
，$\varnothing:$ POKE 710，132：END
450 IF $K \$=" P$＂THEN $14 \emptyset$
$46 \emptyset$ IF $\mathrm{K} \$=" \mathrm{~S}$＂THEN $9 \varnothing$
$47 \varnothing$ GOTO 440
100 FOR DE＝1 TO 25：POKE 53279，$\varnothing:$ NEXT DE：RETURN
2 DRINT CHRS（125）；CL\＄（1，12）；＂THE MELODY GAME＂
$2 \emptyset 1 \varnothing$ PRINT ：RETURN
3000 GET \＃1，K：K\＄＝CHR\＄$(K-(K>96) *(K<123) * 32)$ ：RETURN $4000 \mathrm{H}=1$ ：GOSUB 5000
$4 \varnothing 1 \varnothing$ IF FL THEN SOUND $\emptyset, N(N U M(X)), 1 \varnothing, 1 \emptyset:$ GOTO $4 \varnothing 3 \varnothing$
$4 \emptyset 2 \emptyset$ SOUND $\varnothing, N(V), 1 \varnothing, 1 \varnothing$
$4 \varnothing 3 \emptyset$ FOR DE＝1 TO SF＊3：NEXT DE：SOUND $\varnothing, \varnothing, \varnothing, \varnothing$
$4040 \mathrm{H}=4$ ：GOSUB 5øø日：RETURN
$5 \emptyset 0$. FOR L＝11 TO 13：POSITION LM（V），L
5010 PRINT CHS $(\mathrm{H}, \mathrm{H}+2)$ ；：NEXT L：RETURN
$6 \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $11,81,18,6 \emptyset, 25,54$

## Commodore 64 \＆ 128 （C 64 mode）／Melody Game

1ø DIM LM（3），NH（3），NL（3），NUM（3ø日）
$2 \emptyset H S=\emptyset: F O R L=1$ TO 3：READ LM（L），NH（L），NL（L）：NEXT L
$3 \emptyset \mathrm{~S}=54272$ ：FOR $X=\emptyset$ TO 23：POKE $S+X, \emptyset:$ NEXT $X$
40 POKE $\mathrm{S}+5,31$ ：POKE $\mathrm{S}+6,119$ ：POKE $\mathrm{S}+24,15$
$5 \emptyset$ POKE 53281，$\emptyset:$ POKE 5328ø，$\varnothing$
$60 \mathrm{CL} \$=C H R \$(32)$ ：FOR L＝2 TO 19：CL\＄＝CL\＄＋CHRS（32）：NEXT L
$7 \emptyset$ GR\＄$=$ CHRS（153）：RV\＄＝CHRS（18）：SP\＄＝LEFT\＄（CL\＄，3）
80 GOSUB 1000
90 PRINT GR\＄；＂PLEASE TYPE A NUMBER BETWEEN 1 AND 6 TO＂
19 PRINT＂SET THE SPEED FACTOR（ $1=$ FAST； $6=$ SLOW ）．＂
110 GOSUB 290：SF＝VAL（K\＄）
$12 \emptyset$ IF SF＜1 OR SF＞6 THEN GOSUB 3ø日日：GOTO 110
$13 \varnothing$ GOSUB $1 \varnothing \varnothing \square$
$14 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB（5）；GR\＄；＂LISTEN CAREFULLY TO THE MELODY．＂
$15 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB（5）；＂EARN POINTS BY PLAYING IT BACK＂
160 PRINT TAB（5）；＂CORRECTLY，USING KEYS 1－3．＂
$17 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT TAB（5）；CHRS（15 $)$ ；＂PRESS＜B＞TO BEGIN．＂
189 GOSUB 2øD日：IF K\＄＜＞＂B＂THEN GOSUB 30日0：GOTO 189
190 TT＝1：POKE 214，6：PRINT：PRINT TAB（5）；CL\＄
2ø FOR V＝1 TO 3：FOR L＝1ø TO 14：POKE 214，L：PRINT
210 PRINT TAB（LM（V）－1）；CHRS（152＋V）；RV\＄；LEFT\＄（CL\＄，5）
220 NEXT L，V：POKE 214，16：PRINT
$23 \varnothing$ PRINT TAB（13）；＂1＂；SPC（6）；＂2＂；SPC（6）；＂3＂
24ø $\operatorname{NUM}(T T)=\operatorname{INT}(R N D(1) \star 3)+1: F L=-1: F O R \quad X=1$ TO TT
$25 \emptyset \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{NUM}(\mathrm{X})$ ：GOSUB 400ø：NEXT $\mathrm{X}: \mathrm{FL}=\emptyset: \mathrm{X}=1$
$26 \emptyset$ GET K\＄：IF K\＄＜＞＂＇＂THEN $26 \varnothing$
270 GET KS：IF K\＄＝＂＂THEN $27 \varnothing$
$28 \emptyset \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{VAL}(\mathrm{K} \$)$ ：IF $\mathrm{V}<1$ OR $\mathrm{V}>3$ THEN $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{NUM}(\mathrm{X})$ ：GOTO $33 \varnothing$
$29 \varnothing$ GOSUB 4DD．IF NUM（ $X$ ）＜＞V THEN $V=N U M(X)$ ：GOTO $33 \varnothing$
$30 \emptyset$ IF $x<>$ TT THEN $x=x+1$ ：GOTO $27 \varnothing$
$31 \varnothing \mathrm{TT}=\mathrm{TT}-(\mathrm{TT}<>3 \varnothing 日)$
320 FOR DE＝1 TO 400：NEXT DE：GOTO 240
330 FOR DE＝1 TO 2ø0：NEXT DE：POKE $S+4,33$
$34 \emptyset \mathrm{HS}=\mathrm{RV} \$: F O R \quad X=2 \emptyset \emptyset$ TO $15 \emptyset$ STEP -4
35ø POKE $S+1, x-15 \emptyset$ ：POKE $S, 31:$ FOR DE $=1$ TO 15：NEXT DE
$36 \emptyset \mathrm{CH}=149+\mathrm{INT}(\mathrm{RND}(1)$＊6）：GOSUB 5ФD日：NEXT X
$37 \varnothing$ POKE $S+4,32: T T=T T-1: G O S U B 1$ 1 $\varnothing \varnothing$ ：PRINT CHR\＄（15 $\varnothing$ ）；
$38 \emptyset$ PRINT＂SORRY，YOU MISSED A NOTE IN THE MELODY．＂
390 PRINT：PRINT GR\＄；＂YOUR SCORE：＂；TT
400 IF TTPHS THEN HS＝TT
$41 \varnothing$ PRINT：PRINT＂HIGH SCORE：＂；HS
$42 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT＂PRESS＜S＞TO SET SPEED FACTOR，＂
430 PRINT TAB（6）；＂＜P＞TO PLAY AGAIN，OR＂
$44 \varnothing$ PRINT TAB（6）；＂＜Q＞TO QUIT．＂
$45 \varnothing$ GOSUB 29日：IF K\＄＝＂Q＂THEN PRINT CHR\＄（147）：END
$46 \emptyset$ IF K $\$=$＂P＂THEN $13 \emptyset$
$47 \varnothing$ IF K $\$=" S^{\prime \prime}$ THEN $8 \varnothing$
480 GOTO $45 \varnothing$
1 1DD PRINT CHR\＄（147）；CHR\＄（158）
$1 \emptyset 1 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB（12）；＂THE MELODY GAME＂：PRINT：RETURN
$2 \varnothing \varnothing \square$ GET K\＄：IF K\＄＝＂＂THEN $2 \varnothing \varnothing \square$
201ø RETURN
300 POKE $S+4,33$ ：POKE $s+1,22$ ：POKE $s, 22$
391ø POKE $S+4,32$ ：RETURN
$400 \mathrm{CH}=144: \mathrm{HS}=" \mathrm{C}:$ GOSUB $5 \emptyset \varnothing 0$
4010 POKE $S+4,33$ ：POKE $S, \varnothing$ ：POKE $S+1, \varnothing$
$4 \varnothing 2 \varnothing$ IF FL THEN POKE $S+1, \operatorname{NH}(\operatorname{NUM}(X))$ ）：POKE $S, N L(N U M(X))$ ： GOTO 4040
4030 POKE $\mathrm{S}+1$ ，NH（V）：POKE S，NL（V）
$404 \varnothing$ FOR DE $=1$ TO SF＊9：NEXT DE：POKE $S+4,32$
$405 \varnothing \mathrm{CH}=152+\mathrm{V}$ ：H\＄＝RV\＄：GOSUB 5 500 ：RETURN
$5 \emptyset \emptyset$ POKE 214，11：PRINT：FOR L＝1 TO 3
$5 \emptyset 1 \varnothing$ PRINT TAB（LM（V））；CHR $\$(C H)$ ；H\＄；SP\＄：NEXT L：RETURN
$6 \emptyset \square$ DATA $12,12,143,19,16,194,26,18,2 \emptyset 9$

## IBM PC \＆compafibles／Melody Game

$10 \operatorname{DIM} C(3), L M(3), N(3), N U M(3 \varnothing 6)$
$2 \emptyset$ SCREEN $\emptyset, \emptyset:$ KEY OFF：DEF SEG＝ $8 \mathrm{H} 4 \emptyset: \mathrm{BT}=11$
$3 \varnothing$ IF（PEEK（ 8 H1 $\varnothing$ ）AND 48 ）$=32$ THEN WIDTH $4 \varnothing$ ELSE BT $=13$
$4 \emptyset$ DEF SEG：RANDOMIZE TIMER：LOCATE ，$\emptyset: C O L O R, \varnothing$
$5 \emptyset$ HS＝$\emptyset: F O R L=1$ TO 3：READ $C(L), L M(L), N(L): N E X T$ L
60 GOSUB 10øø
$7 \varnothing$ PRINT＂Please type a number between 1 and 6 to＂ $8 \emptyset$ PRINT＂set the speed factor（ $1=$ fast； $6=s(0 W$ ）．＂

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$9 \varnothing$ GOSUB 2øøD：SF＝VAL（K\＄）
$1 \varnothing$ IF SF＜1 OR SF＞6 THEN BEEP：GOTO $9 \varnothing$
110 GOSUB 1900
$12 \varnothing$ PRINT TAB（5）；＂Listen carefully to the melody．＂
$13 \varnothing$ PRINT TAB（5）；＂Earn points by playing it back＂
$14 \varnothing$ PRINT TAB（5）；＂correctly，using keys 1－3．＂
$15 \emptyset$ COLOR 12：PRINT：PRINT TAB（5）；＂Press＜B＞to begin．＂
160 GOSUB 2øDD：IF K\＄＜＞＂B＂THEN BEEP：GOTO 160
$17 \emptyset$ TOTAL＝1：LOCATE 7，5：PRINT SPACES（19）
189 FOR V＝1 TO 3：COLOR C（V）：FOR L＝BT－1 TO 14
$19 \emptyset$ LOCATE L，LM（V）－1：PRINT STRING\＄$(5,219)$
209 NEXT L，V：COLOR 2
21ø LOCATE 16，13：PRINT＂1＂；SPC（6）；＂2＂；SPC（6）；＂3＂
220 NUM（TOTAL）$=$ INT（RND＊3）+1 ：FL＝－1：FOR $X=1$ TO TOTAL
$23 \varnothing \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{NUM}(\mathrm{X})$ ：GOSUB 3ø日ぁ：NEXT $X: F L=\emptyset: X=1$
240 IF INKEY\＄＜＞＂＇＂THEN $24 \varnothing$
$250 \mathrm{~K} \$=I N K E Y \$$ IF $K \$="+1$ THEN 250
$26 \varnothing \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{VAL}(\mathrm{K} \$)$ ：IF $\mathrm{V}<1$ OR $\mathrm{V}>3$ THEN $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{NUM}(\mathrm{X})$ ：GOTO $31 \varnothing$

28ø IF $x<>$ TOTAL THEN $x=x+1$ ：GOTO $25 \varnothing$
$29 \varnothing$ TOTAL $=$ TOTAL－ （TOTAL $<>3 \varnothing \varnothing$ ）
309 FOR DE＝1 TO 790：NEXT DE：GOTO $22 \emptyset$
310 FOR DE＝1 TO 490：NEXT DE
$32 \emptyset$ FOR $X=2 \varnothing$ TO $15 \varnothing$ STEP－5：SOUND $X, 3$
$33 \varnothing \mathrm{CH}=219$ ：COLOR INT（RND＊1 $\varnothing$ ） 1 ：GOSUB $4 \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing$ ：NEXT X
340 TOTAL＝TOTAL－1：GOSUB 1000：COLOR 12
$35 \emptyset$ PRINT＂Sorry，you missed a note in the melody．＂
$36 \varnothing$ COLOR 2：PRINT：PRINT＂Your score：＂；TOTAL
379 IF TOTAL＞HS THEN HS＝TOTAL
$38 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT＂High score：＂；HS
$39 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT＂Press＜S＞to set speed factor，＂
$4 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB（7）；＂＜P＞to play again，or＂
$41 \varnothing$ PRINT TAB（7）；＂＜Q＞to quit．＂
$42 \emptyset$ GOSUB 2øD日：IF K\＄＝＂Q＂THEN COLOR 7：CLS：KEY ON：END
430 IF $K \$=" P$＂THEN 110
440 IF K $\$=" \mathrm{~S}$＂THEN $6 \emptyset$ ELSE $42 \varnothing$
$10 \varnothing$ CLS：COLOR 14：PRINT TAB（12）；＂The Melody Game＂
1ø1ø PRINT：COLOR 2：RETURN

$291 \varnothing K=A S C(K \$): K \$=C H R \$(K-(K>96) *(K<123) * 32)$ ：RETURN
$3000 \mathrm{CH}=32:$ GOSUB 4000
$301 \varnothing$ IF FL THEN SOUND $N(N U M(X)$ ），SF／3 ELSE SOUND $N(V)$ ，$S$ F／2
$3 \varnothing 2 \varnothing$ SOUND 32767，．1：FOR DE＝1 TO 29＊SF：NEXT DE
$3 \emptyset 3 \emptyset$ COLOR C（V）：CH＝219：GOSUB 4øD日：RETURN
4000 FOR L＝BT TO 13：LOCATE L，LM（V）
$401 \varnothing$ PRINT STRING\＄（3，CH）：NEXT L：RETURN
$5 \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $12,12,392,2,19,523.25,11,26,587.33$

## Macintosh／Melody Game

$1 \varnothing$ DIM LM（3），N（3），NUM（300）：RANDOMIZE TIMER
$2 \emptyset$ WINDOW 1，＂THE MELODY GAME＂，$(\varnothing, 38)-(527,338)$
$3 \varnothing$ CALL TEXTFONT（4）：CALL TEXTSIZE（9）：CALL TEXTMODE（ $\varnothing$ ）
4の HS＝ ：FOR L＝1 TO 3：READ LM（L），N（L）：NEXT L
$5 \emptyset$ CLS：PRINT
$6 \varnothing$ PRINT＂Please type a number between 1 and 6 to＂
$7 \varnothing$ PRINT＂set the speed factor（ $1=$ fast； $6=s$ low）．＂
$8 \emptyset$ GOSUB 1 $1 \varnothing \square$ ：SF＝VAL（K\＄）
$9 \emptyset$ IF $S F<1$ OR SF＞ 6 THEN BEEP：GOTO $8 \varnothing$
$1 \emptyset \emptyset D U=S F * 2 / 3+.9: C L S: P R I N T$
$11 \varnothing$ PRINT TAB（27）；＂Listen carefully to the melody．＂
$12 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB（27）；＂Earn points by playing it back＂
130 PRINT TAB（27）；＂correctly，using keys 1－3．＂
$14 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT TAB（27）；＂Press $\langle B\rangle$ to begin．＂
$15 \emptyset$ GOSUB 1øøø：IF K\＄＜＞＂B＂THEN BEEP：GOTO $15 \emptyset$
160 TOTAL＝1：LOCATE 6，27：PRINT SPACE\＄（19）
$17 \emptyset$ FOR V＝1 TO 3：GOSUB 2ø3ø：NEXT V
$18 \varnothing$ LOCATE 16，33：PRINT＂1＂；SPC（8）；＂2＂；SPC（8）；＂3＂
19ø FOR DE＝1 TO 4øD：NEXT DE
$2 \emptyset \operatorname{NUM}(T O T A L)=I N T(R N D * 3)+1: F L=-1: F O R X=1$ TO TOTAL
$21 \varnothing \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{NUM}(\mathrm{X})$ ：GOSUB 2ø $\varnothing$ ： $\mathrm{NEXT} X: F L=\varnothing: X=1$
220 IF INKEYS＜＞＂＂THEN $22 \varnothing$
$230 \mathrm{~K} \$=1 \mathrm{NKEY}$ ：IF $\mathrm{K} \$={ }^{\prime \prime \prime \prime}$ THEN $23 \varnothing$
$24 \varnothing \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{VAL}(\mathrm{K} \$)$ ：IF $\mathrm{V}<1$ OR $\mathrm{V}>3$ THEN $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{NUM}(\mathrm{X})$ ：GOTO $29 \varnothing$ 250 GOSUB 2900 ：IF NUM $(X)<>V$ THEN $V=N U M(X)$ ：GOTO 290

260 IF $x<>$ TOTAL THEN $x=x+1$ ：GOTO 230
$27 \emptyset$ TOTAL＝TOTAL－（TOTAL＜＞3Ф日）
280 FOR DE＝1 TO 12ø0：NEXT DE：GOTO $2 \varnothing 0$
290 FOR DE＝1 TO 4D0：NEXT DE
$3 \emptyset \varnothing$ FOR $X=25 \emptyset$ TO $15 \emptyset$ STEP $-1 \varnothing$ ：SOUND $X, 3$
$310 \mathrm{CH}=30$ ：GOSUB 30日0：CH＝33：GOSUB 3ø日日：NEXT $X$
$32 \emptyset$ TOTAL＝TOTAL－1：CLS
$33 \varnothing$ PRINT＂Sorry，you missed a note in the melody．＂
340 PRINT：PRINT＂Your score：＂；TOTAL
$35 \emptyset$ IF TOTAL＞HS THEN HS＝TOTAL
$36 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT＂High score：＂；HS
$37 \varnothing$ PRINT：PRINT＂Press＜S＞to set speed factor，＂
$38 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB（7）；＂＜P＞to play again，or＂
390 PRINT TAB（7）；＂〈Q＞to quit．＂
400 GOSUB 10D0：IF K\＄＝＂Q＂THEN CLS：END
410 IF K $\$=" P$＂THEN $19 \varnothing$
$42 \varnothing$ IF K $\$=" S "$ THEN $5 \varnothing$ ELSE $4 \varnothing \varnothing$
$100 \mathrm{~K} \$=$ INKEY $\$$ ：IF K $\$=="$＂THEN $1 \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing$
$1 \varnothing 1 \varnothing \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{ASC}(\mathrm{K} \$): \mathrm{K} \$=\mathrm{CHR} \$(\mathrm{~K}-(\mathrm{K}>96) \star(\mathrm{K}<123) \star 32)$ ：RETURN
$2 \emptyset 0 \mathrm{CH}=3 \varnothing$ ：GOSUB $3 \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing$
2010 IF FL THEN SOUND N（NUM（X）），DU ELSE SOUND N（V），DU
$2 \emptyset 2 \emptyset$ SOUND $\emptyset, .3, \varnothing$ ：FOR DE＝1 TO 4 $\varnothing \star$ SF：NEXT DE
$2030 \mathrm{CH}=33$ ：GOSUB 3øD日：RETURN
3000 LINE（LM（V），10ø）－（LM（V）$+4 \varnothing, 15 \emptyset), C H, B F:$ RETURN
400 DATA $174,392,228,523,282,587$

## Tandy Color Computer／Melody Game

1ヵ CLEAR 5øø：DIM C（3），LM（3），N（3），NUM（3øø）
2ø HS＝ø：FOR L＝1 TO 3：READ $C(L), L M(L), N(L)$ ：NEXT L
$3 \varnothing$ GOSUB $1 \varnothing \varnothing$
$4 \varnothing$ PRINT＂PLEASE TYPE A NUMBER BETWEEN＂
$5 \emptyset$ PRINT＂1 AND 6 TO SET THE SPEED FACTOR＂
60 PRINT TAB（8）；＂（1＝FAST；6＝SLOW．）＂
7 GOSUB 200： $\mathrm{SF}=\mathrm{VAL}(K \$)$
8ø IF SF＜1 OR SF＞6 THEN SOUND 2ø日，2：GOTO $7 \varnothing$
90 GOSUB 1900
$1 \varnothing \varnothing$ PRINT＂LISTEN CAREFULLY TO THE MELODY．＂
$11 \emptyset$ PRINT＂EARN POINTS BY PLAYING IT BACK＂
$12 \varnothing$ PRINT＂CORRECTLY，USING KEYS 1－3．＂
$13 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT TAB（5）；＂PRESS＜B＞TO BEGIN．＂
$14 \varnothing$ GOSUB 2øøD：IF K\＄＜＞＂B＂THEN SOUND 2øD，2：GOTO $14 \varnothing$
$15 \emptyset \mathrm{TT}=1$ ：PRINT2196，STRING $\$(19,32)$
160 FOR $V=1$ TO 3：GOSUB $3 \emptyset 2 \varnothing$ ：NEXT V
$17 \emptyset$ PRINT0361，＂1＂；STRING $(5,32) ; " 2 " ; \operatorname{STRING}(5,32) ; " 3 "$
$18 \varnothing \operatorname{NUM}(T T)=R N D(3): F L=-1: F O R \quad X=1$ TO TT
$19 \varnothing V=N U M(X)$ ：GOSUB $3 \varnothing \varnothing \varnothing$ ：NEXT $X: F L=\emptyset: X=1$
$200 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{INKEY} \$$ ：IF K $\$=" \mathrm{"}$ THEN 200
$21 \varnothing \mathrm{~V}=\mathrm{VAL}(\mathrm{K} \$)$ ：IF $\mathrm{V}<1$ OR $\mathrm{V}>3$ THEN $\mathrm{V}=\mathrm{NUM}(\mathrm{X})$ ：GOTO $26 \emptyset$
$22 \varnothing$ GOSUB 3090：IF NUM（ $X$ ）＜＞V THEN $V=N U M(X)$ ：GOTO $26 \emptyset$
$23 \varnothing$ IF $x<>$ TT THEN $x=x+1$ ：GOTO $2 \varnothing \varnothing$
$249 \mathrm{~T} T=\mathrm{TT}-(T T<>3 \varnothing \varnothing)$
$25 \varnothing$ FOR DE＝1 TO 6ø0：NEXT DE：GOTO $18 \varnothing$
260 FOR DE＝1 TO 5ø0：NEXT DE
$27 \varnothing$ FOR $x=2 \varnothing$ TO $15 \emptyset$ STEP -5 ：SOUND $x, 3$
$280 \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{V})$ ：GOSUB 3030 ：NEXT X
290 TT＝TT－1：GOSUB 1000
$30 \varnothing$ PRINT＂SORRY，YOU MISSED A NOTE．＂
$31 \varnothing$ PRINT：PRINT＂YOUR SCORE：＂；TT
$32 \emptyset$ IF TT＞HS THEN HS＝TT
330 PRINT：PRINT＂HIGH SCORE：＂；HS
340 PRINT：PRINT＂PRESS＜S＞TO SET SPEED FACTOR，＂
$35 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB（6）；＂＜P＞TO PLAY AGAIN，OR＂
360 PRINT TAB（6）；＂＜Q＞TO QUIT．＂
370 GOSUB 2000：IF K\＄＝＂Q＂THEN CLS：END
$38 \emptyset$ IF $K \$=" P$＂THEN $9 \varnothing$
390 IF K\＄＝＂S＂THEN $3 \varnothing$ ELSE $37 \varnothing$
100 CLS：PRINT TAB（8）；＂THE MELODY GAME＂：PRINT：RETURN
$200 \mathrm{~K} \$=I N K E Y \$$ ：IF $K \$="+1$ THEN 2000
$291 \varnothing K=\operatorname{ASC}(K \$): K \$=$ CHR $\$(K-(K>96) \star(K<123) \star 32):$ RETURN
$300 \mathrm{CH}=32: G O S U B 3030$
$301 \varnothing$ IF FL THEN SOUND $N(\operatorname{NUM}(X))$ ，SF ELSE SOUND $N(V)$ ，SF
$302 \varnothing \mathrm{CH}=\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{V})$ ：GOSUB $3 \varnothing 3 \varnothing$ ：RETURN
3030 FOR L＝LM（V）TO LM（V）+32 STEP 32
4001 PRINTQL，STRINGS（3，CH）；：NEXT L：RETURN
$5 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $159,264,147,175,27 \emptyset, 176,255,276,185$

## THE SYSTEMS WE TEST ON

Every family \& home-office computing program is thoroughly tested before publication. The exact systems we use during the testing process are listed here. While you can be sure that a program will work if your system matches ours, a comparable system configuration should also work. For example, even though we do not test on the Franklin Ace. Apple programs should work on this system. Any exception to the following hardware and software configurations will be listed in the chart on page 77. Systems that do not have specific printers listed were tested with Epson FX-80 printers when printer options were available.

Apple Ile in 40 -column mode w/64K RAM, DOS 3.3, two disk drives, MPC parallel printer interface, monochrome and color monitors. Apple programs should also work on Apple IIc/II Plus and under ProDOS. Apple Ilgs w/1MB RAM, one 3.5 -inch and one 5.25 -inch disk drive, ProDOS 3.3, and Apple RGB monitor. Atari 800XL w/two disk drives, DOS 2 version 2.05. Atari 850 interface, and color monitor. Atari programs should also work on Atari $800(\mathrm{w} / 48 \mathrm{~K}), 1200 \mathrm{XL}$, and $65 / 130 \mathrm{XE}$. Smaller programs should work on Atari 400 and 600XL. Programs will not work on the Atari XE Video Game System. Commodore 128 in C 64 mode with two 1571 disk drives, color monitor, and Micrografix parallel graphics interface. Programs should also work on Commodore 64/64C/128D. IBM PC w/640K RAM, Disk BASIC D2.00, IBM Monochrome Display and Printer Adapter, monochrome monitor, IBM Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter, RGB monitor, AST Sixpack Plus, and IBM PC DOS 3.10. IBM PCjr w/ 128K RAM, one disk drive. IBM PC DOS 2.10. Cartridge BASIC J1.00. IBM PS/2 Model 30 w/640K RAM, one floppy-disk and one hard-disk drive, RGB monitor, IBM PC DOS 3.30, and IBM PC BASIC A3.30. Programs should also work on the PS/2 Model 25. Macinfosh w/512K RAM, two disk drives, Microsoft BASIC 2.1, and ImageWriter printer. Macintosh programs should also work on $128 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{Mac/Mac} \mathrm{Plus/SE/II} \mathrm{and} \mathrm{under} \mathrm{Microsoft} \mathrm{BASIC} \mathrm{2.0}$.

Tandy Color Computer 2 w/64K RAM, Disk Extended Color BASIC 1.1, two disk drives, Botek serial-to-parallel printer interface, color monitor. Programs should also work on Color Computer 1 (w/64K) and 3.

The following PC compatibles have been added to our testing list. IBM PC programs should also work on other PC compatibles with at least 128 K .

Blue Chip w/512K RAM, two disk drives, monochrome monitor, MS-DOS 3.20, GW-BASIC 3.20. Commodore PC- $10 \mathrm{w} / 640 \mathrm{~K}$ RAM, two disk drives, monochrome monitor, MS-DOS 3.20, GW-BASIC 3.20. Epson Equity I w/256K RAM, two disk drives, monochrome display adapter, monochrome monitor, MS-DOS 3.10 , GW-BASIC 3.10. Programs should also work on the Epson Equity I Plus, II, III, III Plus. Kaypro PC 10 w/640K RAM, two disk drives, RGB monitor, MS-DOS 2.11, GW-BASIC 2.02. Leading Edge Model D w/640K RAM, two disk drives, monochrome and RGB monitors, MS-DOS 3.10, GW-BASIC 3.11. Programs should also run on the Leading Edge Model D2. Panasonic FX600 w/640K RAM, two disk drives, MS-DOS 3.10. Panasonic Personal Computer BASIC 3.11 , enhanced graphics adapter, RGB monitor. Tandy 1000 EX w/256K RAM, two disk drives, MSDOS 2.11 version 02.11.24, GW-BASIC 2.02 version 01.02.00, RGB monitor. Tandy $\mathbf{1 0 0 0} \mathbf{~ H X}$ w/256K RAM, one disk drive, MSDOS 2.11 version 02.11.26, GW-BASIC 2.02 version 01.02.01, RGB monitor. Tandy $\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$ SX w/384K RAM, two disk drives, MSDOS 3.20 version 03.20.00. GW-BASIC 3.20 version 03.20.00, RGB monitor. Tandy 1000 TX w/640K RAM, one disk drive, MSDOS 3.20 version 03.20.21, GW-BASIC 3.20 version 03.20 .01 , RGB monitor. IBM PCjr programs should also work on the Tandy 1000 . If you have a Tandy $1400 \mathrm{LT}, 3000$, or 4000 , use the IBM PC and compatibles' version rather than the IBM PCjr and compatibles' version. Vendex HeadStart Turbo 888-XT w/640K RAM, two disk drives, MS-DOS 3.20, GW-BASIC 3.20, RGB monitor. Zenith Z148PC w/640K RAM, two disk drives, MS-DOS 3.10, GW-BASIC 3.20, RGB monitor.

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## WORD SEARCH <br> by John jainschice



Since the Adam，Apple， and IBM versions of Word Search were pub－ lished in the September 1986 issue，we＇ve re－ ceived many requests from Commodore owners asking for a translation． This month，we present the C 64 version．

Great for car trips and waiting rooms，working on word－search（or＂find－a－ word＂）puzzles is a good way to learn word－recog－ nition skills and improve vocabulary．After all，if you can recognize a word spelled backward on the diagonal，you can recog－ nize it anywhere．

The trouble with word－ search puzzles in maga－ zines and books is that they aren＇t guaranteed to contain the words you want，and creating your own puzzles from scratch is a drag．These problems are solved with Word Search，a program that helps you create word－ search puzzles for friends and family to solve on the computer screen or print out for fun to go！

## YOU SUPPLY THE WORDS

Using Word Search， you can create puzzles in three sizes：small（ 10 by 10 characters），medium （ 20 by 15 characters）． and large（ 37 by 15 char－ acters）．

Once you＇ve chosen a size，you＇ll be asked if you want to see the puzzle on the screen as it＇s placed in by the program．An empty border will appear
on the screen，and you＇ll see each word as the pro－ gram places it．

Whether or not you＇re watching the puzzle as it forms，the program will ask you to enter，one by one，the words you want to appear in your puzzle． Note that you may not en－ ter words that are longer than the dimensions of your puzzle．

As each word is en－ tered，Word Search will try to fit it into your puz－ zle．Wherever possible，it will try to overlap words． increasing the puzzle＇s density and difficulty and making it possible to en－ ter more words than could fit otherwise．

Word Search isn＇t per－ fect，of course，and occa－ sionally it won＇t be able to fit in a word．When this happens，the program will do one of two things． If you＇ve elected to watch the puzzle being formed， Word Search will ask you to specify a place for the word with which it＇s hav－ ing trouble．Do so by moving the cursor（using the cursor keys）to where you want the word to be－ gin in the grid．Press RE－ TURN，and then move the cursor to the word＇s end－ ing position and press RETURN once again．If you can＇t find a place， abandon the word by pressing the＂ A ＂key，and go on．If，on the other hand，you＇ve chosen not to watch and participate in the formation of the puzzle，Word Search will automatically abandon any word for which it
can＇t find a place．
As the puzzle fills up，
Word Search will eventu－ ally start having more and more trouble fitting in words．It will，however， keep trying new words until you tell it to quit． Do so by pressing RE－ TURN at the WHAT IS YOUR word？prompt．

## SOLVE YOUR PUZZLE

When your puzzle is finished，Word Search will ask you whether you want to solve the puzzle on the screen or print it out along with a word list．Additional options permit you to print out a
word list for reference， abandon the puzzle and try again，or quit．

To solve a puzzle on the screen，move the cursor to the beginning of a word，press RETURN， move to the end of the word，and press RETURN once again．Word Search will even highlight the word you＇ve found and tell you how many words you have left．You can quit and return to the op－ tions menu at any time by pressing the＂- ＂key located at the top，left－ hand corner of your key－ board．
－C 64 TRANSLATION BY STEVEN C．M．CHEN

## Commodore 64 \＆ 128 （C 64 mode，prinfer opfion． al）／Word Search

$19 \operatorname{DIM} \operatorname{DR}(7,2), \operatorname{DM}(3,2), \operatorname{CU} \$(26), \operatorname{MS}(6)$
$2 \emptyset$ POKE 649，1ø：POKE 65 $\varnothing$ ， ：POKE 5328 12 ：POKE 53281，12
$3 \emptyset$ FOR $Z=\emptyset$ TO $7: \operatorname{READ} \operatorname{DR}(z, 1), \operatorname{DR}(z, 2)$ ：NEXT $Z$
$4 \varnothing$ FOR $Z=1$ TO 3：READ $\operatorname{DM}(z, 1), \operatorname{DM}(z, 2)$ ：NEXT $Z$
$5 \emptyset$ FOR $Z=1$ TO 26：CUS（Z）＝＂＇＂：NEXT Z：WH\＄＝CHR\＄（5）
60 FOR Z＝49 TO 54：M\＄（Z－48）＝＂＜＂＋CHR\＄（Z）＋＂＞＂：NEXT Z
$7 \varnothing$ GOSUB 2øø日：PRINT＂＜1＞SMALL（ $1 \varnothing \times 1 \varnothing$ ）＂
$8 \emptyset$ PRINT＂＜2＞MEDIUM（ $2 \emptyset \times 15$ ）＂
90 PRINT＂＜3＞LARGE（ $37 \times 15$ ）＂：PRINT
$1 \varnothing \varnothing$ PRINT＂WHICH SIZE PUZZLE DO YOU WANT TO CREATE？＂
110 GOSUB 210 0 ： $\mathrm{K}=\mathrm{ASC}(\mathrm{K} \$)-48$ ：IF $\mathrm{K}<1$ OR $\mathrm{K}>3$ THEN $11 \varnothing$
$12 \emptyset G X=D M(K, 1): G Y=D M(K, 2): W L=G X * G Y$
$13 \emptyset \operatorname{DIM} \operatorname{PS}(G X, G Y), W \$(W L)$ ： $\mathrm{ES}=\mathrm{CHR} \$(95): S P \$=C H R \$(32)$
140 RVS＝CHRS（18）：BK\＄＝RVS＋SP\＄＋CHR\＄（146）
$15 \emptyset \mathrm{Z} \$=\mathrm{SP} \$:$ FOR $\mathrm{Z}=2$ TO $39: Z \$=2 \$+$ SPS：NEXT $Z$
160 RES $=$ CHR $\$(13): B L \$=$ RV $\$+C H R \$(31)$
$17 \emptyset$ LM＝19－INT（GX／2）：NW＝$\emptyset: G O S U B 2 \emptyset \emptyset \varnothing$
180 PRINT＂WOULD YOU LIKE TO SEE THE PUZZLE AS IT＇S BE
ING BUILT？＂：GOSUB 2200
$19 \varnothing$ SP＝（K\＄＝＂Y＂）：GOSUB 2øøD：IF SP THEN GOSUB $23 \varnothing \varnothing$
200 POKE $214,19:$ PRINT：WD $=" \cdot "$
210 INPUT＂WHAT IS YOUR WORD＂；WD\＄
$22 \varnothing$ T＝LEN（WD\＄）：GOSUB $25 \varnothing \varnothing$
230 IF PEEK $(1049)=42$ THEN $25 \emptyset$
240 GOSUB 2øø日：IF SP THEN GOSUB $24 \varnothing \varnothing$
$25 \emptyset$ IF $T=\emptyset$ THEN ON $-(N W>\varnothing)$ GOTO 8ø日：GOTO $2 \emptyset \varnothing$
260 IF $T<=G X$ THEN $29 \varnothing$
$27 \varnothing$ POKE 214，2ø：PRINT
280 PRINT＂THAT WORD IS TOO LONG TO FIT．＂：GOTO $35 \emptyset$
$29 \emptyset$ NW $=$＝＂＂：EF＝$\varnothing:$ FOR $Z=1$ TO $T: K=A S C(M I D \$(W D \$, Z, 1))$
$30 \varnothing$ IF $K<65$ OR（ $K>9 \varnothing$ AND $K<97$ ）OR $K>122$ THEN $E F=-1: Z=T$ ：GOTO 32ø
310 NW $\$=\mathrm{NW} \$+\mathrm{CHR} \$(\mathrm{~K}+32 *(K>96))$
$32 \emptyset$ NEXT $Z$ ：IF NOT EF THEN $36 \emptyset$
330 POKE 214，2ø：PRINT：PRINT＂THAT WORD＂
340 PRINT＂CONTAINS NONALPHABETIC CHARACTERS．＂
$35 \emptyset$ GOSUB 26Ф日：GOSUB 2700：GOTO $2 \varnothing \varnothing$
$36 \varnothing$ IF $N W=\emptyset$ THEN $39 \varnothing$
$37 \emptyset \mathrm{JF}=\emptyset: F O R \quad Z=1$ TO $N W$ ：IF $N W \$=W \$(Z)$ THEN $J F=-1: Z=N W$
380 NEXT Z：IF JF THEN $2 \varnothing \varnothing$
$39 \emptyset \mathrm{MC}=\emptyset: \mathrm{FL}=\emptyset:$ FOR $P=1$ TO LEN（NW\＄）
$400 \mathrm{CL}=\mathrm{ASC}(\mathrm{MIDS}(N W \$, P, 1))-64$ ：IF CUS（CL）$=$＂＇＂THEN $51 \emptyset$
410 FOR CO＝1 TO LEN（CUS（CL））STEP 2
$42 \emptyset \mathrm{CX}=\mathrm{ASC}(\mathrm{MIDS}(\mathrm{CUS}(C L), C 0,1))$
$430 \mathrm{CY}=\mathrm{ASC}(M \operatorname{IDS}(C U S(C L), C O+1,1))$
$44 \varnothing$ FOR $D=\emptyset$ TO 7：CD $=D+4-\operatorname{INT}((D+4) / 8) \star 8$
$45 \emptyset B X=C X+D R(C D, 1) \star(P-1): B Y=C Y+D R(C D, 2) \star(P-1)$
$460 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{BX}: \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{BY}: G O S U B 330 \square$

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479 IF NOT FT THEN $5 \emptyset \emptyset$
$48 \emptyset \mathrm{FL}=-1$ ：IF $\mathrm{NC} \leqslant=\mathrm{MC}$ THEN $5 \emptyset \varnothing$
$490 \quad M C=N C: W X=B X: W Y=B Y: W D=D$
$5 \emptyset$ NEXT D，CO
510 NEXT $P$
52 $\emptyset$ IF FL THEN $X=W X: Y=W Y: D=W D: G O T O 69 \emptyset$

$540 \mathrm{BX}=\mathrm{RND}(1) *(\mathrm{GX}-1)+1: \mathrm{BY}=\mathrm{RND}(1) *(\mathrm{GY}-1)+1$
$550 \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{BX}: \mathrm{Y}=\mathrm{BY}: \mathrm{GOSUB} 33 \emptyset \emptyset:$ IF FT THEN $\mathrm{T}=1 \emptyset \emptyset$
$56 \emptyset$ NEXT T：IF FT THEN $X=B X: Y=B Y: G O T O \quad 69 \emptyset$
57め GOSUB 25めØ：POKE 214，2ø：PRINT
580 PRINT＂I CAN＇T SEEM TO FIT＂
$59 \emptyset$ PRINT NW\＄；＂．＂
69Ø IF NOT SP THEN GOSUB 26øఏ：GOSUB 27ø ：GOTO $2 \emptyset \emptyset$
610 PRINT＂WOULD YOU CARE TO TRY？＂
620 GOSUB 2290：GOSUB 2790：IF K\＄＝＂N＂THEN $2 \emptyset 0$

$64 \varnothing \mathrm{X}=\mathrm{BX}: Y=\mathrm{BY}:$ GOSUB $331 \emptyset$
$65 \emptyset$ IF FT THEN $X=B X: Y=B Y: G O T O \quad 7 \emptyset \emptyset$
$66 \emptyset$ GOSUB 25め日：POKE 214，2の：PRINT
$67 \emptyset$ PRINT＂SORRY，BUT THAT DOESN＇T FIT．＂
$68 \emptyset$ GOSUB 28Ø日：0N－（K\＄＝＂A＂）GOTO 2øØ：GOTO $63 \emptyset$
$69 \emptyset V X=D R(D, 1): V Y=D R(D, 2)$
$79 \varnothing N W=N W+1: W \$(N W)=N W \$: F O R \quad Z=1$ TO LEN（NW\＄）
$710 \operatorname{PS}(X, Y)=\operatorname{MID} \$(N W \$, Z, 1): \operatorname{LP}=\operatorname{ASC}(P \$(X, Y))-64$
$72 \emptyset$ IF LEN（CU\＄（LP））$=254$ THEN CU\＄（LP）$=$ RIGHT\＄（CU\＄（LP）， 25 2）
730 CUS（LP）$=$ CUS（LP）+ CHR\＄$(X)+$ CHR $\$(Y)$
740 IF SP THEN POKE 214，$Y+1$ ：PRINT：PRINT TAB $(X+L M-1)$ ；PS （ $X, Y$ ）
$750 \quad X=X+V X: Y=Y+V Y:$ NEXT $Z$
760 GOSUB 250日：IF NW।WL THEN $2 \emptyset \emptyset$
779 POKE 214，19：PRINT
780 PRINT＂I DON＇T HAVE SPACE FOR ANY MORE WORDS．＂
790 GOSUB 2600
$8 \emptyset \emptyset$ FOR $I=1$ TO GX：FOR J＝1 TO GY
810 IF P\＄（I，J）＝＂＇＂THEN P\＄（I，J）＝CHR\＄（INT（RND（1）＊26）＋65）
820 NEXT J，I
$83 \emptyset Q F=-1: W F=\emptyset: U W=N W: W P=1$
840 GOSUB 2の日ด：PRINT＂WOULD YOU LIKE TO ．．．＂
$85 \emptyset$ PRINT：PRINT：$C=1$ ：IF WF＝$\quad$ THEN $89 \emptyset$
86Ø PRINT M\＄（C）；＂CONTINUE PLAYING WHERE YOU LEFT OFF，＂
$87 \emptyset C=C+1$ ：PRINT MS（C）；＂PLAY AGAIN FROM THE BEGINNING，＂
880 C＝C +1 ：GOTO $9 \emptyset \emptyset$
$89 \emptyset$ PRINT M\＄（C）；＂PLAY YOUR PUZZLE ON－SCREEN，＂$: C=C+1$
$9 \emptyset \emptyset$ PRINT MS（C）；＂PRINT PUZZLE OUT（WITH WORD LIST），＂
$910 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}+1$ ：PRINT M\＄（C）；＂PRINT OUT A WORD LIST，＂
$920 C=C+1$ ：PRINT M\＄（C）；＇LEAVE THIS PUZZLE，OR＂
930 $\mathrm{C}=\mathrm{C}+1$ ：PRINT MS $(\mathrm{C})$ ；＂QUIT？＂
940 GOSUB 21Øø：S＝ASC（K\＄）－48
$95 \emptyset$ IF $S<1$ OR S＞5－（WF＞$)$ THEN $94 \emptyset$
$96 \emptyset$ GOSUB $2 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset:$ IF WF＝$\emptyset$ THEN $99 \emptyset$
$97 \emptyset$ IF $\mathrm{S}=2$ THEN GOSUB $29 \emptyset \emptyset$
$98 \emptyset \mathrm{~S}-+(\mathrm{S}<>1)$
$99 \emptyset$ ON S GOTO 1900，1330，1330，1420，1440
100 GOSUB $2400: P X=1: P Y=1$
1010 POKE 214，18：PRINT
$192 \emptyset$ PRINT＂YOU HAVE YET TO FIND＂；STR\＄（UW）；＂WORD（S）．
$193 \emptyset$ GOSUB 3ØФФ：POKE 214，19：PRINT
$1 \emptyset 4 \emptyset$ PRINT＂WORD \＃＂：GOSUB 31øఏ
$195 \emptyset$ GOSUB 4øఏఏ：IF EF THEN $195 \emptyset$
$106 \emptyset$ IF MF THEN $84 \emptyset$
$197 \emptyset \mathrm{WS} \$={ }^{\prime \prime \prime \prime}: X=B X: Y=B Y$
$1 \emptyset 8 \emptyset T \$=P \$(X, Y)$
$199 \emptyset$ IF LEN $(T \$)=3$ THEN $T \$=M I D \$(T \$, 3)$
1190 WS\＄＝WS\＄＋T\＄
1110 IF $X<>E X$ OR $Y<>E Y$ THEN $X=X+V X: Y=Y+V Y: G O T O 1 \varnothing 8 \emptyset$ $1120 \mathrm{Z}=1$
$113 \emptyset$ IF LEFT $(W \$(Z), 1)=$ RE $\$$ AND $\operatorname{MID} \$(W \$(Z), 2)=W S \$$ THEN 119 0
$114 \emptyset$ IF $W \$(Z)=W S \$$ THEN $122 \emptyset$
$115 \emptyset \mathrm{Z}=\mathrm{Z}+1$ ：IF $\mathrm{Z}<=\mathrm{NW}$ THEN $113 \emptyset$
$116 \emptyset$ GOSUB 27ø日：POKE 214，2Ø：PRINT
1170 PRINT＂SORRY，BUT THAT WORD ISN＇T IN THE LIST．＂ $118 \emptyset$ GOTO 121ø

1190 GOSUB 27め日：POKE 214，20：PRINT
$12 \emptyset$ PRINT＂SORRY，YOU＇VE ALREADY FOUND THAT WORD．＂

$122 \emptyset W \$(Z)=B L \$+W \$(Z): X=B X: Y=B Y:$ PRINT BLS；
$123 \emptyset T \$=P \$(X, Y)$
1240 IF LEN $(T \$)=1$ THEN $P \$(X, Y)=B L \$+T \$$
125 $\emptyset$ POKE 214，$Y+1$ ：PRINT：PRINT TAB $(X+L M-1) ; P \$(X, Y)$
$126 \emptyset$ IF $X<>E X$ OR $Y<>E Y$ THEN $X=X+V X: Y=Y+V Y: G O T O 1230$
$127 \emptyset$ PRINT WH\＄；：WF＝WF＋1：UW＝NW－WF：IF UW＞$\quad$ THEN $1 \emptyset 1 \emptyset$
1280 GOSUB 29め ：POKE 214，18：PRINT：PRINT Z\＄：PRINT Z\＄
$129 \emptyset$ GOSUB 25ø日：POKE 214，20：PRINT
$13 \emptyset 0$ PRINT＂CONGRATULATIONS！＂
$131 \varnothing$ PRINT＂YOU＇VE SOLVED THE PUZZLE．＂
132 GOSUB 26ØØ：GOTO 830
$133 \emptyset$ PRINT＂PRESS ANY KEY WHEN PRINTER IS READY．＂
$134 \emptyset$ GOSUB 21Øఏ：OPEN 4，4：PRINT\＃4：IF S＝3 THEN $139 \emptyset$
$135 \emptyset$ FOR $I=1$ TO GY：FOR $J=1$ TO GX
$136 \emptyset \mathrm{~T} \$=\mathrm{P} \$(\mathrm{~J}, \mathrm{I}): \operatorname{IF} \operatorname{LEN}(T \$)=3$ THEN $\operatorname{TS}=\operatorname{MID} \$(T \$, 3)$
137Ø PRINT\＃4，T\＄；SP\＄；：NEXT J：PRINT\＃4：NEXT I
1389 PRINT\＃4：PRINT\＃4
$139 \emptyset$ FOR $Z=1$ TO NW：T\＄＝W\＄（Z）
$14 \emptyset \emptyset$ IF LEFT\＄（T\＄，1）＝RV\＄THEN T\＄＝MID\＄$(T \$, 3)$
1410 PRINT\＃4，T\＄：NEXT Z：PRINT\＃4：CLOSE 4：GOTO 840
$142 \emptyset$ PRINT＂ARE YOU SURE YOU WANT TO START AGAIN？＂
1430 GOSUB 22ఏの：ON－（K\＄＝＇N＂）GOTO 84め：RUN
$144 \emptyset$ PRINT＂ARE YOU SURE YOU WANT TO QUIT？＂
$145 \emptyset$ GOSUB $22 \emptyset \emptyset$ ：IF K $\$=" N$＂THEN $84 \emptyset$
$146 \emptyset$ PRINT CHR\＄（147）：END
$2 \emptyset \emptyset$ PRINT CHR\＄（147）；TAB（13）；CHR\＄（28）；＂＊WORD SEARCH＊＂
$2 \emptyset 1 \varnothing$ PRINT WHS：RETURN
210 GET K\＄：ON－（K\＄＝＂＂）GOTO 21ø日：RETURN
22øの GOSUB 21ø日：IF K\＄＜＞＂Y＂AND K\＄＜＞＂N＂THEN $22 \emptyset \emptyset$
2210 RETURN
$23 \emptyset \emptyset$ PRINT CHR\＄（144）；TAB（LMM－1）；RV\＄；LEFT\＄（Z\＄，GX＋2）
$231 \emptyset$ FOR $Z=1$ TO GY：PRINT TAB（LM－1）；BK\＄；SPC $(G X) ; B K \$$
$232 \emptyset$ NEXT $Z$ ：PRINT TAB（LM－1）；RVS；LEFT\＄$(Z \$, G X+2)$ ；WH\＄
2330 RETURN
24の GOSUB 23 $\emptyset \emptyset:$ FOR I＝1 TO GY
2410 POKE 214，I＋1：PRINT：PRINT TAB（LM）；
$242 \emptyset$ FOR J＝1 TO GX：TS＝P\＄（J，I）
$243 \emptyset$ IF $T \$="!$ THEN PRINT SP\＄；：GOTO $246 \emptyset$
2440 IF LEN（T\＄）＝1 THEN PRINT T\＄；：GOTO 2460
$245 \emptyset$ PRINT BL\＄；MID\＄（T\＄，3）；WH\＄；
$246 \emptyset$ NEXT J，I：RETURN
25の日 POKE 214，19：PRINT：FOR L＝1 TO 4：PRINT Z\＄
$251 \emptyset$ NEXT L：RETURN
$26 \emptyset 0$ PRINT＂PLEASE PRESS＜RETURN＞TO CONTINUE．＂；
2610 GOSUB 2190：ON－（K\＄く＞RE\＄）GOTO 2619：RETURN
$27 \emptyset \emptyset$ POKE 214，2ø：PRINT
$271 \emptyset$ FOR L＝1 TO 3：PRINT Z\＄：NEXT L：RETURN
2800 PRINT＂$\langle T\rangle=T R Y$ AGAIN $\langle A\rangle=A B A N D O N$ THIS WORD＂
2810 GOSUB 21ø日：IF K\＄＜＞＂A＂AND K\＄＜＞＂T＂THEN $281 \emptyset$
$282 \emptyset$ GOSUB 27め日：RETURN
29Øの FOR I＝1 TO GX：FOR J＝1 TO GY：T\＄＝P\＄（I，J）
291ø IF LEN（T\＄）＝3 THEN P\＄（I，J）＝MID\＄（T\＄，3）
292ø NEXT J，I：FOR Z＝1 TO NW
293Ø IF LEFT\＄（W\＄$(Z), 1)=$ RV\＄THEN $W \$(Z)=\operatorname{MID} \$(W \$(Z), 3)$
2940 NEXT $Z: W F=\emptyset: U W=N W: W P=1:$ RETURN
$3 \emptyset \emptyset$ POKE 214，2の：PRINT：PRINT＂＜SPACE BAR＞＝ANOTHER WORD ＜＂；E\＄；＂＞＝MENU．＂：RETURN
$31 \emptyset \emptyset$ POKE 214，19：PRINT
3110 PRINT TAB（6）；MID\＄（STR\＄（WP），2）；＂：＂；
$312 \emptyset$ IF LEFTS（W\＄（WP），1）＜＞RVS THEN PRINT W\＄（WP）；＂．＂：RET URN
$32 \emptyset 0$ PRINT WL\＄；MIDS（W\＄（WP），2）；＂．＂；WH\＄
3219 RETURN
$33 \emptyset \emptyset V=D R(D, 1): V Y=D R(D, 2)$
$331 \emptyset \mathrm{FT}=-1: \mathrm{NC}=\emptyset$
$332 \emptyset E X=X+V X *(\operatorname{LEN}(N W \$)-1): E Y=Y+V Y *(\operatorname{LEN}(N W \$)-1)$
$333 \emptyset$ IF $X<1$ OR $X>G X$ OR $Y<1$ OR $Y>G Y$ THEN $F T=\emptyset:$ RETURN
$334 \emptyset$ IF EX＜1 OR EX＞GX OR EY＜1 OR EY＞GY THEN FT＝$\emptyset:$ RETUR
N
3350 FOR $Z=1$ TO LEN（NW\＄）
$336 \emptyset T \$=P \$(X, Y):$ IF $T \$=" \prime \prime$ THEN $34 \emptyset \emptyset$
$337 \emptyset$ IF LEN $(T \$)=3$ THEN T $\$=$ MID $\$(T \$, 3)$
$338 \emptyset$ IF T\＄＝MID $\$(N W \$, Z, 1)$ THEN NC＝NC＋1：GOTO $34 \emptyset \emptyset$

339 FT＝$\quad$ ：$Z=$ LEN（NW $\$)$
$34 \emptyset 0 \quad X=X+V X: Y=Y+V Y:$ NEXT $Z:$ RETURN
4Øఏの POKE 214，21：PRINT
$4 \emptyset 1 \emptyset$ PRINT＂PLACE CURSOR AT START，PRESS＜RETURN＞．＂
$4 \emptyset 2 \emptyset$ GOSUB $5 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$ ：IF MF THEN RETURN
$4 \emptyset 3 \emptyset \quad B X=P X: B Y=P Y$
4940 POKE 214，21：PRINT
$4 \emptyset 5 \emptyset$ PRINT＂PLACE CURSOR AT END，PRESS＜RETURN＞．
4ఏ6ఏ GOSUB 5 900 ：IF MF THEN RETURN
$4 \emptyset 7 \emptyset$ EX＝PX：EY＝PY
$4 \emptyset 8 \emptyset V X=E X-B X: V Y=E Y-B Y: A X=A B S(V X): A Y=A B S(V Y)$
$4 \emptyset 9 \emptyset$ IF $V Y=\emptyset$ THEN $S L=\emptyset: G O T O$ 411 $\emptyset$
$41 \emptyset \emptyset S L=V X / V Y$
$411 \emptyset T=(A B S(S L)=\emptyset O R$ ABS $(S L)=1) \quad$ AND $((A X=L E N(N W \$)-1 \quad O R$ $A Y=L E N(N W \$)-1) \quad O R Q F)$
$412 \emptyset$ IF $T$ THEN $V X=S G N(V X): V Y=S G N(V Y): E F=\emptyset:$ RETURN
$413 \emptyset$ GOSUB 27めः：POKE 214，2ø：PRINT
$414 \emptyset$ PRINT＂SORRY，I THINK YOU＇VE MADE A MISTAKE．＂
$415 \emptyset$ GOSUB 28日の：IF QF THEN GOSUB $3 \varnothing \emptyset \emptyset$
$416 \emptyset 0 N-(K \$=" T ")$ GOTO 4の $0 \emptyset: E F=-1:$ RETURN
500 POKE 214，PY＋1：PRINT：PRINT TAB（PX＋LM－1）；BK\＄
$591 \emptyset T \$=P \$(P X, P Y): I F T={ }^{\prime \prime \prime \prime}$ THEN $T \$=S P \$$
$5 \emptyset 2 \emptyset$ POKE 214，PY＋1：PRINT：PRINT TAB（PX＋LM－1）；T\＄；WH\＄
$5 \emptyset 3 \emptyset$ GET K\＄：IF K $\$=$＇＂＇THEN $5 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$
$5 \emptyset 4 \emptyset$ IF $K \$=$ RE $\$$ THEN $M F=\emptyset:$ RETURN
$5 \emptyset 5 \emptyset$ IF NOT QF OR（K\＄＜＞SP\＄AND $K \$<>E \$$ ）THEN $51 \emptyset \emptyset$
$5 \emptyset 6 \emptyset$ IF $K \$=E \$$ THEN $M F=-1:$ RETURN
$5 \emptyset 7 \emptyset W P=W P+1:$ IF $W P>N W$ THEN $W P=1$
$5 \emptyset 8 \emptyset$ POKE 214，19：PRINT：PRINT TAB（6）；LEFT\＄（Z\＄，32）

$5100 \mathrm{~K}=\mathrm{ASC}(\mathrm{K} \$)$ ：IF $\mathrm{K}<>17$ AND $\mathrm{K}<>29$ AND $\mathrm{K}<>145$ AND $\mathrm{K}<>15$ 7 THEN $5 \emptyset \emptyset 2$
$51 \emptyset 5$ IF $K<>17$ AND $K<>29$ AND $K<>145$ AND $K<>157$ THEN $5 \emptyset \emptyset$ $\emptyset$
$5110 \mathrm{PX}=\mathrm{PX}+(\mathrm{K}=157)-(\mathrm{K}=29): P Y=P Y+(\mathrm{K}=145)-(\mathrm{K}=17)$
$512 \emptyset P X=P X+G X *((P X=G X+1)-(P X=\emptyset))$
$513 \emptyset P Y=P Y+G Y \star(\not \subset P Y=G Y+1)-(P Y=\emptyset)): G O T O 5 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$
$6 \emptyset \emptyset \square$ DATA $\emptyset,-1,1,-1,1, \emptyset, 1,1, \emptyset, 1,-1,1,-1, \emptyset,-1,-1$
$7 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $10,1 \emptyset, 20,15,37,15$

```
JCLHOBQKPANEPOJYSYHF
J US MSQ GKMSUBKKKKEIMD F
OUAHLFZWRTZXHXDAZMJQ
RXSSFWLWPFJFAGAISXLV
LNI OYCBQXKCMVBPODYMV
IQPTHIXCFBVXBEMZKMUJ
ISCZHIZUYLTJATFFQRLG
WNAXQMRCGXABVDMJXFRS
BKPMYEODFVZWFWSTYAZQ
RRQDPBBSGTUXSVRZSBNN
BHYCGSSOSOYDEAESKAVG
ODVMTZAINOUZEEWERNRZ
XBCPWVNFHOLPRYOTAUMP
VZAGEAPLLUCBTULIPPSKR
COZSBOLCPVEZLKFKZIFA
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TULIPS
SUN
TREES
FLOWERS
KITES
BREEZY
PARKS
CLOUDS
BLOSSOM
GRASS

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| $.38$ | $\text { . } 3 \text { each }$ |
| :---: | :---: |



## FLIGHT OF THE BUMBLE BEE BY JOEY LATIMIR

It's an unusually warm winter day and you're sunbathing in your backyard. The muscles in your tired body are just beginning to relax when you hear what sounds like a bee . . . A BIG BEE hovering close to your toes! Startled, you cover up and scamper for the door. Entering the house you nearly run into your daughter and her best friend sitting in front of the computer just inside the screen door.
"What are you doing? you quiz the girls. "Oh, we were trying this month's Microtones pro-

gram, Flight of the Bumble Bee! We thought it would be fun!'
musical note: Flight of the Bumble Bee is adapted from "The Flight of the Bumble Bee" by Nicolai Rimsky-Korsakov. This fast-paced song is a real workout for most musicians, but the computer handles it easily.

## Apple II series/Flight of the Bumble Bee

$1 \emptyset$ DIM N(383): HOME: VTAB 10:HTAB 2
$2 \emptyset$ PRINT " $\star-$ THE FLIGHT OF THE BUMBLE BEE $-{ }^{-}$"
$3 \emptyset$ FOR $X=\emptyset$ TO 28:READ D:POKE $768+X, D:$ NEXT $X$
$4 \emptyset$ FOR $X=1$ TO 383: READ $N(X)$ : NEXT $X$
$5 \emptyset$ FOR $X=1$ TO 383: POKE 8,N(X):POKE 6,15:CALL 768
$6 \emptyset$ IF $X=315$ THEN FOR $D=1$ TO 5 $0:$ NEXT $D$
$7 \emptyset$ NEXT $X$ :GOTO $5 \emptyset$
$10 \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $165,8,74,133,10,164,8,173,48,192$
$191 \emptyset$ DATA $136,234,234,2 \emptyset 8,251,165,7,56,229,10$
$1 \emptyset 2 \emptyset$ DATA 19,133,7,176,237,198,6,2ø8,233,96
$2 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $29,31,29,31,33,35,37,40,42,45,47,50,53,57$
2ø1ø DATA $53,57,6 \emptyset, 64,6 \emptyset, 64,68,72,76,81,85,91,96,192$
$2 \emptyset 2 \emptyset$ DATA $198,114,198,114,121,128,96,192,198,114,198$
$2 \emptyset 3 \emptyset$ DATA $114,121,128,96,1 \emptyset 2,1 \emptyset 8,114,121,91,96,1 \emptyset 2,96$
$2 \emptyset 4 \emptyset$ DATA $192,1 \emptyset 8,114,121,114,1 \emptyset 8,192,96,1 \emptyset 2,198,114$
$2 \emptyset 5 \emptyset$ DATA $121,91,96,1 \emptyset 2,96,1 \emptyset 2,1 \emptyset 8,114,121,114,1 \emptyset 8$
$2 \emptyset 6 \emptyset$ DATA $192,96,1 \emptyset 2,1 \emptyset 8,114,1 \emptyset 8,114,121,128,121,114$
$2 \emptyset 7 \emptyset$ DATA $1 \emptyset 8,1 \emptyset 2,96,91,96,1 \emptyset 2,96,1 \emptyset 2,1 \emptyset 8,114,1 \emptyset 8,114$
$2 \emptyset 8 \emptyset$ DATA $121,128,121,114,1 \emptyset 8,192,96,85,81,76,72,76$
$2 \emptyset 9 \emptyset$ DATA $81,85,91,68,72,76,72,76,81,85,91,85,81,76$
21 D DATA $72,76,81,85,91,68,72,76,72,76,81,85,91,85$
2110 DATA $81,76,72,76,81,85,81,85,91,96,91,85,81,76$
$212 \emptyset$ DATA $72,68,72,76,72,76,81,85,81,85,91,96,91,85$
$213 \emptyset$ DATA $81,76,72,68,72,76,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72$
$214 \emptyset$ DATA $68,76,68,76,68,76,68,76,72,72,72,72,72,72$
2150 DATA $72,72,68,76,68,76,68,76,68,76,72,68,72,76$
2160 DATA $72,68,72,76,72,68,72,76,72,68,72,76,72,68$
$217 \emptyset$ DATA $64,6 \emptyset, 57,6 \emptyset, 64,68,72,68,64,6 \emptyset, 57,6 \emptyset, 64,68$
2180 DATA $53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,50,57,50,57,50,57$
$219 \emptyset$ DATA $5 \emptyset, 57,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,50,57,5 \emptyset, 57$
$22 \emptyset$ DATA $5 \emptyset, 57,5 \emptyset, 57,53,5 \emptyset, 53,57,53,5 \emptyset, 53,57,53,5 \emptyset$
2210 DATA $53,57,53,50,53,57,53,5 \emptyset, 47,45,42,45,47,5 \emptyset$
$222 \emptyset$ DATA $53,50,47,45,42,45,47,50,53,57,60,64,68,5 \emptyset$
2230 DATA $53,57,53,57,6 \emptyset, 64,68,64,6 \emptyset, 57,57,60,64,6 \emptyset$
2240 DATA $64,68,72,68,64,60,57,60,57,53,50,47,50,53$
$225 \emptyset$ DATA $57,53,57,6 \emptyset, 64,6 \emptyset, 64,68,72,76,81,85,91,96$
2260 DATA $91,96,1 \emptyset 2,96,91,96,192,96,91,96,192,96,91$
$227 \emptyset$ DATA $96,192,96,91,85,81,76,72,68,64,60,64,60,57$
2280 DATA $53,50,47,45,42,40,37,35,33,31$

## Atari 800/XL/XE/Flight of the Bumble Bee

10 DIM N(383): PRINT CHRS(125): POSITION 2,10:POKE 752,1 $2 \emptyset$ PRINT "*-- THE FLIGHT OF THE BUMBLE BEE --*"
$3 \varnothing$ FOR $X=1$ TO 383: READ $N: N(X)=N$ : NEXT $X$
$4 \varnothing$ FOR $X=1$ TO 383: SOUND $\emptyset, N(X), 1 \emptyset, 15$
$5 \varnothing$ FOR DE=1 TO 3ø:NEXT DE:SOUND $\varnothing, \varnothing, \varnothing, \varnothing$
$6 \emptyset$ IF $X=315$ THEN FOR DE=1 TO $30:$ NEXT DE
7 ( NEXT X:GOTO 4D
$19 \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $29,31,29,31,33,35,37,40,42,45,47,59,53,57$ $1 \emptyset 1 \emptyset$ DATA $53,57,6 \emptyset, 64,69,64,68,72,76,81,85,91,96,192$
$1 \emptyset 2 \emptyset$ DATA $1 \emptyset 8,114,198,114,121,128,96,192,1 \emptyset 8,114,1 \emptyset 8$ $1 \emptyset 3 \emptyset$ DATA $114,121,128,96,192,108,114,121,91,96,1 \emptyset 2,96$ $194 \emptyset$ DATA $192,1 \emptyset 8,114,121,114,198,192,96,192,198,114$ $105 \emptyset$ DATA $121,91,96,192,96,192,198,114,121,114,108$
$196 \emptyset$ DATA $192,96,192,1 \emptyset 8,114,108,114,121,128,121,114$
$1 \emptyset 7 \emptyset$ DATA $198,1 \emptyset 2,96,91,96,192,96,192,108,114,198,114$
$1 \emptyset 8 \emptyset$ DATA $121,128,121,114,1 \emptyset 8,1 \emptyset 2,96,85,81,76,72,76$
$1 \emptyset 9 \emptyset$ DATA $81,85,91,68,72,76,72,76,81,85,91,85,81,76$
$11 \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $72,76,81,85,91,68,72,76,72,76,81,85,91,85$ 1110 DATA $81,76,72,76,81,85,81,85,91,96,91,85,81,76$ $112 \emptyset$ DATA $72,68,72,76,72,76,81,85,81,85,91,96,91,85$ 1130 DATA $81,76,72,68,72,76,72,72,72,72,72,72,72,72$ $114 \emptyset$ DATA $68,76,68,76,68,76,68,76,72,72,72,72,72,72$ $115 \emptyset$ DATA $72,72,68,76,68,76,68,76,68,76,72,68,72,76$ $116 \emptyset$ DATA $72,68,72,76,72,68,72,76,72,68,72,76,72,68$ $117 \emptyset$ DATA $64,6 \emptyset, 57,6 \emptyset ; 64,68,72,68,64,6 \emptyset, 57,60,64,68$ $118 \emptyset$ DATA $53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,50,57,50,57,50,57$ 1190 DATA $50,57,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,53,50,57,50,57$ $12 \emptyset$ DATA $5 \emptyset, 57,5 \emptyset, 57,53,5 \emptyset, 53,57,53,5 \emptyset, 53,57,53,5 \emptyset$ $121 \emptyset$ DATA $53,57,53,5 \emptyset, 53,57,53,5 \emptyset, 47,45,42,45,47,5 \emptyset$ $122 \emptyset$ DATA $53,5 \emptyset, 47,45,42,45,47,5 \emptyset, 53,57,6 \emptyset, 64,68,5 \emptyset$ $123 \emptyset$ DATA $53,57,53,57,6 \emptyset, 64,68,64,6 \emptyset, 57,57,6 \emptyset, 64,6 \emptyset$ 1240 DATA $64,68,72,68,64,60,57,60,57,53,50,47,50,53$ $125 \emptyset$ DATA $57,53,57,60,64,60,64,68,72,76,81,85,91,96$ 1260 DATA $91,96,192,96,91,96,192,96,91,96,192,96,91$ $127 \emptyset$ DATA $96,1 \emptyset 2,96,91,85,81,76,72,68,64,69,64,60,57$ 1280 DATA $53,50,47,45,42,49,37,35,33,31$

## Commodore 64 \& 128 (C 64 mode)/Flight of the Bumble Bee

$1 \emptyset$ DIM $H(383)$, L(383): $S=54272$ :FOR $X=\emptyset$ TO 23:POKE $S+X, \emptyset$ 2ø NEXT $X$ :POKE $S+5,68$ :POKE $S+6,68$ :POKE $S+24,15$
$3 \emptyset$ PRINT CHR\$(147); CHR\$(158):POKE 53281, : POKE 5328 9,7 40 POKE 214,19:PRINT
$5 \emptyset$ PRINT TAB (2); " $\star-$ THE FLIGHT OF THE BUMBLE BEE $-\boldsymbol{n}^{*}$ " $6 \emptyset$ FOR $X=1$ TO 383: READ $H(X), L(X)$ :NEXT $X$
79 FOR $X=1$ TO 383: POKE $S+4,33$ : POKE $S, L(X)$
$8 \emptyset$ POKE $S+1, H(X)$ :FOR DE=1 TO 36 : NEXT DE:POKE $S+4,32$
$9 \emptyset$ IF $X=315$ THEN FOR DE=1 TO 5ø: NEXT DE
$1 \emptyset \emptyset$ NEXT $X: G O T O 7 \emptyset$
$1 \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $67,15,63,75,67,15,63,75,59,199,56,99,53,57$ $1 \emptyset 1 \emptyset$ DATA $5 \emptyset, 6 \emptyset, 47,197,44,193,42,62,39,223,37,162,35$ $1 \emptyset 2 \emptyset$ DATA $134,37,162,35,134,33,135,31,165,33,135,31$ $103 \emptyset$ DATA $165,29,223,28,49,26,156,25,30,23,181,22,96$ 1040 DATA $21,31,19,239,18,299,17,195,18,209,17,195,16$ 1050 DATA $195,15,210,21,31,19,239,18,2 \emptyset 9,17,195,18,2 \emptyset 9$ $196 \emptyset$ DATA $17,195,16,195,15,210,21,31,19,239,18,299,17$ $197 \emptyset$ DATA $195,16,195,22,96,21,31,19,239,21,31,19,239$ $198 \emptyset$ DATA $18,299,17,195,16,195,17,195,18,299,19,239,21$ $199 \emptyset$ DATA $31,19,239,18,299,17,195,16,195,22,96,21,31$ $11 \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $19,239,21,31,19,239,18,2 \emptyset 9,17,195,16,195,17$ 1110 DATA $195,18,299,19,239,21,31,19,239,18,299,17,195$ $112 \emptyset$ DATA $18,2 \emptyset 9,17,195,16,195,15,210,16,195,17,195,18$ 1130 DATA $299,19,239,21,31,22,96,21,31,19,239,21,31,19$ 1140 DATA $239,18,209,17,195,18,299,17,195,16,195,15$ $115 \emptyset$ DATA $219,16,195,17,195,18,299,19,239,21,31,23,181$ $116 \emptyset$ DATA $25,39,26,156,28,49,26,156,25,30,23,181,22,96$ 1179 DATA $29,223,28,49,26,156,28,49,26,156,25,39,23$ 1189 DATA $181,22,96,23,181,25,39,26,156,28,49,26,156$ 1190 DATA $25,30,23,181,22,96,29,223,28,49,26,156,28,49$ $12 \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $26,156,25,39,23,181,22,96,23,181,25,30,26$ 1210 DATA $156,28,49,26,156,25,39,23,181,25,30,23,181$ $122 \emptyset$ DATA $22,96,21,31,22,96,23,181,25,30,26,156,28,49$ 1230 DATA $29,223,28,49,26,156,28,49,26,156,25,30,23$ 1240 DATA $181,25,30,23,181,22,96,21,31,22,96,23,181,25$ $125 \emptyset$ DATA $3 \emptyset, 26,156,28,49,29,223,28,49,26,156,28,49,28$ 1269 DATA $49,28,49,28,49,28,49,28,49,28,49,28,49,29$ 1279 DATA $223,26,156,29,223,26,156,29,223,26,156,29$ 1280 DATA $223,26,156,28,49,28,49,28,49,28,49,28,49,28$ 1290 DATA $49,28,49,28,49,29,223,26,156,29,223,26,156$ $130 \emptyset$ DATA $29,223,26,156,29,223,26,156,28,49,29,223,28$
$131 \emptyset$ DATA $49,26,156,28,49,29,223,28,49,26,156,28,49,29$ $132 \emptyset$ DATA $223,28,49,26,156,28,49,29,223,28,49,26,156$ $133 \emptyset$ DATA $28,49,29,223,31,165,33,135,35,134,33,135,31$ 1340 DATA $165,29,223,28,49,29,223,31,165,33,135,35,134$ $135 \emptyset$ DATA $33,135,31,165,29,223,37,162,37,162,37,162,37$ $136 \emptyset$ DATA $162,37,162,37,162,37,162,37,162,39,223,35$ $137 \emptyset$ DATA $134,39,223,35,134,39,223,35,134,39,223,35$ $138 \emptyset$ DATA $134,37,162,37,162,37,162,37,162,37,162,37$ $139 \emptyset$ DATA $162,37,162,37,162,39,223,35,134,39,223,35$ 1400 DATA $134,39,223,35,134,39,223,35,134,37,162,39$ $141 \emptyset$ DATA $223,37,162,35,134,37,162,39,223,37,162,35$ $142 \emptyset$ DATA $134,37,162,39,223,37,162,35,134,37,162,39$ 1439 DATA $223,37,162,35,134,37,162,39,223,42,62,44,193$ 1440 DATA $47,1 \emptyset 7,44,193,42,62,39,223,37,162,39,223,42$ $145 \emptyset$ DATA $62,44,193,47,1 \emptyset 7,44,193,42,62,39,223,37,162$ $146 \emptyset$ DATA $35,134,33,135,31,165,29,223,39,223,37,162,35$ $147 \otimes$ DATA $134,37,162,35,134,33,135,31,165,29,223,31$ 1480 DATA $165,33,135,35,134,35,134,33,135,31,165,33$ 1490 DATA $135,31,165,29,223,28,49,29,223,31,165,33,135$ $15 \emptyset$ DATA $35,134,33,135,35,134,37,162,39,223,42,62,39$ $151 \varnothing$ DATA $223,37,162,35,134,37,162,35,134,33,135,31$ $152 \emptyset$ DATA $165,33,135,31,165,29,223,28,49,26,156,25,30$ 1530 DATA $23,181,22,96,21,31,22,96,21,31,19,239,21,31$ 1540 DATA $22,96,21,31,19,239,21,31,22,96,21,31,19,239$ 1550 DATA $21,31,22,96,21,31,19,239,21,31,22,96,23,181$ $156 \emptyset$ DATA $25,30,26,156,28,49,29,223,31,165,33,135,31$ 1579 DATA $165,33,135,35,134,37,162,39,223,42,62,44,193$ $158 \emptyset$ DATA $47,107,59,60,53,57,56,99,59,199,63,75$

## IBM PC \& comparibles/Flight of the Bumble Bee

10 DIM A\$(25):CLS:KEY OFF:LOCATE 10,2
$2 \emptyset$ PRINT " $\star$-- THE FLIGHT OF THE BUMBLE BEE --*
30 FOR $X=1$ TO 25: READ AS $(X)$ : NEXT $X$
40 FOR $X=1$ TO 25: PLAY AS $(X)$ : NEXT X:GOTO $4 \varnothing$
1000 DATA T155L1603>C<B>C<BA\#AG\#GF\#F
1010 DATA ED\#DC\#DC\#C<B>C<BB-AG\#GF\#F
$1 \not 22$ DATA ED\#DC\#DC\#C<B>ED\#DC\#DC\#C<B
1 1030 DATA >ED\#DC\#CFED\#ED\#DC\#CC\#DD\#
1949 DATA ED\#DC\#CFED\#ED\#DC\#CC\#DD\#
1 105 $\emptyset$ DATA ED\#DC\#DC\#C $<B>C C \# D D \# E F E D \#$
1969 DATA ED\#DC\#DC\#C<B>CC\#DD\#EF\#GG\#
$1 \varnothing 7 \varnothing$ DATA AG\#GF\#FB-AG\#AG\#GF\#FF\#GG\#
1080 DATA AG\#GF\#FB-AG\#AG\#GF\#FF\#GG\#
199 DATA AG\#GF\#GF\#FEFF\#GG\#AB-AG\#
110. DATA AG\#GF\#GF\#FEFF\#GG\#AB-AG\#

111 DATA AAAAAAAAB-G\#B-G\#B-G\#B-G\#
$112 \emptyset$ DATA AAAAAAAAB-G\#B-G\#B-G\#B-G\#
$113 \varnothing$ DATA AB-AG\#AB-AG\#AB-AG\#AB-AG\#
1140 DATA $A A \# B>C C \# C<B B-A A \# B>C C \# C<B B-$
1150 DATA >DDDDDDDDE-C\#E-C\#E-C\#E-C\#
1160 DATA DDDDDDDDE-C\#E-C\#E-C\#E-C\#
$117 \varnothing$ DATA DE-DC\#DE-DC\#DE-DCHDE-DC\#
1180 DATA DE-EFF\#FEE-DE-EFF\#FEE-
$119 \varnothing$ DATA DC\#C<BB->E-DC\#DC\#C<BB-B>CC\#
$12 \emptyset 1$ DATA $D C \# C<B B->E-D C \# D C \# C<B B-B>C C \#$
$121 \varnothing$ DATA $P 16 C \# C<B>C<B B-A B-B>C C \# C C \# D D \#$
$122 \varnothing$ DATA ED\#DC\#DC\#C<B>C<BB-AG\#GF\#F
$123 \varnothing$ DATA EFED\#EFED\#EFED\#EFED\#
1240 DATA EFF\#GG\#AB-B>C<B>CC\#DD\#EF
1250 DATA EFF\#GG\#AB-B>C<B>CC\#DD\#EF,F\#GG\#AB-B

## Macinfosh/Flight of the Bumble Bee

DEFINT W:DIM N(384), WAV(256)
WINDOW 1,"MICROTONES", $(0,38)-(527,338)$ LOCATE 8,15
PRINT "*-- THE FLIGHT OF THE BUMBLE BEE --*"
FOR $X=-128$ TO 127: WAV $(X+129)=x$ : NEXT $X$ :WAVE $\emptyset$, WAV
FOR $X=1$ TO 384: READ $N(X)$ : NEXT $X$
SOUNDLOOP:
FOR $X=1$ TO 384: SOUND $N(X) / 2,1.3, \varnothing \varnothing$
SOUND $\emptyset, .3, \varnothing$ : NEXT $X$ : GOTO SOUNDLOOP DATA $1047,988,1047,988,932,880,831,784,740,698,659$ DATA $622,587,554,587,554,523,494,523,494,466,440$ DATA $415,392,370,349,330,311,294,277,294,277,262$

DATA $247,330,311,294,277,294,277,262,247,330,311$ DATA $294,277,262,349,330,311,330,311,294,277,262$ DATA 277,294,311,330,311,294,277,262,349,330,311 DATA $330,311,294,277,262,277,294,311,330,311,294$ DATA $277,294,277,262,247,262,277,294,311,336,349$ DATA $330,311,330,311,294,277,294,277,262,247,262$ DATA $277,294,311,33 \varnothing, 370,392,415,44 \varnothing, 415,392,37 \varnothing$ DATA $349,466,440,415,440,415,392,37 \emptyset, 349,379,392$ DATA $415,440,415,392,37 \varnothing, 349,466,44 \varnothing, 415,440,415$ DATA $392,370,349,37 \varnothing, 392,415,440,415,392,370,392$ DATA $37 \varnothing, 349,330,349,37 \varnothing, 392,415,440,466,440,415$ DATA $440,415,392,37 \emptyset, 392,379,349,330,349,37 \emptyset, 392$ DATA $415,44 \phi, 466,44 \phi, 415,44 \phi, 44 \phi, 44 \phi, 44 \phi, 44 \phi, 44 \theta$ DATA $440,440,466,415,466,415,466,415,466,415,440$ DATA $440,44 \varnothing, 440,44 \phi, 440,44 \theta, 440,466,415,466,415$ DATA $466,415,466,415,440,466,440,415,440,466,440$ DATA $415,44 \varnothing, 466,44 \varnothing, 415,44 \varnothing, 466,44 \phi, 415,44 \phi, 466$ DATA $494,523,554,523,494,466,440,466,494,523,554$ DATA $523,494,466,587,587,587,587,587,587,587,587$ DATA $622,554,622,554,622,554,622,554,587,587,587$ DATA $587,587,587,587,587,622,554,622,554,622,554$ DATA $622,554,587,622,587,554,587,622,587,554,587$ DATA $622,587,554,587,622,587,554,587,622,659,698$ DATA $740,698,659,622,587,622,659,698,740,698,659$ DATA $622,587,554,523,494,466,622,587,554,587,554$ DATA $523,494,466,494,523,554,0,554,523,494$ DATA $523,494,466,440,466,494,523,554,523,554,587$ DATA $622,659,622,587,554,587,554,523,494,523,494$ DATA $466,440,415,392,370,349,330,349,330,311,330$ DATA $349,330,311,330,349,330,311,330,349,330,311$ DATA $330,349,37 \emptyset, 392,415,449,466,494,523,494,523$ DATA $554,587,622,659,698,749,784,831,880,932,988$

## Tandy Color Computer/Flight of the Bumble Bee

19 DIM N(383):CLS
$2 \varnothing$ PRINTQ193,"-THE FLIGHT OF THE BUMBLE BEE-"
$3 \varnothing$ FOR $X=1$ TO 383: READ $N(X)$ : NEXT $X$
40 FOR $X=1$ TO 383: SOUND $N(X), 1$
50 IF $x=315$ THEN FOR DE=1 TO 50 : NEXT DE
$6 \emptyset$ FOR DE=1 TO $1 \varnothing$ : NEXT DE: NEXT X:GOTO $4 \varnothing$
1 1פФ DATA $239,238,239,238,237,236,234,232,231,229,227$ $191 \emptyset$ DATA $225,223,221,223,221,218,216,218,216,213,21 \varnothing$ $1 \emptyset 2 \emptyset$ DATA $297,2 \emptyset 4,2 \emptyset 6,197,193,189,185,180,185,189,176$ $193 \emptyset$ DATA $179,193,189,185,189,185,189,176,179,193,189$ $1 \emptyset 40$ DATA $185,180,176,197,193,189,193,189,185,180,176$ 1050 DATA $189,185,189,193,189,185,186,176,197,193,189$ $1 \emptyset 6 \emptyset$ DATA $193,189,185,180,176,189,185,189,193,189,185$ $1 \emptyset 7 \emptyset$ DATA $189,185,18 \emptyset 1176,17 \emptyset, 176,189,185,189,193,197$ $1 \emptyset 8 \emptyset$ DATA $193,189,193,189,185,180,185,180,176,179,176$ 1990 DATA $189,185,189,193,2 \emptyset 6,2 \varnothing 4,2 \emptyset 7,219,297,2 \emptyset 7,2 \emptyset \varnothing$ $11 \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $197,213,21 \varnothing, 2 \emptyset 7,21 \emptyset, 2 \emptyset 7,2 \emptyset 4,2 \emptyset 6,197,2 \emptyset 6,2 \emptyset 4$ $111 \emptyset$ DATA $2 \emptyset 7,210,297,294,296,197,213,210,297,210,297$ $112 \emptyset$ DATA 294,2ø日,197,200,204,207,210,2ø7,204,200,204 1139 DATA $2 \emptyset 9,197,193,197,2 \emptyset 6,2 \emptyset 4,2 \emptyset 7,210,213,210,2 \emptyset 7$
 $115 \emptyset$ DATA $297,210,213,210,207,210,210,210,210,210,210$ 1160 DATA $21 \emptyset, 210,213,2 \emptyset 7,213,2 \emptyset 7,213,2 \emptyset 7,213,2 \phi 7,21 \varnothing$ 1170 DATA $210,210,210,210,21 \emptyset, 210,210,213,207,213,2 \emptyset 7$ 1180 DATA $213,2 \emptyset 7,213,297,210,213,210,2 \emptyset 7,210,213,21 \emptyset$ 1190 DATA $207,210,213,210,2 \emptyset 7,210,213,210,207,210,213$ 120 DATA $216,218,221,218,216,213,210,213,216,218,221$ 1219 DATA $218,216,213,223,223,223,223,223,223,223,223$ 1229 DATA $225,221,225,221,225,221,225,221,223,223,223$ 1230 DATA $223,223,223,223,223,225,221,225,221,225,221$ 1240 DATA $225,221,223,225,223,221,223,225,223,221,223$ $125 \emptyset$ DATA $225,223,221,223,225,223,221,223,225,227,229$ 1260 DATA $231,229,227,225,223,225,227,229,231,229,227$ $127 \emptyset$ DATA $225,223,221,218,216,213,225,223,221,223,221$ 1280 DATA $218,216,213,216,218,221,221,218,216,218,216$ 1290 DATA $213,210,213,216,218,221,218,221,223,225,227$ $13 \emptyset \emptyset$ DATA $225,223,221,223,221,218,216,218,216,213,219$ $131 \varnothing$ DATA $2 ø 7,294,200,197,193,197,193,189,193,197,193$ $132 \varnothing$ DATA $189,193,197,193,189,193,197,193,189,193,197$ 1330 DATA $290,204,297,210,213,216,218,216,218,221,223$ 1340 DATA $225,227,229,231,232,234,236,237,238$

Typing BASIC programs from FAMILY \& HOME-OFFICE COMputing is a great way to learn about programming and get some free software to boot! But it's frustrating to type in a long program, only to find it doesn't work as it should. If you're new to typing in programs, here are some tips to help make your first experiences rewarding ones.

## BEFORE TYPING IN A PROGRAM

1. Check to see if it will run on your computer under a version of BASIC you have available. Also check to see if special hardware-a disk drive, joysticks, or a printer, for example-is required. Unless the program heading indicates otherwise, you can assume that a program will run under any standard version of BASIC on any standard hardware configuration of your machine. Note the following for future reference:

- A program coverage chart and a list of the exact systems we test on appear in The Programmer.
- "Apple II series" programs will run under Applesoft BASIC on the Apple II plus (w/language card), IIe, and IIc. Programs requiring a disk drive will work equally well under DOS 3.3 or ProDOS.
- IBM compatibility of BASIC programs is determined by both the hardware and the version of BASIC used. Our programs for IBM PC and compatibles are composed on IBM PC and PCjrs, and are tested under most versions of BASIC available for these machines. They are then tested on a variety of IBM-compatible machines under the versions of BASIC supplied with them.

2. If you have a disk drive, prepare ("format" or "initialize") a disk so you can save the program once you're finished typing. Your DOS (Disk Operating System) manual or disk-drive manual will tell you how.
3. Get your version of BASIC fired up and ready. Read the introductory chapters of your BASIC manual for instructions.

## WHILE TYPING, KEEP IN MIND THAT . . .

1. BASIC programs consist of "lines," each beginning with a line number (Macintosh BASIC "lines" don't need line numbers), containing letters, numbers, and punctuation marks of various kinds. Each "line" may be composed of several "statements"-instructions that tell the computer to perform various actions-and may continue over several physical lines on the page and/or on your screen.
When typing in a BASIC program, forget considerations of format and get the content of what you type to match the content of what you see on the printed page. Regardless of how margins may break up a program "line," it hasn't ended until you reach another line number or the end of the program listing. Begin typing with the line number, then continue on, typing every letter, number, space, and punctuation mark in the order it appears, ignoring margins. Where the "line" ends, there will usually be some trailing spaces (which you don't have to type in), followed by the next line number at the left margin of the listing. At this point, all you have to do is press the RETURN or ENTER key to register the "line" in memory, then continue with the next "line."
2. All marks in a program listing-including every letter,
number, space, and punctuation mark-mean something to your computer. Moreover, even symbols that look very similar to you mean completely different things to the machine. For example, it is important to distinguish between " 1 " (number one) and " 1 " (small letter "L"), or "O" (capital letter "O") and "0" (digit zero). Note that zeros are slashed in listings to facilitate discrimination.

It's important, therefore, to duplicate every line exactly when typing. Otherwise you can't expect the program to work as it should, or even work at all. Even uppercase versus lowercase is important on certain computers; the words "PRINT" and "print" may mean different things.
3. Each computer has its own commands and keys for program "editing," and your user's manual will tell you how to use them. Besides the editing keys, there are two sure-fire ways of correcting errors in a BASIC program line. If you're just typing along and make a mistake, press the backspace-delete key (the back-arrow key on most systems) to rub out the offending character, and then continue typing. Once you've pressed RETURN or ENTER to register the line, mistakes are a little harder to fix. You must use the editing keys or type the line in again from the beginning (including the line number) and press RETURN or ENTER. The new line will replace the old one with the same line number in your computer's memory. This option is a little more work, but foolproof.

## AFTER YOU'VIE FINISHED . . .

1. Just type RUN and press RETURN or ENTER. If you've typed everything correctly, the program should work as described.
2. Of course, it almost never does, not even for seasoned programmers. Typing in a program and having it run off the bat qualifies as a small miracle. Usually there are one or more mistakes, major or minor, that have slipped past your careful scrutiny and are causing your computer to do unexpected things. Not to worry. Now comes what some people consider the most enjoyable part of the programming process: a procedure called "debugging"finding and eliminating your mistakes. To review portions of your program on the computer screen, use the LIST command as explained in your BASIC manual. If you have a printer, you might find it more convenient to print out what you've typed (check your manual for the appropriate command). Look over each section of the program carefully, preferably with someone else's help. Make sure you haven't dropped a line or a character, miscounted spaces between a pair of quotes, mistaken a comma for a period, mixed up an "O" and a zero, or (most likely) all of the above. When you find a mistake, retype the offending line from the original listing, including the line number, and press RETURN or ENTER as explained above.

Naturally, mistakes tend to occur more frequently in certain areas of a program than in others. Complicated equations are easy to foul up by dropping or mismatching parentheses or math symbols. Data statements-program lines beginning with the usual number, followed by the word DATA-are another popular trouble spot. Check them carefully. And, of course, remember to SAVE a copy of the corrected program when you're finished.

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